



ABOUT THE ASIAN CITRUS PSYLLID



Asian citrus psyllids are small — no more than 1/8th of an inch long — brown, winged insects that feed on citrus tree leaves and stems.

Look for small, brown pests that feed on citrus leaves with their body at a 45-degree angle.



Young psyllids, called nymphs, produce a white, waxy substance.

Inspect new flush — the smallest, tender new leaves sprouting on your citrus tree — for the psyllid. This is a favorite spot for the pest to feed and lay eggs.



Citrus Pest & Disease
Prevention Program

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ABOUT

HUANGLONGBING (HLB)



Huanglongbing is a serious plant disease that is fatal to citrus trees and has no cure. Infected trees may have premature and excessive fruit drop.

HLB causes blotchy, uneven yellowing in citrus tree leaves.



Citrus fruit from trees infected with HLB will be bitter and inedible, may not fully ripen, will be misshapen and lose their symmetrical appearance.

Raised, thickened or corky veins on citrus tree leaves are other symptoms of HLB.



Inspect trees for symptoms whenever watering, spraying, pruning or tending trees.



Report pest or disease symptoms to the free statewide hotline: **800.491.1899.**

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