

City of Hawthorne, California

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Prepared by the Hawthorne Finance Department

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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Transmittal Letter

December 20, 2018

Honorable Mayor, City Council and Citizens of the City of Hawthorne:

It is a pleasure to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Hawthorne for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The financial statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards by an independent auditing firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Hawthorne for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

While traditionally addressed to the governing legislative body of the City, this report is also intended to provide relevant financial information to the citizens of the City of Hawthorne, City staff, creditors, investors and other concerned readers. We encourage all readers to contact the Finance Department with any questions or comments concerning this report.

Purpose and Management Responsibility – The report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Hawthorne. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Hawthorne has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to both protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Hawthorne's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the City of Hawthorne.

The City is responsible for the completeness and fairness of the information presented in this report. To provide a basis for making these representations, management of the City has established an internal control system that consist of defined responsibility, authority and procedures.

Audited Financial Statements – Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP ("RAMS"), a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the City of Hawthorne's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Hawthorne for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are presented fairly in all material respects. After a thorough evaluation of the City's internal controls and all required financial documents, the independent auditors rendered an unmodified ("clean") opinion that the City of Hawthorne's financial statements contained herewith are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the Financial Section of this report.

Organization of Report – GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Hawthorne's MD&A can be found in the Financial Section, immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

City of Hawthorne Profile

The City of Hawthorne was incorporated in 1922 and encompasses 6 square miles. The City is located in the South Bay region of Los Angeles County. It is 17 miles east of downtown Los Angeles and 5 miles east of Los Angeles International Airport (LAX). Neighboring communities include Gardena, Lawndale, and Redondo Beach.

The City of Hawthorne is a California General Law city that operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The City Council, which consists of five members, is elected at large and each serves a term of four years. The City Council serves as the legislative and policy-making body of the City and as the Successor Agency to the former Hawthorne Redevelopment Agency, enacting all ordinances and operating resolutions, adopting of the annual budget, appointing commissions and committees, and hiring the City Manager. The City Manager serves as chief executive officer and is responsible for implementing the policies, ordinances and directives of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing, with City Council concurrence, department directors. The City Attorney and Chief of Police are also appointed directly by the Council.

Every two years, two members of the City Council are elected at large to serve four-year terms. Annually the Council meets and elects from its membership, a Mayor Pro Tem to serve a singleyear term. The Mayor serves as the presiding officer of the City Council.

City Services – The City provides a wide range of services, including police protection, public works, storm drainage, planning and development, park and landscape maintenance, code enforcement, building inspection, and administration. Fire protection and Library services are provided by Los Angeles County. Many recreation programs for all age groups and services for the mature adult population are provided year round. The City provides for trash collection services through a contracted third party.

Budgetary Policy and Control – The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Hawthorne's financial planning and control. The City Council adopts a budget recommended by the City Manager. The budget is prepared by department, fund and program. After adoption, the City Council may modify appropriations at any time with majority approval. Changes in appropriations at the fund level during the year must be submitted by the City Manager to the City Council for review and approval, and must be accompanied by appropriate fiscal impact analysis. The level of expenditures is controlled at the fund level. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted appropriations within the control accounts, including capital projects, provided no change is made to the total amount provided for any one fund.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Information presented in the City's financial statements is best understood within the context of our broader economic conditions. The national economy has grown more resilient since the economic decline that began in 2008. Based on the most recent estimates from the Bureau of Economic Analysis, real GDP was 3.5% at the end of the third quarter of 2018. Moderate growth in real disposable income is expected in the coming years, which may result in consumers increasing household spending. Unemployment continues to decline from the high of 10% during the Great Recession. In October 2018, the national unemployment rate was reported at 3.7% per the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The decrease in unemployment is partially due to more workers born during the baby boom generation beginning to retire.

Concerns about the weak global economy and uncertainty at home regarding national politics, Federal Reserve actions and fiscal policy have plagued uneasiness about the recovery every year. The Federal Reserve decided to raise interest rates again in 2018, citing that "the U.S. economy is in good health, and that the Fed is trying to strike a balance between allowing the current expansion to continue and ensuring that inflation remains under control."

LOCAL ECONOMY

According to the February 2018 Economic Forecast and Industry Outlook prepared by the Los Angeles County Economic Development Corporation, "California has enjoyed remarkable diverse economy and is a global leader in a number of innovative industries, including information technology, aerospace, entertainment and the biosciences. In 2017, California's economy grew at an estimated rate of 2.5%, faster than the nation as a whole which grew at 2.4%. California currently accounts for 14.1% of the nation's GDP, far more than any other state, and is expected to expand by 2.7% in 2018 and 2.6% in 2019, again outpacing the nation.

In 2017, California's unemployment rate averaged 4.8%, the lowest since 2000. It is also expected to decline slowly over the next two years, reaching 4.2% in 2019 as we reach full employment. Over the course of 2017, nearly all major industry sectors in California added jobs. The largest private sector gains occurred in health care and social assistance (62,300 jobs added); leisure and hospitality (47,100 jobs added); and construction (41,100 jobs added). The public sector added 46,400 new jobs last year.

The average unemployment rate in Los Angeles County was estimated at 4.6%, down 0.3% from 4.9% a year ago, according to the latest available data by State of California Employment Development Department.

The City of Hawthorne is comprised of a majority of single-family homes, condominiums and apartments as well as a mixture of retail, office, industrial, and service entities providing a solid tax base for the City. Most businesses are oriented toward serving local residents and visitors. This local business environment and the availability of amenities in the community make Hawthorne a desirable community in which to work and live.

Hawthorne's General Fund revenues for the 2017-2018 fiscal year increased 16% compared with the prior fiscal year. The City's major revenue sources are property taxes, sales taxes, and licenses/fees. The City also receives revenue through the State of California, including gasoline taxes, which are apportioned by the State based upon population, and property taxes in-lieu of motor vehicle license fees, which are apportioned similarly to property taxes. Revenue projections for FY 2017-18 were based on conservative estimates to account for modest economic growth.

One of the City's single largest revenues is sales tax. The City experienced steady growth in sales tax revenues each year since 2012. Increasing sales tax revenues may not be sustainable as more consumers purchase goods and services through online sources. General Retail represents 35% and New Auto sales represent 17% of Hawthorne's sales tax revenues.

On the expense side, total General Fund expenditures increased by 6% in fiscal year 2017-2018 from the prior fiscal year. Total expenses for the City totaled \$67.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2018. Programs and services have been maintained at prior year levels and service levels kept constant, except for City Council approved new projects and programs. Pressures to the cost of providing these programs and services include, but are not limited to, increased labor costs, unfunded state and federal mandates (i.e., increasing minimum wages and part time benefits, storm water runoff permit fees etc.) and increasing pension costs.

Financial Planning

Each year the City engages in two comprehensive processes of financial planning and review. The first occurs as part of the City Council/Successor Agency Board's review of the City Manager's proposed budget in June prior to the commencement of the fiscal year beginning July 1st. The second is the mid-year review that analyzes the operating results for the first half of the fiscal year. The mid-year review offers analyses of the City's financial position, with particular emphasis on the General Fund. The focal point of both reviews is the City's five-year General Fund revenue and expenditure projection. In this light, financial planning assumes a longer-range perspective.

Financial Policies

The City Council adopted a comprehensive list of Financial Policies annually. The Fiscal and Budgetary Policies address a wide range of fiscal management issues, budgetary control, treasury management, reserve ratios, infrastructure, financing methods and employee compensation. The entire Fiscal and Budgetary policy is included in the adopted budget for Fiscal Year 2017-2018.

Cash Management

The City manages a pooled investment program for all funds in which temporarily idle cash is invested in a variety of instruments. The investment program is managed in accordance with the Investment Policy approved by the City Council. Safety, liquidity, and yield, in that order, are the objectives of the investment program. Investments are diversified among investment tools that include certificates of deposit, Federal agency securities and the State of California's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). Quarterly reports on investment status and activity are presented to the City Council.

Risk Management

In 2006, the City became an originating member of the Independent Cities Risk Management Authority (ICRMA), a joint powers authority of 18 California cities, for the purpose of pooling the City of Hawthorne's risk for general liability and workers' compensation losses with those of other member cities. The City maintains self-insurance programs for worker's compensation and general liability insurance up to a maximum of \$500,000 and \$250,000 per occurrence, respectively. General liability claims that exceed the self-insured retention (SIR) are covered by ICRMA up to a maximum of \$30,000,000 per incident. Worker's compensation claims that exceed the (SIR) are insured by the California Public Entity Insurance Authority up to the California statutory limits for worker's compensation. The City contracts with third party administrators who manages the majority of claims filed against the City.

Major Initiatives

The City of Hawthorne City Council and the City's senior management team have dedicated significant attention and resources in formation of a Strategic Plan that is currently being prepared. Guiding the City's efforts are five individual goals that are being developed, they are: Enhance economic development with community involvement, maintain and improve the City's infrastructure and facilities, maintain financial stability, enhance services to support the evolving community in a changing environment and enhance internal and external communication.

Award and Acknowledgments

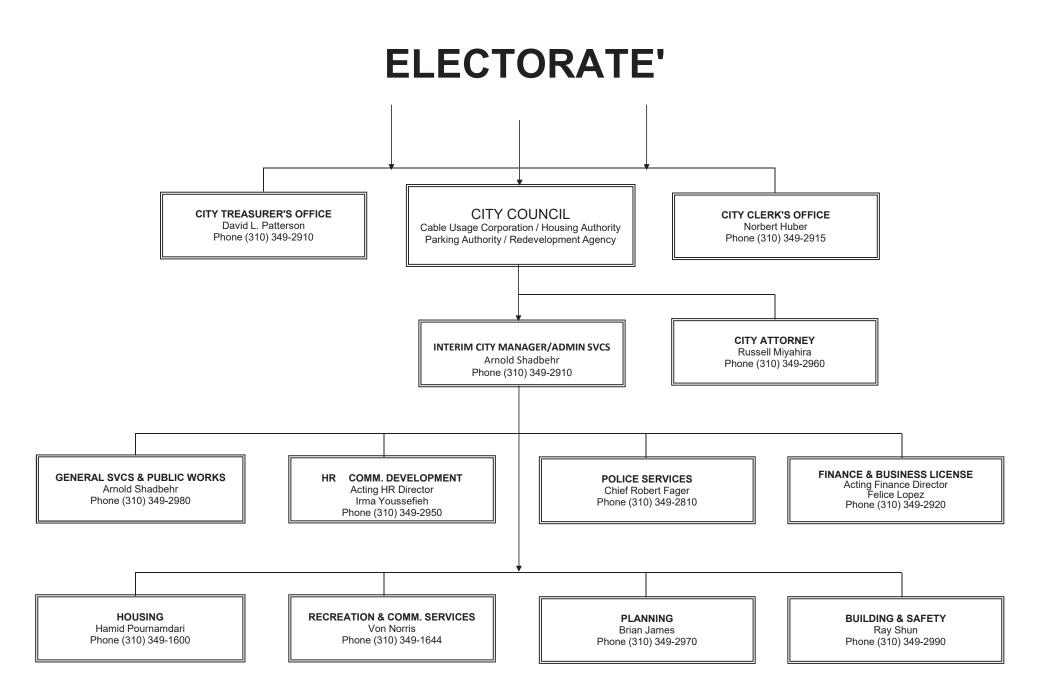
The City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was prepared through the combined efforts of City staff. Special recognition is due the Finance Department. The department coordinated the closing of the books for the fiscal year, ensuring timely and accurate reporting. We would also like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

Lastly, a special thank you goes to the Mayor, City Council and City Manager for their support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Hawthorne's finances. Through continued partnership with the community that we serve, the City of Hawthorne will continue to be a leader in effective municipal governance and maintain its high quality of life.

Respectfully submitted,

Felice Lopez

Acting Finance Director



CITY OF HAWTHORNE LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

City Council

Mayor Pro Mayor Tem Councilmember Councilmember Councilmember Alex Vargas Haidar Awad Angie Reyes English Nilo Michelin Olivia Valentine

Administration

City Manager City Treasurer City Attorney City Clerk Arnold Shadbehr David Patterson Russell Miyahira Norb Huber

Department Heads

Building & Safety Director Acting Finance Director Housing & Section 8 Director Acting Human Resources Director Chief of Police Public Works Director Recreation and Community Services Manager Planning Director Ray Shun Felice Lopez Hamid Pournamdari Irma Youssefieh Robert Fager Arnold Shadbehr Vontray (Von) Norris Brian James



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Hawthorne California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO

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ROGERS, ANDERSON, MALODY & SCOTT, LLP CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, SINCE 1948

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Governmental Audit Quality Center

Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center

California Society of Certified Public Accountants The Honorable City Council of the City of Hawthorne Hawthorne, California

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hawthorne, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hawthorne, California, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1, the City adopted provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pension*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as noted in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Hawthorne's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the nonmajor fund budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2018 on our consideration of the City of Hawthorne's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Hawthorne's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rogens, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP.

San Bernardino, California December 20, 2018

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

As management of the City of Hawthorne, we offer readers of the City of Hawthornes' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Hawthorne for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, and the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At June 30, 2018, the City's net deficit (assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) was \$(63.0) million. Of this amount, \$(198.2) million is unrestricted.
- The City of Hawthorne total net position decreased from the prior fiscal year 2016-2017 by \$81,394,626 primarily due to the restatement of net position as a result of the City's implementation of GASB 75 for other postemployment benefits. The total restatement due to this change in accounting principle was (\$84,130,827). Additional information on City of Hawthorne's other postemployment benefit liability can be found in Note 9 on pages 76-80 of this report.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Hawthorne governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$46,395,068, an increase of \$12,560,581 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 54.2% of this amount (\$25,116,351) is unassigned fund balance.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the *committed, assigned,* and *unassigned* components of *fund balance*) for the General Fund was \$26,066,029 or approximately 38.7% of total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (CAFR)

The City is required to present its financial statement in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The discussion and analysis provided here is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Hawthorne basic financial statements. The City of Hawthorne basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Hawthorne finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the City of Hawthorne assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Hawthorne is improving or declining.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City of Hawthorne net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless* of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, with the use of the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Hawthorne that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Hawthorne include general government, community development, public safety, highways, streets, and parks, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Hawthorne include the City's Airport and Sewer and Storm Drain.

The basic financial statements include the City (Primary government) and all legally separate entities (component units) for which the government is financially accountable. The City's component units consist of the following: The Housing Authority of the City of Hawthorne, The Parking Authority of the City of Hawthorne, and the Hawthorne Public Financing Authority. These component units have been included in the basic financial statements as an integral part of the primary government using the blended method.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18-20 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Hawthorne, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Hawthorne can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a governments near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental* activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City of Hawthorne near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The major governmental funds include the General Fund, the Housing Asset Fund, the HOME Grant Fund, and the Hawthorne Housing Authority Fund, which are reported in detail in the governmental Fund Financial Statements. All other funds are shown in the aggregate as other non-major funds. Individual fund data for other non-major governmental fund is provided in the form of supplementary information elsewhere in the report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-26 of this report.

Proprietary Funds - The City of Hawthorne maintains two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Airport and Sewer and Storm Drain operations. Internal service funds are an accounting mechanism used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its Risk Management and Vehicles & Equipment Replacement. Because these services benefit both the governmental and the business-type activities, they have been allocated between governmental and business-type activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. The enterprise funds and internal service funds are each combined into a single aggregated presentation by fund type in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the enterprise funds and internal service funds is provided in the form of supplementary information elsewhere in the report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-29 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Trust funds use the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds also use the accrual basis of accounting, but, since they are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations, they do not use a measurement focus. The fiduciary funds also include the Successor Agency to the Dissolved Hawthorne Redevelopment Agency in addition to agency funds. The Successor Agency is presented as a Private Purpose Trust Fund in this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30-31 of this report.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 32-90 of this report.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning budgetary comparison schedules, the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the related schedule of contributions.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 91-104 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE OVERALL FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The government-wide financial statements provide information about the City's overall financial picture from the perspective of all the City's governmental and business-type funds combined together. This form of financial reporting is intended to provide a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities. The government-wide financial statements provide long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial condition. This analysis addresses the financial statements of the City as a whole.

Statement of Net Position – Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial condition. In the case of the City of Hawthorne, liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by \$63.0 million at June 30, 2018. Approximately \$114.7 million of the City of Hawthorne's net position reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City of Hawthorne uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Hawthorne's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City of Hawthorne's net position, \$20.5 million represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is a deficit in *unrestricted net position* of, \$(198.2) million, is for unrestricted uses in accordance with finance-related legal requirements. This deficit reflects liabilities which exceeds assets on hand and is related to implementation of GASB 68 regarding Pension Plan reporting, GASB 75 regarding OPEB liability reporting, and long-term liabilities such as obligations for claims and judgments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

At the end of the 2018 fiscal year, the City of Hawthorne is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position for the government as a whole except for unrestricted net position.

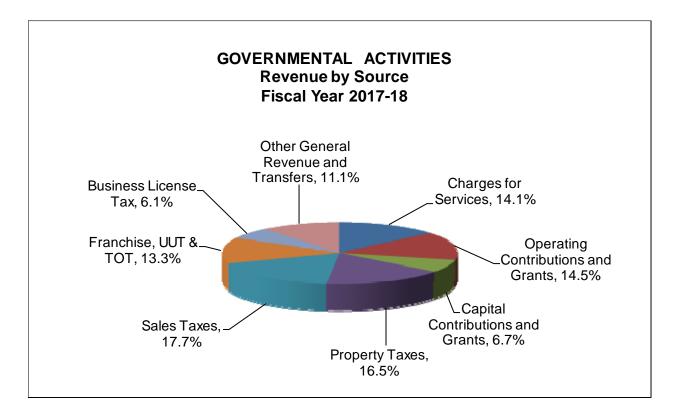
	Govern Activ			ss-Type vities	Total		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 53,449,625 126,202,470	\$ 42,609,112 126,431,065	\$ 2,723,381 9,657,296	\$ 3,162,673 10,034,549	\$ 56,173,006 135,859,766	\$ 45,771,785 136,465,614	
Total assets	179,652,095	169,040,177	12,380,677	13,197,222	192,032,772	182,237,399	
Deferred outflows of resources	31,132,716	21,629,856	871,556	824,036	32,004,272	22,453,892	
Long-term debt Other liabilities	262,952,059 4,582,266	175,188,497 2,757,813	2,592,303 97,515	2,273,371 197,102	265,544,362 4,679,781	177,461,868 2,954,915	
Total Liabilities	267,534,325	177,946,310	2,689,818	2,470,473	270,224,143	180,416,783	
Deferred inflows of resources	16,749,259	5,820,227	41,214	37,227	16,790,473	5,857,454	
Net position Net investment in							
capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	105,088,517 20,489,870 (199,077,160)	104,119,442 17,681,869 (114,897,815)	9,657,296 - 863,905	10,034,549 - 1,479,009	114,745,813 20,489,870 (198,213,255)	114,153,991 17,681,869 (113,418,806)	
Total net position	\$ (73,498,773)	\$ 6,903,496	\$ 10,521,201	\$ 11,513,558	\$ (62,977,572)	\$ 18,417,054	

Governmental Activities. The City's net position from governmental activities totaled (\$73.5) million. The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$100.8 million. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that the taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was only \$67.5 million because some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$14.7 million), or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with operating and capital grants and contributions (\$22.1 million). Overall, the City's governmental program revenues were \$36.8 million. The City paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with \$55.9 million in taxes (some of which could only be used for certain programs) and with \$11.6 million of other revenues, such as interest earnings and general entitlements.

The most significant governmental expense for the City was in providing for public safety, which incurred expenses of \$54.4 million.

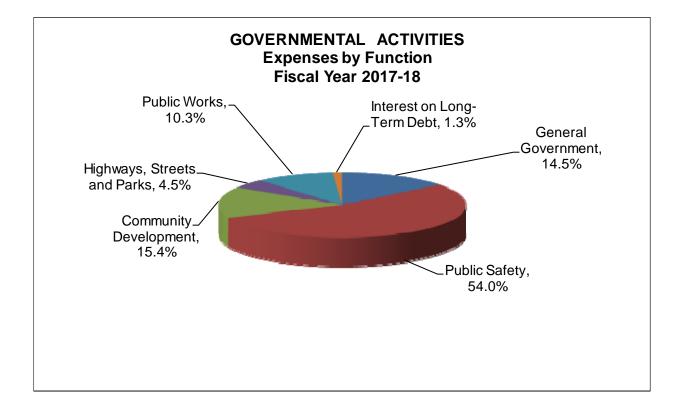
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 2018	Percent of Total	(Increase Decrease) From 2017	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Revenue Source					
Charges for services	\$ 14,661,669	14.1%	\$	(2,584,829)	-17.6%
Operating contributions and grants	15,129,105	14.5%		1,120,656	7.4%
Capital contributions and grants	6,971,470	6.7%		(880,577)	-12.6%
Property taxes	17,212,040	16.5%		211,812	1.2%
Sales taxes	18,498,130	17.7%		1,641,521	8.9%
Transient occupancy taxes	5,412,476	5.2%		212,365	3.9%
Franchise taxes	1,765,717	1.7%		41,152	2.3%
Business License taxes	6,314,957	6.1%		698,975	11.1%
Utility Users tax	6,726,815	6.4%		112,942	1.7%
Other	 11,608,306	11.1%		9,918,503	85.4%
Total revenue	\$ 104,300,685	100.0%	\$	10,492,520	10.1%



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 2018	Percent of Total	(Increase Decrease) From 2017	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Function					
General government	\$ 14,701,855	14.5%	\$	3,607,635	24.5%
Public safety	54,381,340	54.0%		(251,663)	-0.5%
Community development	15,498,320	15.4%		2,649,295	17.1%
Parks and recreation	4,521,785	4.5%		694,353	15.4%
Public works	10,335,197	10.3%		(1,715,992)	-16.6%
Interest on long-term debt	1,348,742	1.3%		430,705	31.9%
Total expenses	\$ 100,787,239	100.0%	\$	5,414,333	5.4%



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Business-type Activities. Revenues of the City's business-type activities were \$2.6 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. Expenses for the City's business-type activities were \$3.6 million for the year, resulting in a net decrease in net position of \$1.0 million. The net revenues are the result of several factors, including the following;

The City's Airport recorded total revenue of \$1.0 million. Expenses for the City's Airport were \$1.2 million, resulting in a net deficit of \$221 thousand. The most significant expenses of the Airport are \$790 thousand for administration and general and \$323 thousand in depreciation.

The City's Sewer Maintenance services recorded charges for service of \$1.5 million, while expenses totaled \$2.3 million, resulting in a net deficit of \$813 thousand. The most significant expenses of the Sewer Fund are \$2.1 million for administration and general and \$101 thousand for contractual services.

The decrease in net position from business-type activities was primarily due to increased expenses from sewer maintenance services.

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total			
		2018		2017	 2018		2017		2018		2017
Revenues								_			
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	14,661,669	\$	17,246,498	\$ 2,407,275	\$	2,258,236	\$	17,068,944	\$	19,504,734
Operating contributions and											
grants		15,129,105		14,008,449	161,611		99,118		15,290,716		14,107,567
Capital contributions and grants		6,971,470		7,852,047	-		-		6,971,470		7,852,047
General revenues:											
Property taxes		17,212,040		17,000,228	-		-		17,212,040		17,000,228
Sales taxes		18,498,130		16,856,609	-		-		18,498,130		16,856,609
Transient occupancy taxes		5,412,476		5,200,111	-		-		5,412,476		5,200,111
Franchise taxes		1,765,717		1,724,565	-		-		1,765,717		1,724,565
Business License taxes		6,314,957		5,615,982	-		-		6,314,957		5,615,982
Utility Users tax		6,726,815		6,613,873	-		-		6,726,815		6,613,873
Other		11,608,306		1,689,803	 12,195		5,874		11,620,501		1,695,677
Total Revenues		104,300,685		93,808,165	 2,581,081		2,363,228		106,881,766		96,171,393
Expenses											
General government		14,701,855		11,094,220	-		-		14,701,855		11,094,220
Public safety		54,381,340		54,633,003	-		-		54,381,340		54,633,003
Community development		15,498,320		12,849,025	-		-		15,498,320		12,849,025
Parks and recreation		4,521,785		3,827,432	-		-		4,521,785		3,827,432
Public works		10,335,197		12,051,189	-		-		10,335,197		12,051,189
Interest on long-term debt		1,348,742		918,037					1,348,742		918,037
Airport		-		-	1,230,891		1,131,440		1,230,891		1,131,440
Sewer and storm drain		-		-	 2,342,547		933,015		2,342,547		933,015
Total Expenses		100,787,239		95,372,906	 3,573,438		2,064,455		104,360,677		97,437,361
Change in Net Position		3,513,446		(1,564,741)	(992,357)		298,773		2,521,089		(1,265,968)
Net Position, Beginning, as Restated		(77,012,219)		8,468,237	 11,513,558		11,214,785		(65,498,661)		19,683,022
Net Position, Ending	\$	(73,498,773)	\$	6,903,496	\$ 10,521,201	\$	11,513,558	\$	(62,977,572)	\$	18,417,054

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City of Hawthorne uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds.

The focus of the City of Hawthorne's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Hawthorne financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City of Hawthorne itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City of Hawthorne's Council.

At June 30, 2018, the City of Hawthorne governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$46.4 million, an increase of \$12.6 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 54.1% of this amount (\$25.1 million) constitutes unassigned fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable or restricted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Major Funds

The **General Fund** is the chief operating fund of the City of Hawthorne. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$26.1 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 38.7% of the total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 38.8% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Hawthorne General Fund increased by \$9.4 million during the current fiscal year. As discussed earlier in connection with governmental activities, the increase resulted from revenues received was more than projected, and was also due to transfers out to non-major funds for the debt service on the 1997 COP bonds, the loan to build the police facility, and the 2007 SBRPCA bonds.

The **Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund** accounts for assets used for low and moderate income housing activities in accordance with the applicable housing-related regulations. This fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$5.7 million.

The **HOME Grant Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for HOME Fund grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development. These funds are to be used predominantly to aid low & moderate income residents with their housing needs. This fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$273 thousand.

The **Hawthorne Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for the housing assistance programs for the qualified low-income residents. This fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$201 thousand.

Proprietary Funds.

The City of Hawthorne proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Airport Fund accounts for the operation of the City's airport, which is operated in a manner similar to a private airport. At the end of the year, the net position amounted to \$7.3 million. The total net income or (loss) for the Airport Fund was (\$209) thousand.

Sewer and Storm Drain Fund accounts for the operation of the City's sewer services. At the end of the year, the net position amounted to \$3.1 million. The total net income or (loss) for the Sewer and Storm Drain Fund was (\$813) thousand.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year the City's adopted General Fund revenue and expenditure budgets were amended. The amendments included adjustments for claims paid and salaries and benefits as a result of a reduction in budgeted positions. These amendments to original budgeted appropriations were authorized by City Council during the mid-year review. Ending fund balance in the General Fund was slightly more than projected which is related to stronger economy and receipt of one time revenues.

	Estimated Revenues	Actual Revenues	Difference
Taxes	\$ 51,803,855	\$ 58,314,518	\$ 6,510,663
Licenses and permits	1,700,000	2,600,073	900,073
Intergovernmental	1,897,798	1,787,132	(110,666)
Charges for services	2,379,766	2,111,417	(268,349)
Fines and forfeitures	2,730,000	2,784,593	54,593
Use of money and property	-	32,285	32,285
Contributions	450,000	450,021	21
Miscellaneous	 8,833,000	9,688,303	855,303
	\$ 69,794,419	\$ 77,768,342	

	Appropriated			Actual	
	E	xpenditures Expenditures			Difference
General government	\$	9,698,477	\$	10,104,277	\$ (405,800)
Public safety		48,093,107		47,997,479	95,628
Community development		2,498,270		2,389,150	109,120
Parks and recreation		3,779,007		3,743,089	35,918
Public works		2,913,496		2,622,217	291,279
Capital outlay		352,876		506,783	(153,907)
	\$	67,335,233	\$	67,362,995	

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. Capital assets including infrastructure of the City are those assets that are used in the performance of the City's functions. At June 30, 2018, net capital assets totaled \$126.2 million for governmental activities and \$9.7 million for business-type activities, net of accumulated depreciation on capital assets, which is recognized in the Government-wide Financial Statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

This investment in capital includes land, building, improvements other than buildings, infrastructure (Intersection Widening project, Marine Avenue Street improvement and Infiltration System project. etc.) and machinery and equipment (Police vehicle replacement and purchase of Dump Truck etc.). The total decrease in the City's investment in capital asset for Fiscal Year 2017-2018 was \$600 thousand compared to prior year.

In the current fiscal year, land totaling \$2.8 million was sold to a third-party developer.

	Governmental Activities							Total				
	2018		2017		2018		2017		2018			2017
Land Buildings and Improvements	\$	6,966,028 26,268,752	\$	9,745,120 27,709,649	\$	37,314 1,188,862	\$	37,314 1,243,296	\$	7,003,342 27,457,614	\$	9,782,434 28,952,945
Furniture and Equipment Infrastructure		3,612,807 80,436,643		3,138,670 77,934,399		- 8.431.120		- 8.753.939		3,612,807 88,867,763		3,138,670 86,688,338
Investment in Joint Venture (RCC)		4,712,281		3,728,032		- 0,431,120		6,755,959 -		4,712,281		3,728,032
Construction in progress		4,205,959		4,175,195		-		-		4,205,959		4,175,195
Total	\$	126,202,470	\$	126,431,065	\$	9,657,296	\$	10,034,549	\$	135,859,766	\$	136,465,614

Additional information on the City of Hawthorne's capital assets can be found in Note 3 on pages 50-52 of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$34.8 million. The remainder of the City of Hawthorne's long-term obligations comprises lease payable, loan payable, compensated absences, OPEB, pension-related debt, and claims and judgments.

City of Hawthorne' Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities			Internal Service Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total				
	2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018			2017
Long-Term Debt:																
Bond	\$	34,808,717	\$	36,973,323	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,808,717	\$	36,973,323
Lease payable		378,119		482,893		-		-		-		-		378,119		482,893
Loan payable		2,493,585		2,856,328		-		-		-		-		2,493,585		2,856,328
Total	\$	37,680,421	\$	40,312,544	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,680,421	\$	40,312,544
Operational Liabilities: Compensated absences OPEB Net Pension Liability Claims and Judgment payable Total	\$	3,911,417 105,728,000 109,772,004 - 219,411,421	\$	4,109,519 115,015,000 96,787,064 - 215,911,583	\$	23,891 - 2,372,570 3,463,756 5,860,217	;	27,537 - 2,189,120 3,591,540 5,808,197	\$	69,331 - 2,522,972 - 2,592,303		76,880 - 196,491 - 273,371		4,004,639 105,728,000 114,667,546 <u>3,463,756</u> 227,863,941	\$	4,213,936 115,015,000 101,172,675 3,591,540 223,993,151

The City of Hawthorne's total debt increased by \$868 thousand during the current fiscal year, primarily due to the increase in net pension liability during the year.

Additional information on the City of Hawthorne' long-term debt can be found in Note 5, on pages 55-61 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

From a big picture/national economic perspective, the US Economy is expected to grow steadily over the next 2 years. In the case of the City of Hawthorne, slow and steady growth is projected at this point. Maintaining a conservative outlook, particularly with respect to revenues was the continued focus. The City's largest General Fund revenue source, Sales Tax, grew by 8.9% (\$1,641,521) in FY 2018 compared to FY 2017.

According to the February 2018 Economic Forecast and Industry Outlook prepared by the Los Angeles County Economic Development Corporation, "California has enjoyed remarkable diverse economy and is a global leader in a number of innovative industries, including information technology, aerospace, entertainment and the biosciences. In 2017, California's economy grew at an estimated rate of 2.5%, faster than the nation as a whole which grew at 2.4%. California currently accounts for 14.1% of the nation's GDP, far more than any other state, and is expected to expand by 2.7% in 2018 and 2.6% in 2019, again outpacing the nation.

In 2017, California's unemployment rate averaged 4.6%, the lowest since 2000. It is also expected to decline slowly over the next two years, reaching 4.3% in 2019 as we reach full employment. Over the course of 2017, nearly all major industry sectors in California added jobs. The largest private sector gains occurred in health care and social assistance (62,300 jobs added); leisure and hospitality (47,100 jobs added); and construction (41,100 jobs added). The public sector added 46,400 new jobs last year.

The average unemployment rate in Los Angeles County was estimated at 4.6%, down 0.3% from 4.9% a year ago. It is also expected to decline slowly over the next 2 years.

In developing the budget for fiscal year 2017-18, the first priority was to build on City Council's direction to reduce general fund expenditures and seek opportunities for new revenues. On that note, the City was successful in attracting new business such as Urth Caffe, Ring, StorQuest Self Storage, and Chanje Electric Vans to name a few. In order to continue to retain and attract business, the City must strive to maintain a business friendly attitude.

The NFL's approval to grant the relocation of the Rams and the Chargers to the City of Los Angeles (Inglewood) and plans to build a new stadium in the City of Inglewood for both teams, brings the potential for revenue growth for the City of Hawthorne, in the form of additional Sales Tax and Transient Occupancy Tax.

The City of Hawthorne's financial outlook remains positive. The recommended fiscal year 2018-2019 budget is balanced and in compliance with the City Council's amended General Fund Reserve Policy and the recently adopted Fiscal Management Policy. The City continues to operate efficiently and effectively, all while continuing to provide outstanding services for the community.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Hawthorne's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 4455 West 126th Street, Hawthorne, California, 90250.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	Total
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 41,335,890) \$ 2,813,999	\$ 44,149,889
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	1,402,265	5 -	1,402,265
Receivables:			
Accounts	8,285,118	3 219,382	8,504,500
Taxes	320,878		320,878
Interest	31,365		31,365
Internal balances	310,000		,
Due from successor agency	1,700,366		1,700,366
Inventories	63,743		63,743
Capital assets, not being depreciated	11,171,987		11,209,301
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	115,030,483		124,650,465
Total assets	179,652,095		192,032,772
	170,002,000	12,000,011	102,002,112
Deferred outflows of resources			
Unamortized loss on defeasance of debt	498,957	-	498,957
Pension related	27,827,759	871,556	28,699,315
OPEB related	2,806,000		2,806,000
Total deferred outflows of resources	31,132,716		32,004,272
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	2,227,822	2 51,036	2,278,858
Accrued liabilities	868,160		887,497
Accrued interest	515,462		515,462
Unearned revenue	29,352		36,286
Deposits payable	69,312		89,520
Due to other governments	872,158		872,158
Noncurrent liabilities:	072,130	-	072,150
	4,011,259	13,866	4,025,125
Due within one year			
Due in more than one year	258,940,800		261,519,237
Total liabilities	267,534,325	2,689,818	270,224,143
Deferred inflows of resources			
Pension related	5,245,259	9 41,214	5,286,473
OPEB related	11,504,000		11,504,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,749,259		16,790,473
Net position	105,088,517	9,657,296	111 715 010
Net investment in capital assets	105,066,517	9,007,290	114,745,813
Restricted for:	0 770 747		0 770 747
Public works	6,772,717		6,772,717
Public safety	539,905		539,905
Capital improvements	4,974,337		4,974,337
Debt service	1,785,449		1,785,449
Community development	6,417,462		6,417,462
Unrestricted	(199,077,160	0) 863,905	(198,213,255)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (73,498,773	3) \$ 10,521,201	\$ (62,977,572)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -18-

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		;				
		Charges	Operating	Capital Grants and Contributions		
		for	Grants and			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions			
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 14,701,855	\$ 6,195,983	\$ 4,807,993	\$-		
Public safety	54,381,340	4,242,804	1,430,381	-		
Community development	15,498,320	2,148,045	6,333,791	4,712,516		
Parks and recreation	4,521,785	709,246	-	-		
Public works	10,335,197	1,365,591	2,556,940	2,258,954		
Interest on long-term debt	1,348,742					
Total governmental activities	100,787,239	14,661,669	15,129,105	6,971,470		
Business-type activities:						
Airport	1,230,891	848,115	161,611	-		
Sewer and storm drain	2,342,547	1,529,185	-	-		
Storm water	-	29,975				
Total business-type activities	3,573,438	2,407,275	161,611			
Total Primary Government	\$ 104,360,677	\$ 17,068,944	\$ 15,290,716	\$ 6,971,470		

General revenues:

Taxes: Property taxes Sales taxes Transient occupancy taxes Franchise taxes Business license taxes Utility users tax Miscellaneous revenue Use of money and property

Total general revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning, as restated Net Position (Deficit) - Ending

(continued)

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position									
_	.									
G	Governmental	Βι	isiness-Type							
	Activities		Activities		Total					
\$	(3,697,879)	\$	-	\$	(3,697,879)					
	(48,708,155)		-		(48,708,155)					
	(2,303,968)		-		(2,303,968)					
	(3,812,539)		-		(3,812,539)					
	(4,153,712)		-		(4,153,712)					
	(1,348,742)		-	1	(1,348,742)					
	(64,024,995)		_		(64,024,995)					
	(01,021,000)				(01,021,000)					
	-		(221,165)		(221,165)					
	-		(813,362)		(813,362)					
	-		29,975		29,975					
			(1.004.550)		(1 004 550)					
	-		(1,004,552)		(1,004,552)					
	(64,024,995)		(1,004,552)		(65,029,547)					
	· · · ·		· · ·		· · · ·					
	17,212,040		_		17,212,040					
	18,498,130		-		18,498,130					
	5,412,476		-		5,412,476					
	1,765,717		-		1,765,717					
	6,314,957		-		6,314,957					
	6,726,815		-		6,726,815					
	11,507,607		12,195		11,519,802					
	100,699		-		100,699					
	67,538,441		12,195		67,550,636					
	3,513,446		(992,357)		2,521,089					
	(77,012,219)		11,513,558		(65,498,661)					
\$	(73,498,773)	\$	10,521,201	\$	(62,977,572)					
_										

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

			Special Rev	venue Funds				
			Housing		HOME			
	(General	Asset		Grant			
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$1	8,843,249	\$ 5,715,002	\$	278,265			
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-	-		-			
Receivables:								
Accounts		6,944,045	2,509		875,355			
Taxes		299,711	-		-			
Interest		17,302	3,084		-			
Due from successor agency		-	1,700,366		-			
Due from other funds		1,605,446	-		-			
Advances to other funds		-	-		-			
Inventories		49,432	 -		-			
Total assets	\$ 2	7,759,185	\$ 7,420,961	\$	1,153,620			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Deposits payable Due to other governments Due to other funds Advances from other funds Total liabilities	\$	846,556 757,168 15,000 25,000 - - - - 1,643,724	\$ 7,701 14,742 - 26,415 - - - - - - 48,858	\$	7,622 419 - 872,158 - - 880,199			
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue		-	 1,700,366		-			
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned	2	49,432 - 6,066,029	- 5,671,737 -		- 273,421 -			
Total fund balances	2	6,115,461	 5,671,737		273,421			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 2	7,759,185	\$ 7,420,961	\$	1,153,620			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -21-

(continued)

Spec	cial Revenue Fund		Nonmajor		Total			
Н	lawthorne	Go	overnmental	Governmental				
Hous	sing Authority		Funds		Funds			
\$	510,688	\$	14,828,661	\$	40,175,865			
	-		1,402,265		1,402,265			
	1,876		453,653		8,277,438			
	-		21,167		320,878			
	-		10,979		31,365			
	-		-		1,700,366			
	-		-		1,605,446			
	60,955		117,854		178,809			
	-		-		49,432			
\$	573,519	\$	16,834,579	\$	53,741,864			
\$	5,774	\$	1,143,639	\$	2,011,292			
Ŧ	63,225	Ŧ	32,606	Ŧ	868,160			
	14,352		-		29,352			
	-		17,897		69,312			
	-		-		872,158			
	289,431		1,316,015		1,605,446			
	-		79,239		79,239			
	372,782		2,589,396		5,534,959			
			111,471		1,811,837			
	_		_		49,432			
	200,737		15,083,390		21,229,285			
	-		(949,678)		25,116,351			
	200,737		14,133,712		46,395,068			
	,		, ,		, ,			

\$ 573,519 \$ 16,834,579 \$ 53,741,864

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -22-

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 46,395,068
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources of the governmental funds. This amount excludes capital assets reported in the internal service funds.		124,770,159
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions have not been reported in the governmental funds. These amounts exclude pension related deferred outflow and inflows reported in the internal service funds. Pension related deferred outflows of resources Pension related deferred inflows of resources	\$ 26,981,188 (5,186,012)	
Other post-employment benefits related deferred inflows of resources Other post-employment benefits related deferred outflows of resources	(5,186,913) (11,504,000) 2,806,000	13,096,275
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds payable Compensated absences Net pension liability Other post-employment benefits obligation Capital lease payable Loan payable - West Basin	(34,808,717) (3,911,417) (109,772,004) (105,728,000) (378,119) (28,585)	
Section 108 loan payable	(2,465,000)	(257,091,842)
Governmental funds report the effect of gains or losses on debt refundings when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		400.057
Unamortized loss on defeasance of debt Unavailable revenues are not available to pay for current expenditures,		498,957
therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds but are recognized as revenues in the statement of activities		1,811,837
Accrued interest payable for the interest due on long-term debt has not been reported in the governmental funds.		(515,462)
Internal service funds are used to charge the cost of activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		(2,463,765)
Net position (deficit) of governmental activities		\$ (73,498,773)

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			enue Funds
	Conorol	Housing	HOME
Revenues	General	Asset	Grant
Taxes	\$ 58,314,518	\$ 2,712,832	\$-
Licenses and permits	2,600,073	-	-
Intergovernmental	1,787,132	-	640,043
Charges for services	2,111,417	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	2,784,593	-	-
Use of money and property	32,285	285,635	145,298
Contributions	450,021	-	-
Miscellaneous	9,688,303	50	
Total revenues	77,768,342	2,998,517	785,341
Expenditures Current:			
General government	10,104,277	-	-
Public safety	47,997,479	-	-
Public works	2,622,217	-	-
Community development	2,389,150	296,336	759,886
Parks and recreation	3,743,089	-	-
Capital outlay	506,783	-	-
Debt service:			
Principal payment	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	
Total expenditures	67,362,995	296,336	759,886
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	10,405,347	2,702,181	25,455
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	-	-	-
Transfers out	(959,100)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(959,100)		
Net Changes in Fund Balances	9,446,247	2,702,181	25,455
Fund Balances, Beginning	16,669,214	2,969,556	247,966
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 26,115,461	\$ 5,671,737	\$ 273,421

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

(continued)

Special Revenue Fund	Nonmajor	Total					
Hawthorne	Governmental	Governmental					
Housing Authority	Funds	Funds					
\$ -	\$ 2,927,209	\$ 63,954,559					
-	783,997	3,384,070					
9,450,470	9,405,644	21,283,289					
-	204,414	2,315,831					
-	316,747	3,101,340					
65	117,402	580,685					
-	448,091	898,112					
28,153	2,719,029	12,435,535					
9,478,688	16,922,533	107,953,421					
-	26,110	10,130,387					
-	1,376,625	49,374,104					
-	9,163,840	11,786,057					
9,801,771	1,355,998	14,603,141					
-	-	3,743,089					
-	1,676,833	2,183,616					
<u>_</u>	2,365,154	2,365,154					
-	1,207,292	1,207,292					
9,801,771	17,171,852	95,392,840					
(323,083)	(249,319)	12,560,581					
-	2,759,100	2,759,100					
-	(1,800,000)	(2,759,100)					
	959,100						
(323,083)	709,781	12,560,581					
523,820	13,423,931	33,834,487					
\$ 200,737	\$ 14,133,712	\$ 46,395,068					

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 12,560,581
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period: Capital asset expenditures, net of deletions of capital assets \$3,987,545 Depreciation expense, net of deletions of capital assets (4,454,823)	(467,278)
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred inflows of resources because they are measurable but not available under the modified accrual basis of accounting. However, the revenues are included on the accrual basis used in the government-wide statements. This amount represents the change during the year:	
Grants and other reimbursement revenue	(3,668,332)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has an effect on net position: Principal payments on long-term debt2,365,153Principal payments on long-term debt2,365,153Principal payments of capital leases104,774Principal payments of notes payable7,743Changes in pension related items(5,661,236)	(3,183,566)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:198,102Change in compensated absences198,102Changes in other post-employment benefits related items(2,124,000)Change in accrued interest(249,640)Amortization of bond discount(8,498)Amortization of bond premium162,951Amortization of deferred amount on refunding(46,263)	(2,067,348)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is included in the statement of activities.	339,389
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,513,446

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

		Airport		Sewer and storm Drain	Ste	orm Water		Total	A	vernmental Activities - rnal Service Funds
ASSETS										
Current assets:	•		•		•		•		•	
Cash and investments	\$	956,929	\$	1,725,605	\$	131,465	\$	2,813,999	\$	1,160,025
Receivables:		00 705		100 507				040.000		
Accounts		32,785		186,597		-		219,382		7,680
Advances to other funds		-		-		-		-		310,000
Inventories		-		-		-		-		14,311
Total current assets		989,714		1,912,202		131,465		3,033,381		1,492,016
Noncurrent assets:										
Capital assets, not depreciated		37,314		-		-		37,314		-
Capital assets, net of depreciation		7,475,522		2,144,460		-		9,619,982		1,432,311
Total noncurrent assets		7,512,836		2,144,460		-		9,657,296		1,432,311
		<u> </u>								
Total assets		8,502,550	·	4,056,662		131,465		12,690,677		2,924,327
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension related		369,896		501,660		-		871,556		846,571
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable		30,896		20,140		-		51,036		216,530
Accrued liabilities		9,396		9,941		-		19,337		-
Unearned revenue		6,934		-		-		6,934		-
Deposits payable		20,208		-		-		20,208		-
Compensated absences		13,866		-		-		13,866		4,778
Advances from other funds		310,000		-		-		310,000		99,570
Claims and judgements		-		-		-		-		692,751
Total current liabilities		391,300		30,081		-		421,381		1,013,629
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Compensated absences		55,465		-		-		55,465		19,113
Claims and judgements		-		-		-		-		2,771,005
Net pension liability		1,091,195		1,431,777		-		2,522,972		2,372,570
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,146,660	_	1,431,777		-		2,578,437		5,162,688
Total liabilities		1,537,960		1,461,858		-		2,999,818		6,176,317
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension related		11,398		29,816		-		41,214		58,346
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets		7,512,836		2,144,460		-		9,657,296		1,432,311
Unrestricted		(189,748)		922,188		131,465		863,905		(3,896,076)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	7,323,088	\$	3,066,648	\$	131,465	\$	10,521,201	\$	(2,463,765)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -27-

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Airport	-	Sewer and torm Drain	St	orm Water	Total	A	overnmental Activities - ernal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES								
Sales and service charges	\$ 848,115	\$	1,529,185	\$	29,975	\$ 2,407,275	\$	7,201,284
Intergovernmental	161,611		-		-	161,611		-
Miscellaneous	 12,195					 12,195		15,597
Total operating revenues	 1,021,921		1,529,185		29,975	 2,581,081		7,216,881
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Administration and general	790,447		2,087,030		-	2,877,477		1,972,306
Materials and supplies	16,282		28,854		-	45,136		313,816
Contractual services	61,992		100,785		-	162,777		4,250,081
Cost of sales and services	39,660		61,409		-	101,069		-
Depreciation	 322,510		64,469		-	 386,979		341,289
Total operating expenses	 1,230,891		2,342,547			 3,573,438		6,877,492
Change in Net Position	(208,970)		(813,362)		29,975	(992,357)		339,389
NET POSITION								
Net Position (Deficit), Beginning, as restated	 7,532,058		3,880,010		101,490	 11,513,558		(2,803,154)
Net Position (Deficit), Ending	\$ 7,323,088	\$	3,066,648	\$	131,465	\$ 10,521,201	\$	(2,463,765)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Airport		Sewer and Storm Drain	_Stc	orm Water		Total		vernmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities	•	4 000 707	•	4 404 440	^	00.005	~	0 405 400	•	7 040 005
Cash received from customers and users	\$	1,000,797 (489,061)	\$	1,464,440 (1,695,322)	\$	30,225	\$	2,495,462 (2,184,383)	\$	7,216,825 (5,658,625)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services		(, ,		(1,695,322) (417,736)		-		(2,164,363) (760,008)		(3,656,625) (808,094)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		<u>(342,272)</u> 169,464		(648,618)		30.225		(448.929)		750,106
Net easil provided by (used for) operating activities		100,404		(040,010)		00,220		(440,525)		700,100
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities										
Cash paid to other funds		-		-		-		-		(33,190)
Net cash used for noncapital			-							<u> </u>
financing activities		-		-		-		-		(33,190)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				<i>(-</i>)				<i>(</i>)		<i></i>
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-		(9,726)		-		(9,726)		(364,862)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		-		(9,726)		-		(9,726)		(364,862)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		169,464		(658,344)		30,225		(458,655)		352,054
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		787,465		2,383,949		101,240		3,272,654		807,971
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	956,929	\$	1,725,605	\$	131,465	\$	2,813,999	\$	1,160,025
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	(208,970)	\$	(813,362)	\$	29,975	\$	(992,357)	\$	339,389
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	<u> </u>	(<u> </u>	(0,0,00_)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(,)	<u> </u>	
Depreciation		322,510		64,469		-		386,979		341,289
(Increase) decrease in operating assets:										
Accounts receivable		45,132		(64,745)		250		(19,363)		(56)
Deferred outflows of resources		(18,901)		(28,619)		-		(47,520)		13,292
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:										
Accounts payable		(49,896)		15,079		-		(34,817)		11,850
Accrued liabilities		808		678		-		1,486		-
Claims and judgements payable Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		(127,784)
Compensated absences		(66,256) (7,549)		-		-		(66,256) (7,549)		- (3,646)
Net pension liability		(7,549)		- 177,376		-		326,481		(3,646) 183,450
Deferred inflows of resources		3,481		506		-		3,987		(7,678)
Total adjustments		378,434		164,744		250		543,428		410,717
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	169,464	\$	(648,618)	\$	30,225	\$	(448,929)	\$	750,106
not oush provided by (used for) operating activities	Ψ	103,404	ψ	(0+0,010)	Ψ	30,223	Ψ	(טדד) (טבט)	φ	730,100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. -29-

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

Agency Fund	Successor Agency to the Dissolved Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund				
\$ 2,781,710	\$	1,125,960			
		902,741			
,		-			
•		-			
		1,188			
\$ 7,517,640		2,029,889			
		1,293,848			
\$ 22,124		4,063			
621,000		2,239			
-		459,235			
-		44,804,052			
, ,		-			
4,143,371		-			
-		1,700,366			
-		1,720,000			
 -		61,095,768			
\$ 7,517,640		109,785,723			
	\$	(106,461,986)			
\$ \$ \$	Fund \$ 2,781,710 4,703,961 29,124 1,598 1,247 \$ 7,517,640 \$ 22,124 621,000 - 2,731,145 4,143,371 - -	Agency Priv Fund 1 \$ 2,781,710 \$ \$ 2,781,710 \$ \$ 2,781,710 \$ \$ 2,781,710 \$ \$ 2,781,710 \$ \$ 2,781,710 \$ \$ 2,731,703 \$ \$ 7,517,640 - \$ 22,124 621,000 - - 2,731,145 4,143,371 - - - - - - - - - -			

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	to t Re Priv	cessor Agency the Dissolved development Agency vate-Purpose Trust Fund
Revenues		
Taxes	\$	6,319,359
Use of money and property		27,561
Total revenues		6,346,920
Expenses General government Debt service:		1,370,082
Interest and fiscal charges		1,416,765
Total expenses		2,786,847
Changes in net position		3,560,073
Net position (deficit) held in trust, beginning		(110,022,059)
Net position (deficit) held in trust, ending	\$	(106,461,986)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Entity

The City of Hawthorne was incorporated on July 25, 1922, as a general law city and operates under a Council/City Manager form of government. It is governed by an elected five-member council.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the financial activities of the City of Hawthorne (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. These entities are legally separate from each other. However, the City of Hawthorne elected officials have a continuing full or partial accountability for fiscal matters of the other entities. The financial reporting entity consists of: 1) the City, 2) organizations for which the City is financially accountable, and 3) organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusions would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

An organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government if it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes or set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval by the primary government. In a blended presentation, component units' balances and transactions are reported in a manner similar to the balances and transactions of the City. Component units are presented on a blended basis when the component unit's body is substantially the same as the City's or the component unit provides services almost entirely to the City.

Housing Authority of the City of Hawthorne (Hawthorne Housing Authority)

The Housing Authority of the City of Hawthorne is a public agency created by the City in 1984 to administer housing assistance programs for qualified low-income residents. The Housing Authority is governed by the City Council. The Housing Authority's administrative functions are performed by City employees. The financial activity of the Housing Authority is included in the City's financial statements as the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund. Separate financial statements were not prepared for the Housing Authority of the City of Hawthorne.

Parking Authority of the City of Hawthorne (Parking Authority)

The Parking Authority is a public financing agency created by the City to provide parking facilities for the City's Redevelopment Plaza Project. The City Council serves as the Parking Authority's governing board and is, therefore, responsible for the fiscal and administrative activities of this related entity. The financial activity of the Parking Authority is reported in the City's financial statements in the Community Facilities District Fund which is an agency fund. Separate financial statements were not prepared for the Parking Authority.

1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

Description of Entity, (continued)

Hawthorne Public Financing Authority (Authority)

The Authority was formed as a result of a joint powers agreement between the City of Hawthorne (City) and the Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Hawthorne (Agency). The purpose of the Authority is to provide financing for the acquisition, construction and improvements of capital assets and infrastructure, working capital requirements, or liability or other insurance programs of any local Agency. The Authority is governed by a Board of Directors, composed of the five members of the City's City Council. The financial activity of the Authority is reported in the City's financial statements as the Hawthorne Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund. Separate financial statements were not prepared for the Hawthorne Public Financing Authority.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment.

Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus is commonly used to describe the types of transactions and events that are reported in a fund's operating statement. Once it has been determined whether a fund is to measure changes in total economic resources or changes in current financial resources, the next issue to be addressed is the timing of the recognition of transactions and events. The technical term that describes the criteria governing the timing of the recognition of transactions and events and events is basis of accounting.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Grants, entitlements or shared revenues recorded in governmental funds are recognized as revenue in the accounting period when they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available (modified accrual basis). Grants received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met are reported as unearned revenue, a liability account. Such resources not received are reported as a receivable if the revenue recognition criteria have been met.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation, (continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The <u>General Fund</u> is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The <u>Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for assets used for low and moderate income housing activities in accordance with the applicable housing-related regulations.
- The <u>HOME Grant Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for HOME Fund grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development. These funds are to be used predominantly to aid low & moderate income residents with their housing needs.
- The <u>Hawthorne Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for the housing assistance programs for the qualified low-income residents.

The City's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. The City has the following Fiduciary Funds:

 Agency Fund - This fund accounts for money and property held by the City as trustee or custodian. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency Funds account for assets held for specific uses that are not part of the City's operating activities; specifically, monies held by the City as an agent for property owners with special assessments and monies collected from individuals, private organizations or other governments who have made special deposits with the City for various purposes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation, (continued)

 Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund - Private Purpose Trust Fund is a fiduciary fund type used by the City to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the assets, liabilities and activities of the Successor Agency to the Dissolved Hawthorne Redevelopment Agency. Unlike the limited reporting typically utilized for Agency Fund, Private Purpose Trust Fund reports a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The *Airport Fund* accounts for the operation of the City's airport, which is operated in a manner similar to a private airport.
- The Sewer and Storm Drain Fund accounts for the operation of the City's sewer services.
- The Storm Water Fund accounts for the operation of the City's storm water services.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

• Internal Service Funds account for financial transactions related to repair, replacement and maintenance of City-owned equipment and the City's self-insurance programs. These services are provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City has elected to follow all pronouncements of the GASB.

1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires City management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund Balance Reporting

Fund balance classifications are comprised of a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds, described as follows:

<u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City's nonspendable fund balance represents inventories, prepaid items, and long-term advances, the collectability of which is not assured.

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> includes resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. It includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. All special revenue funds are classified as restricted.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City does not have committed fund balances as of June 30, 2018.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> includes funds that are set aside for specific purposes by the City's highest level of decision making authority or a body or official that has been given the authority to assign funds. The City does not have assigned fund balances as of June 30, 2018.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification for the City's fund balance and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. This category also provides the resources necessary to meet unexpected expenditures and revenue shortfalls. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

Fund Balance Reporting, (continued)

The City Council, as the City's highest level of decision-making authority, may commit fund balance for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal actions taken. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specific use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment. The City Council considers a resolution to constitute a formal action of the City Council for the purposes of establishing committed fund balance.

The City Council delegates the authority to assign fund balance to the City Manager for purposes of reporting in the annual financial statements.

The City considers the restricted fund balances to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both unrestricted and restricted fund balance is available. The City considers unrestricted fund balances to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the policy of the City to reduce the committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Net Position

Classifications of Net Position are as follows:

Net investment in capital assets - This represents the City's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets.

Restricted net position - Restricted net position include resources in which the City is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or by enabling legislation adopted by the City.

Unrestricted net position - Unrestricted net position represents resources available to be used for transactions relating to the general operations of the City, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board, as designated, to meet current expenses or for specific future purposes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash and cash equivalents as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds. Since cash and investments are pooled, the City utilizes the assumption that cash and investments in the Enterprise and Internal Service Funds are cash and cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments for the City as well as for its component units are reported at fair value, and all investment income; including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as revenue in the operating statements. The City's policy is generally to hold investments until maturity or until market values equal or exceed cost. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either due to/from other funds (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or advances to/from other funds (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Advances to Successor Agency, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by unavailable revenue account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

Inventories

Inventories of materials and supplies are carried at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. The City uses the consumption method of accounting for inventories. Special reporting treatments are also applied to governmental fund inventories to indicate that they do not represent available spendable resources, even though they are a component of net current assets. Such amounts are generally offset by fund balance nonspendable accounts.

Prepaid Costs and Land Held for Resale

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements, using the consumption method. Land purchased for resale is capitalized as inventory at acquisition costs or net realizable value if lower. The fund balances in the governmental funds have been classified as nonspendable for amounts equal to prepaid costs and land held for resale in the fund-level statements since these amounts are not available to the City's current operations.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, intangible assets and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the time of acquisition. The City has reported its general infrastructure assets which include streets, sidewalks, storm drains, curbs and gutters, handicap ramps and trails.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

Capital Assets, (continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects or as constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

The provision for depreciation of capital assets of the primary government, as well as its component units, is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Years
40
50
40
40
50
30
5-50
5
40

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Refer to Note 13 for the list of deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources the City has recognized as of June 30, 2018.

Claims and Judgments

The City is partially self-insured for general liability and workers' compensation claims. The City records estimated liabilities for such claims filed or estimated to be filed for incidents which have occurred. The City's claims and judgments payable are recorded in the City's Insurance Reserve Internal Service Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

Employee Compensated Absences

Vacation pay is payable to employees at the time a vacation is taken or upon termination of employment. Employees may accrue a maximum of half their annual accrual rate. Upon termination an employee will be paid for any unused accrued vacation pay. Sick leave is payable when an employee is unable to work because of illness. Upon retirement, employees are entitled to receive the full value of their accumulated sick leave time.

Only the short-term liability for compensated absences (the amount due to employees for future absences, such as vacation and compensatory time, which are attributable to services already rendered) is reported as a current liability in the governmental funds and only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements; the long-term liability is reported in the government-wide financial statements. The short-term liability is the amount that will be liquidated with current financial resources and is expected to be paid during the next fiscal year. All of the liability for compensated absences applicable to proprietary funds is reported in those funds.

The long-term portion of compensated absences payable has been accrued for the Governmental Activities on the Government-Wide Financial Statement. Also, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. There is no fixed payment schedule to pay these liabilities.

Property Tax Revenue

Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means then due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County of Los Angeles collects property taxes for the City. Tax liens attach annually as of 12:01 A.M. on the first day in January preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Taxes are levied on both real and personal property as it exists on that date. The tax levy covers the fiscal period July 1 to June 30. All secured personal property taxes and one-half of the taxes on real property are due November 1; the second installment is due February 1. All taxes are delinquent, if unpaid, on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on March 1 each year and are delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31.

1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CaIPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. CaIPERS audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CaIPERS' website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

GASB Statement No. 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date (VD) Measurement Date (MD) Measurement Period (MP) June 30, 2016 June 30, 2017 July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date (VD) Measurement Date (MD) Measurement Period (MP) June 30, 2017 June 30, 2017 July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1) ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

Implementation of New Accounting Principle

GASB has issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for other postemployment benefits (OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures.

This pronouncement has been implemented for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability and any related deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense/expenditures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:	
Cash and investments	\$ 44,149,889
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	1,402,265
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and investments	3,907,670
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	 5,606,702
Total	\$ 55,066,526

Cash and investments at June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

Cash and cash equivalents:		
Petty cash	\$	2,889
Demand deposits - City		36,807,353
Demand deposits - Successor Agency	_	3,123,583
Total cash and cash equivalents		39,933,825
Investments:		
Local Agency Investment Fund		7,123,770
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		999,963
Held by Bond Trustee		7,008,968
Total investments		15,132,701
Total	\$	55,066,526

The City of Hawthorne maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use for all funds. Each fund type's position in the pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as cash and investments. The City has adopted an investment policy, which authorizes it to invest in various investments.

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS, (continued)

Investments

Under provision of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with the California Government Code, the following investments are authorized:

Authorized Investment Type	Authorized by Investment Policy	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
U.S. Treasury Obligation	Yes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	Yes	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	Yes	180 days	30%	30%
Commercial Paper	Yes	270 days	25%	10%
Certificate of Deposit	Yes	5 years	30%	None
Medium-Term Notes	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mutual Funds	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%
Local Agency Investment Fund	Yes	N/A	None	\$65 million per
				account

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The above investments do not address investment of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee. Investments of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Investments in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute. The State Treasurer's Office audits the fund annually. The fair value of the portion in the investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS, (continued)

Credit Risk

The City's investment policy limits investments in commercial paper to those rated "A-1" or higher by Standard and Poor's (S&P) or by Moody's. Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Presented below is the minimum rating required by the City's Investment Policy and the actual rating as of June 30, 2018:

	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating		AAA	N	lot Rated
\$	7,123,770 999,963 616,832	N/A N/A N/A	\$	- 999,963 616,832	\$	7,123,770 -
¢	4,785,698 1,606,438	N/A		4,785,698		- 1,606,438 8,730,208
	\$	\$ 7,123,770 999,963 616,832 4,785,698	Amount Legal Rating \$ 7,123,770 N/A 999,963 N/A 616,832 N/A 4,785,698 N/A 1,606,438 N/A	Amount Legal Rating \$ 7,123,770 N/A \$ 999,963 N/A 616,832 N/A 4,785,698 N/A 1,606,438 N/A	Amount Legal Rating AAA \$ 7,123,770 N/A \$ - 999,963 N/A 999,963 616,832 N/A 616,832 4,785,698 4,785,698 4,785,698 1,606,438 N/A -	Legal Amount Legal Amount Rating AAA N \$ 7,123,770 N/A \$ - \$ 999,963 N/A 999,963 616,832 616,832 N/A 616,832 4,785,698 1,606,438 N/A -

Custodial Credit Risk

The California Government Code requires California financial institutions to secure a City's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of a City's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a City's total deposits. The City Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. The collateral for deposits in federal and state chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized Agent of Depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors. Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a financial institution with an "Agent of Depository" has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by California Agents of Depository are considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local governmental agency.

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2018, the City deposits (bank balances) were collateralized under California Law.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS, (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy imposes restrictions on the percentage that the City can invest in certain types of investments. As of June 30, 2018, there were no investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of the total City's investments. Investments guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds and external investment pools are excluded from this requirement.

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2018, the City had the following investments and original maturities:

	Less than	1	to 3	3 to 5	
Investment Types	1 year	y	ears	years	Total
External Investment Pools -					
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 7,123,770	\$	-	\$-	\$ 7,123,770
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	999,963		-	-	999,963
US Treasury Notes	616,832		-	-	616,832
Held by Bond Trustee:					
Money Market Mutual Funds	4,785,698		-	-	4,785,698
Investment Agreements	-		-	1,606,438	 1,606,438
Total Investments	\$ 13,526,263	\$	-	\$ 1,606,438	\$ 15,132,701

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

2) CASH AND INVESTMENTS, (continued)

Fair Value Measurements

GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurements and Application*, establishes a fair value hierarchy consists of three broad levels: Level 1 inputs consist of quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets and liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date, Level 2 inputs consist of inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, that can include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active or inactive markets, or market-corroborated inputs, and Level 3 inputs have the lowest priority and consist of unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The following table presents the balances of the assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2018.

	 F	air \	/alue Meas	uren	nent Using		
Investments by Fair Value Level	Total		Level 1		Level 2	Lev	vel 3
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit US Treasury Notes	\$ 999,963 616,832	\$	- 616,832	\$	999,963 -	\$	-
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	1,616,795	\$	616,832	\$	999,963	\$	-
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value (NAV): Local Agency Investment Fund Held by Bond Trustee:	7,123,770						
Money Market Mutual Funds	4,785,698						
Investment Agreements	 1,606,438						
Total	\$ 15,132,701						

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

3) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity was as follows for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Governmental activities:	Balance June 30, 2017	Balance June 30, 2018		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	June 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Julie 30, 2010
Land	\$ 9,745,120	\$-	\$ (2,779,092)	\$ 6,966,028
Construction in progress	4,175,195	÷ 5,153,132	(5,122,368)	4,205,959
	, , ,		(-)))	,,
Total capital assets, not being	10 000 015	5 4 5 0 4 0 0	(7.004.400)	44 474 007
depreciated	13,920,315	5,153,132	(7,901,460)	11,171,987
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Structures and improvements	55,442,282	11,124	(326,316)	55,127,090
Machinery and equipment:				
City	20,833,793	692,581	(58,763)	21,467,611
Equipment replacement/vehicles	7,663,319	364,862	(92,980)	7,935,201
Parking Authority - structures	16,359,554	-	-	16,359,554
Infrastructure	132,665,562	5,122,368	-	137,787,930
Investment in joint venture (RCC)	5,965,734	1,294,879		7,260,613
Total capital assets, being depreciated	238,930,244	7,485,814	(478,059)	245,937,999
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Structures and improvements	(27,732,633)	(1,452,021)	326,316	(28,858,338)
Machinery and equipment:		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
City	(19,111,494)	(437,017)	49,773	(19,498,738)
Equipment replacement/vehicles	(6,254,581)	(341,289)	92,980	(6,502,890)
Parking Authority - structures	(16,136,810)	(11,121)	-	(16,147,931)
Infrastructure	(54,731,163)	(2,620,124)	-	(57,351,287)
Investment in joint venture (RCC)	(2,237,702)	(310,630)		(2,548,332)
Total accumulated depreciation	(126,204,383)	(5,172,202)	469,069	(130,907,516)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	112,725,861	2,313,612	(8,990)	115,030,483
Total governmental activities	\$ 126,646,176	\$ 7,466,744	\$ (7,910,450)	\$126,202,470
i olar governmentar activities	ψ 120,040,170	ψ 1,400,144	φ (7,910,430)	φ120,202,470

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

3) CAPITAL ASSETS, (continued)

Business-type activities:	Balance June 30, 2017 Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2018		
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 37,314	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,314		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	37,314			37,314		
Capital assets, being depreciated: Structures and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure: Airport	3,020,110 28,130 10,723,022	- -	-	3,020,110 28,130 10,723,022		
Storm and sewer drain	12,997,106	9,726		13,006,832		
Total capital assets, being depreciated	26,768,368	9,726		26,778,094		
Less accumulated depreciation for: Structures and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure: Airport Storm and sewer drain	(1,776,814) (28,130) (4,168,295) (10,797,894)	(54,434) - (268,076) (64,469)	- - -	(1,831,248) (28,130) (4,436,371) (10,862,363)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,771,133)	(386,979)		(17,158,112)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	9,997,235	(377,253)		9,619,982		
Total business-type activities	\$ 10,034,549	\$ (377,253)	\$-	\$ 9,657,296		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government	\$	599,891
Public safety		1,360,982
Public works		2,636,118
Community development		84,429
Parks and recreation		149,493
Internal service fund-equipment replacement		341,289
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities		5,172,202
Business-type Activities:		
Structures and improvements	\$	54,434
Infrastructure:		
Airport		268,076
Sewer and storm drain		64,469
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$	386,979

3) CAPITAL ASSETS, (continued)

Assets acquired through capital lease are as follows:

Machinery and equipment	\$ 550,651
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(220,260)
	\$ 330,391

4) INTERFUND ACTIVITY

The following represents the City's interfund activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Current Interfund Balances

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the year. The following is a summary of current interfund balances as of June 30, 2018:

Interfund Balances

Receivable Fund	Amount	Payable Fund	Amount		
General Fund	\$ 1,605,446	Hawthorne Housing Authority Non-Major Funds:	\$	289,431	
		Community Development Block Grant		392,453	
		California Office of Traffic Safety		89,826	
		ABC Grant Assistance		20,432	
		Local Law Enforcement		38,115	
		Edward Byrne Memorial Justice			
		Assistance Program		28,412	
		State Gas Tax		706,850	
		MTA Measure M		39,927	
Totals	\$ 1,605,446		\$	1,605,446	

The loans from the General Fund to the non-major funds were made to eliminate short-term cash deficits.

4) INTERFUND ACTIVITY, (continued)

Advances to/from Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Amount		Payable Fund	Amount	
Major Funds: Hawthorne Housing Authority Non-Major Funds:	\$	60,955	Non-Major Funds: 2016 Refunding Bonds Internal Service Fund:	\$	79,239
Street Internal Service Fund:		117,854	Insurance Reserve Enterprise Fund:		99,570
Equipment Replacement Totals	\$	310,000 488,809	Airport	\$	310,000 488,809

In prior fiscal years, the General Fund made long-term advances to the 2005 PERS Obligation Bonds Fund and the Insurance Reserve Internal Service Fund to cover negative cash excess operating expenditures. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City made payments toward the other advances wherever possible to reduce the balances.

Advances to Successor Agency

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Successor Agency	¢ 44.004.050
	Private Purpose Trust Fund	\$ 44,804,052

In prior fiscal years, the City of Hawthorne advanced money to the Former Redevelopment Agency to cover the cost of operations. In June 2011, AB X1 26 dissolved the former Redevelopment Agency, effective (after some litigation on the matter) February 1, 2012. As part of the dissolution process set forth in that bill and a later bill clarifying and modifying the terms of the dissolution (Assembly Bill 1484, adopted in June 2012), the existing loan from the City to the Agency was considered by the Department of Finance to be unenforceable. The successor agency to the former redevelopment agency has sought reconsideration by the Department of Finance as to the enforceability of the loan. Because of the uncertainty of collection by the General Fund, full loan amount of the loan of \$44,804,052 (including \$25,229,197 of accrued interest) has been reserved as potentially uncollectible as of June 30, 2018.

4) INTERFUND ACTIVITY, (continued)

Interfund Transfers

Funds		Transfers in		Transfers out	
Major Fund:					
General	\$	_	\$	959,100	
Non-Major Funds:	Ψ		Ψ	000,100	
Gas Tax		-		1,800,000	
Street		1,800,000		-	
Public Financing Authority		721,980		-	
Direct Placement Lease Financing		237,120		-	
	\$	2,759,100	\$	2,759,100	

The transfer from the Gas Tax Fund to the Street Fund in the amount of \$1,800,000 was to fund eligible projects and programs in the Street Fund.

The transfer from the General Fund in the amount of \$959,100 to non-major funds consists of \$721,980 for debt service on the 1997/2011 COP bonds, \$237,120 for debt service on the 2007 SBPRCA Series B bonds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

5) LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2017		Additions	Deletions		Balance June 30, 2018			ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Governmental Funds:										
Revenue bonds - 2011 Series A	\$	2 720 050	\$		\$	(504,000)	¢	0.470.040	\$	500 744
	\$	3,739,852	Ф	-	Ф	(561,603) (168,550)	\$	3,178,249	\$	582,744
2016 Direct Placement Lease Financing		2,587,550		-		(, ,		2,419,000		171,900
2016 Certificates of Participation Plus (less) deferred amounts:		28,575,000		-		(1,280,000)		27,295,000		1,305,000
Issuance premium		2,181,392				(162,951)		2,018,441		
Issuance discount		(110,471)		-		(102,951) 8,498		(101,973)		-
Total bonds payable		36,973,323				(2,164,606)		34,808,717		2,059,644
Total bolius payable		30,973,323		-		(2,104,000)		34,000,717		2,059,044
Compensated absences		4,109,519		1,959,919		(2,158,021)		3,911,417		782,283
Net pension liability		96,787,064	1	12,984,940		-		109,772,004		-
Other post-employment										
benefits obligation		115,015,000		-		(9,287,000)		105,728,000		-
Capital lease payable		482,893		-		(104,774)		378,119		108,663
Loan payable - West Basin		36,328		-		(7,743)		28,585		8,139
Section 108 loan payable		2,820,000		-		(355,000)		2,465,000		355,000
Total Governmental Funds		256,224,127	1	14,944,859		(14,077,144)		257,091,842		3,313,729
Internal Service Funds:										
Claims and judgements		3,591,540		1,163,437		(1,291,221)		3,463,756		692,751
Compensated absences		27,537		11,971		(15,617)		23,891		4,778
Net pension liability		2,189,120		183,450		-		2,372,570		-
Total Internal Service Funds		5,808,197		1,358,858		(1,306,838)		5,860,217		697,529
Total Governmental										
Activities	\$	262,032,324	\$ 1	16,303,717	\$	(15,383,982)	\$ 2	262,952,059	\$	4,011,259
Business-Type Activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	76,880	\$	34,740	\$	(42,289)	\$	69,331	\$	13,866
Net pension liability	•	2,196,491		326,481	•	-	,	2,522,972	•	- ,
Total Business-type Activities	\$	2,273,371	\$	361,221	\$	(42,289)	\$	2,592,303	\$	13,866
	-	, -,	-	,		(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>	, ,- ,-		- ,

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

5) LONG-TERM DEBT, (continued)

2011 Series A Revenue Bonds

In March 2011, the Hawthorne Public Financing Authority issued 2011 Series A Revenue Bonds in the amount \$ 6,227,391 with an interest rate of 4.265% per annum, maturing on July 1, 2022. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refinance the 1997 Capital Improvement Program by acquiring in lieu of redemption outstanding 1997 Certificates of Participation. This transaction defeased the outstanding 1997 Certificates of Participation of \$6,735,000. Following is a summary of the debt service requirements to maturity:

Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total
2019	\$ 582,744	\$ 135,552	\$	718,296
2020	608,203	110,698		718,901
2021	633,172	84,758		717,930
2022	662,628	57,754		720,382
2023	 691,502	 14,747		706,249
Total	\$ 3,178,249	\$ 403,509	\$	3,581,758

2016 Direct Placement Lease Financing

In August 2016, the 2016 Direct Placement Lease Financing was issued in the amount of \$2,730,900 to refund \$2,755,000 in SBRPCA 2007 Series B Bonds. The bonds consisting of serial bonds maturing in annual installments of \$143,350 to \$233,450. The bonds bear interest at 2.650%.

5) LONG-TERM DEBT, (continued)

2016 Direct Placement Lease Financing, (continued)

The 2016 Direct Placement Lease Financing is subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$62,192. The difference reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow is being amortized through August 1, 2030 using the straight-line method of amortization. As a result of the current refunding, the City decreased its debt service cash flow by \$756,342, resulting in an economic gain of \$949,518 (calculated as the difference between the debt service payments under the old and new debt discounted to present value using the effective interest rate).

Year Ending			
June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2019	\$ 171,900	\$ 64,104	\$ 236,004
2020	180,100	59,548	239,648
2021	182,850	54,776	237,626
2022	190,500	49,930	240,430
2023	192,500	44,882	237,382
2024-2028	1,044,000	144,787	1,188,787
2029-2030	 457,150	 18,300	475,450
Total	\$ 2,419,000	\$ 436,327	\$ 2,855,327

The total debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

2016 Certificate of Participation Series A and Series B

Series A Certificates

In May 2016, The City issued \$12,645,000 Series A Certificates of Participation to provide funds to (a) refinance the obligations of the City under a lease agreement by and between the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank and the City, executed in 2001 to finance the costs of construction of the City of Hawthorne Police Headquarters, (b) pay a portion of the costs of the reserve fund municipal bond insurance policy in lieu of cash funding a reserve fund for the Certificates and (3) pay delivery costs incurred in connection with the execution, delivery, and sale of the Series A Certificates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

5) LONG-TERM DEBT, (continued)

2016 Certificate of Participation Series A and Series B, (continued)

Series A Certificates, (continued)

The Series A Certificates maturing on August 1, 2026, are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity. The Series A Certificates maturing on and after August 1, 2027, are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity in whole or in part on any date in such order of maturity as shall be designated by the City (or, if the City shall fail to so designate the order of redemption, in pro rata among maturities) and by lot within a maturity, on or after August 1, 2026, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount of the Certificates to be redeemed, together with accrued interest, without premium, to the date fixed for redemption, from the proceeds of the optional prepayment of Series A Lease Payments made by the City pursuant to the Lease Agreement.

Series B Certificates

In May 2016, the City issued \$17,470,000 Series B Certificates of Participation to provide funds to (a) refinance the obligations with respect to the City of Hawthorne Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2005, (b) pay a portion of the costs of the Reserve Policy and (c) pay delivery costs incurred in connection with the execution, delivery and sale of the Series B Certificates.

The Series B Certificates are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$454,359. The difference is reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow and is being amortized through August 1, 2030 using the straight-line method of amortization. As a result of the current refunding, the City increased its debt service cash flow by \$3,034,072, resulting in an economic gain of \$376,577 (calculated as the difference between the debt service payments under the old and new debt discounted to present value using the effective interest rate).

Year Ending	Seri	es A	Seri	es B	Tc	Total	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2019	\$-	\$ 505,800	\$ 1,305,000	\$ 392,049	\$ 1,305,000	\$ 897,849	
2020	-	505,800	1,330,000	366,066	1,330,000	871,866	
2021	-	505,800	1,360,000	335,978	1,360,000	841,778	
2022	-	505,800	1,690,000	297,646	1,690,000	803,446	
2023	-	505,800	2,085,000	246,275	2,085,000	752,075	
2024-2028	4,615,000	2,350,900	6,880,000	349,103	11,495,000	2,700,003	
2029-2030	8,030,000	490,400			8,030,000	490,400	
Total	\$ 12,645,000	\$ 5,370,300	\$ 14,650,000	\$ 1,987,117	\$ 27,295,000	\$ 7,357,417	

The total debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

5) LONG-TERM DEBT, (continued)

Compensated Absences

As discussed in Note 1 of the financial statements for governmental fund types, the City's liability for vested and unpaid compensated absences (accrued vacation and sick pay) that exceeds expendable, available financial resources is reported in long-term debt. The accrual is calculated in accordance with GASB Code Section C60.109. For governmental activities, the liability will be paid in future years by the General Fund, and for business-type activities, the liability will be paid by the Airport Fund.

Net Pension Liability

The City's policies relating to the net pension liability are described in Note 8 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The liability will be paid in future years by the General, Internal Service, Airport, and Sewer Funds.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Obligation

The City's policies relating to other post-employment benefits are described in Note 9 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements. The liability will be paid in future years by the General Fund.

Capital Lease Payable

In 2017, the City entered into a capital lease to acquire equipment. These assets have been capitalized with the obligation shown in the statement of net position. The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease agreement as of June 30, 2018:

Year Ending June 30	Amount		
2018	\$	418,080	
Total Payments		418,080	
Less: amount representing interest		39,961	
Outstanding Principal, June 30, 2018	\$	378,119	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

5) LONG-TERM DEBT, (continued)

Loan Payable – West Basin

On November 26, 2008, the City of Hawthorne entered into a loan agreement with West Basin Municipal Water District. The loan is to provide the City assistance for the cost of retrofit improvements for the irrigation system at the Jim Thorpe Park. The loan amount was \$100,000 of which the Metropolitan Water District contributed \$9,500 on behalf of the City. The loan is subject to an interest rate of 5% per annum and is to be repaid within 13 years. Principal payments are due semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. The outstanding loan balance at June 30, 2018 was \$28,585. The total debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Dringing		Interest		Total
June 30,		Principal		Interest		TOLAI
2019	\$	8,139	\$	1,343	\$	9,482
	φ	,	φ	,	φ	,
2020		8,555		927		9,482
2021		8,993		489		9,482
2022		2,898		52		2,950
Total	\$	28,585	\$	2,811	\$	31,396

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

5) LONG-TERM DEBT, (continued)

Section 108 Loan

Section 108 Loan of \$7,800,000 was advanced to the City for commercial rehabilitation on CDBG projects. The loan is guaranteed by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development. Total principal payments of \$355,000 is due semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. The notes mature from 2012 to 2024 and bear varying interest rates. The total debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 355,000	\$ 134,337	\$ 489,337
2020	355,000	114,031	469,031
2021	355,000	93,494	448,494
2022	355,000	72,762	427,762
2023	355,000	51,835	406,835
2024-2025	 690,000	40,797	 730,797
Total	\$ 2,465,000	\$ 507,256	\$ 2,972,256

Claims and Judgments

As of June 30, 2018, the City is party to certain lawsuits. After reviewing these lawsuits with legal counsel, management has estimated the potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation, and has recorded a liability in the Internal Service Fund. At June 30, 2018, total estimated claims payable were \$3,463,756.

6) NON-CITY OBLIGATION DEBT - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS

Assessment District Bonds

During the year ended June 30, 1992, two Community Facilities Districts (Districts) were established by the former Community Redevelopment Agency (Agency) of the City of Hawthorne. Bonds have been issued to finance certain capital costs which have a special and direct benefit to the related property owners. Under the terms and conditions of these bonds, the Agency acts as agent for the property owners in collecting the special taxes and forwarding the collections to the bond holders. These bonds have been subsequently refunded by the issuance of 2010 Special Tax Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$13,180,000. As of June 30, 2018, the bonds outstanding from these Community Facility Districts totaled \$8,055,000.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

6) NON-CITY OBLIGATION DEBT - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS, (continued)

Assessment District Bonds, (continued)

On April 20, 2005, the District issued the 2004-1 (Fusion at South Bay) 2005 Special Tax Bonds totaling \$3,880,000 to acquire an easement and certain public facilities of benefit to the District. As of June 30, 2018, the bonds outstanding from this Community Facility District totaled \$3,100,000.

On November 21, 2006, the City of Hawthorne issued the 2006 Special Tax Bonds totaling \$14,755,000 for its Community Facilities District No. 2006-1 (Three Sixty Degrees @ South Bay) to finance the acquisition of an easement and certain public facilities in the vicinity of the District. The bonds are payable solely from Special Tax Revenues levied upon the District. As of June 30, 2018, the bonds outstanding from this Community Facility District totaled \$11,910,000.

On March 5, 1999, the District issued the 1990-1 (Rosecrans Avenue/Ocean Gate Avenue Area) 1998 Special tax Refunding Bonds totaling \$8,990,000 to refund the Community Facilities District No. 1990-1 Special Tax Bonds. The bonds were fully paid during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Such bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of either the City or the Agency, and are payable solely from special taxes collected from property owners within the Districts. In the opinion of City and Agency officials, these bonds are not payable from any revenues or assets of the City or Agency and none of the full faith and credit of the City, the Agency, the Districts, the State or any political subdivision thereof is obligated to the payment of the principal or interest on the bonds. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded as long-term debt.

Special Tax Refunding Bonds

On August 16, 1995, the Parking Authority issued on behalf of Community Facilities District No. 1 \$10,105,000 Special Tax Refunding Bonds to advance refund the Authority's \$2,025,000 outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A, and its \$8,080,000 outstanding Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1977. The net proceeds of \$9,801,850 plus an additional \$1,400,000 contributed from property owners and \$37,646 of Series A and Series 1977 Lease Revenue Bond sinking fund monies were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the Series A and Series 1977 Lease Revenue Bonds. As a result, the Series A and Series 1977 Lease Revenue Bonds are considered to be defeased and the liabilities for those bonds have been removed from long-term debt. As of June 30, 2018, the Special Tax Refunding Bonds outstanding totaled \$1,725,000.

The Special Tax Refunding Bonds are limited obligations of the Authority, payable from monies to be received by the Authority from the payment of special taxes to be levied and collected on taxable property within the Community Facilities District and from the proceeds, if any, from the sale of such property for delinquency of such special rates. The City Treasurer acts as an agent for the collection of principal and interest payments by the property owners and remittance of such monies to the bond holders.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

7) NET POSITION CLASSIFICATIONS

Net position for governmental activities and business-type activities is classified as (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted, (3) unrestricted. The details of the Net Position as of June 30, 2018 are presented below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets:	Governmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 126,202,470	\$ 9,657,296	\$ 135,859,766
Less capital related debt balances:			
Bonds payable	(18,242,249)	-	(18,242,249)
Capital leases payable	(378,119)	-	(378,119)
Loans payable	(2,493,585)	-	(2,493,585)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	105,088,517	 9,657,296	114,745,813
Restricted for:			
Public works	6,772,717	-	6,772,717
Public safety	539,905	-	539,905
Capital improvements	4,974,337	-	4,974,337
Debt service	1,785,449	-	1,785,449
Community development	6,417,462	 -	6,417,462
Total Restricted	20,489,870	 	20,489,870
Unrestricted	(199,077,160)	 863,905	(198,213,255)
Total	\$ (73,498,773)	\$ 10,521,201	\$ (62,977,572)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

8) RETIREMENT PLANS

A) General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

The Plans consist of an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and a public agency cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

Miscellaneous – Agent, Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A full description of the pension plan regarding number of employees covered, benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information are listed in the plan's June 30, 2016, Annual Actuarial Valuation Report (funding valuation). Details of the benefits provided can be obtained in Appendix B of the actuarial valuation report. This report and CalPERS' audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Safety – Cost Sharing, Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other). Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors one safety plan in safety risk pools. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and the City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

8) RETIREMENT PLANS, (continued)

A) General Information about the Pension Plans, (continued)

Benefits Provided, (continued)

The Plan operates under the provisions of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL), the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), and the regulations, procedures and policies adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the PERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the CalPERS Board.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous		
	Prior to	On or after	
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	3% @ 60	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50 - 60	52 - 62	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	1.0% to 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	5.75%	
Required employer contribution rates	10.071%	10.071%	
		fety	
	Prior to	On or after	
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50	50 - 57	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.0%	2.0% to 2.7%	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation Required employee contribution rates	3.0% 9.00%	2.0% to 2.7% 12.25%	

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2016 (valuation date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	321	214
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	293	63
Active employees	179	
Total	793	364

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

8) RETIREMENT PLAN, (continued)

A) General Information about the Pension Plans, (continued)

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process.

Miscellaneous – Agent, Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions. Employer Contributions to the Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, were \$3,973,237.

Safety – Cost Sharing, Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either the Miscellaneous or Safety risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions. Employer Contributions to the Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, were \$4,728,485. The actual employer payments of \$4,092,276 made to CalPERS by the City during the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 differed from the City's proportionate share of the employer's contributions of \$5,124,104 by \$1,031,828, which is being amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan.

B) Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2017, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, rolled forward to June 30, 2017, using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is as follows.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

8) RETIREMENT PLAN, (continued)

B) Net Pension Liability, (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

Valuation Date Measurement Date Actuarial Cost Method Asset Valuation Method	June 30, 2016 June 30, 2017 Entry Age Normal Market Value of Assets
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%.
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases (1)	3.3% - 14.2%
Investment Rate of Return (2)	7.15%
Mortality Rate Table (3)	Derived using CALPERS'
	membership data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until purchasing power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.75% thereafter

(1) Annual increases vary by category, entry age, and duration of service

(2) Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses; includes inflation

(3) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Change of Assumptions

In fiscal year 2018 (measurement date June 30, 2017), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

8) RETIREMENT PLAN, (continued)

B) Net Pension Liability, (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for measurement date June 30, 2017, was 7.15 percent. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in the previous year was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing of the plan, the test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both shortterm and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (Public Employees' Retirement Fund) cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

8) RETIREMENT PLANS, (continued)

B) Net Pension Liability, (continued)

Discount Rate, (continued)

The following table reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the CaIPERS Board effective on July 1, 2015.

Asset Class	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ¹	Real Return Year 11+ ²
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed income	20.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	1.0%	(0.55%)	(1.05%)
Total	100.0%		

¹ An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

² An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the pension plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position are presented in CalPERS' audited financial statements, which are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov. The plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis used by the pension plan, which is the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

The plan fiduciary net position disclosed in the GASB 68 accounting valuation report may differ from the plan assets reported in the funding actuarial valuation report due to several reasons. First, for the accounting valuations, CalPERS must keep items such as deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) expense included as assets. These amounts are excluded for rate setting purposes in the funding actuarial valuation. In addition, differences may result from early Comprehensive Annual Financial Report closing and final reconciled reserves.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

8) RETIREMENT PLANS, (continued)

C) Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

Miscellaneous – Agent, Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The following table shows the Plan's change in net pension liability over the measurement period.

	Total F	Pension Liability (a)	(b)	Net Pension Liability (c) = (a) - (b)
Balance at: 6/30/2016 (VD)	\$	179,734,900	\$ 131,887,603	\$ 47,847,297
Changes Recognized for the				
Measurement Period:				
Service Cost		2,423,798		2,423,798
 Interest on the Total 				
Pension Liability		13,232,559		13,232,559
 Changes of Benefit Terms 				
 Changes of Assumptions 		10,775,154		
 Differences between 				
Expected and Actual				
Experience		(1,869,811)		(1,869,811)
 Plan to Plan Resource 				
Movement				
 Contributions from the 				
Employer			3,304,427	(3,304,427)
 Contributions from 				
Employees			973,001	(973,001)
 Net Investment Income 			14,402,918	(14,402,918)
 Benefit Payments, 				
including Refunds of				
Employee Contributions		(9,562,803)	(9,562,803	-
Administrative Expense			(194,723) 194,723
Net Changes during 2016-17		14,998,897	8,922,820	6,076,077
Balance at: 6/30/2017 (MD)	\$	194,733,797	\$ 140,810,423	\$ 53,923,374

Valuation Date (VD), Measurement Date (MD).

8) RETIREMENT PLANS, (continued)

C) Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, (continued)

Safety – Cost Sharing, Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The following table shows the cost sharing, multiple-employer Plans' proportionate share of the net pension liability over the measurement period.

		Increase (Decrease)				
	Plan Total Pension	Plan Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net				
	Liability	Position	Plan Net Pension Liability			
	(a)	(b)	(c) = (a) - (b)			
Balance at: 6/30/2016 (MD)	\$ 196,078,535	\$ 142,753,157	\$ 53,325,378			
Balance at: 6/30/2017 (MD)	209,225,691	148,481,519	60,744,172			
Net Changes during 2016-17	13,147,156	5,728,362	7,418,794			

Valuation Date (VD), Measurement Date (MD).

The City's net pension liability for each of the cost sharing, multiple-employer Plans is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, rolled forward to June 30, 2017, using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by CalPERS using the output from the Actuarial Valuation System and the fiduciary net position, as provided in the CalPERS Public Agency Cost-Sharing Allocation Methodology Report, which is a publicly available report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications, at www.calpers.ca.gov. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2016, and 2017, was as follows:

	Safety
Proportionate Share of NPL - June 30, 2016	1.02960%
Proportionate Share of NPL - June 30, 2017	1.01660%
Change - Decrease	(0.01300%)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

8) RETIREMENT PLANS, (continued)

C) Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of each Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	Disc	ount Rate - 1% (6.15%)	Current Discount Rate (7.15%)		Discount Rate + 1% (8.15%)	
Miscellaneous Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	79,724,173	\$	53,923,374	\$	32,683,950
Safety Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	90,018,416	\$	60,744,172	\$	36,813,937

Subsequent Events

There were no subsequent events that would materially affect the results presented in this disclosure.

Recognition of Gains and Losses

Under GASB Statement No. 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

8) RETIREMENT PLANS, (continued)

C) Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, (continued)

Recognition of Gains and Losses, (continued)

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Difference between projected and actual earnings	5 year straight-line amortization
All other amounts	Straight-line amortization over the average expected remaining services lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period

For the agent, multiple employer plan, the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired). For the cost sharing, multiple employer plan, the EARSL is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired) in the Public Agency Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (PERF C).

The EARSL for the miscellaneous agent plan for the June 30, 2017, measurement date is 2.2 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 1,748 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 793 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired). Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

The EARSL for the PERF C for the measurement period ending June 30, 2017, is 3.8 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 490,088 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 130,595 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired). Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

8) RETIREMENT PLANS, (continued)

D) Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Miscellaneous - Agent, Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

As of the start of the measurement period (July 1, 2016), the net pension liability is \$47,847,297. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2017 (the measurement date), the City incurred a pension expense of \$8,385,518 for the Plan. A complete breakdown of the pension expense is as follows:

Description	 Amount
Service Cost	\$ 2,423,798
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	13,232,559
Recognized Changes of Assumptions	4,500,537
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(1,737,087)
Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-
Contributions - Employees	(973,001)
Projected Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	(9,198,757)
Recognized Differences Between Projected and	
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments	(57,254)
Administrative Expenses	 194,723
Total Pension Expense	\$ 8,385,518

Safety - Cost Sharing, Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

As of the start of the measurement period (July 1, 2016), the net pension liability for the safety plans is \$53,325,378. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2017 (the measurement date), the City incurred a pension expense of \$6,444,532 for the safety plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

8) RETIREMENT PLAN, (continued)

D) Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, (continued)

As of June 30, 2018, the City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Misce	ellaneous	Safety			
	Deferred Outflows of Deferred Inflows Resources of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between Expected and						
Actual Experience	\$-	\$ (1,184,970)	\$ 611,022	\$ (159,310)		
Changes of Assumptions	5,877,357	-	8,861,355	(679,867)		
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan						
Investments	2,098,419	-	1,932,122	-		
Change in Employer's Proportion	-	-	617,318	(1,446,736)		
Difference in Actual vs Projected Contributions	-	-	-	(1,815,590)		
Pension Contributions Subsequent to						
Measurement Date	3,973,237	-	4,728,485	-		
	\$ 11,949,013	\$ (1,184,970)	\$ 16,750,302	\$ (4,101,503)		

These amounts above are net of outflows and inflows recognized in the 2016-17 measurement period expense. The \$3,973,237 and \$4,728,485 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Measurement	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of				
Period Ended	Resources, Net				
June 30,	Miscellaneous		Safety		
2018	\$ 3,825,554	\$	1,087,816		
2019	3,144,597		4,992,144		
2020	861,488		2,970,908		
2021	(1,040,833)		(1,130,554)		
2022	-		-		
Thereafter	-		-		

E) Payable to the Pension Plan

The City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

9) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City provides certain postemployment health care benefits, in accordance with the various City Council Resolutions: No. 966, No. 5967, No. 5978, No. 5983, No. 5984, No. 6022 and No. 6046 to the following three employee categories: general, fire and police.

The following is a description of the eligibility requirements, the term of the benefits, and the postemployment health benefits available to eligible employees:

General

All employees who have retired from a classification covered by the memorandum of understanding, are receiving retirement benefits from PERS, and have a minimum of 10 years of full-time employment, shall be entitled to enroll in a PERS health plan. The City agrees to reimburse an amount equal to the coverage for the plan in which the employee is enrolled. This benefit commences upon the employee's retirement date and ceases when the employee becomes ineligible for coverage under the PERS health benefits plan.

Fire

All employees who have retired from a classification covered by the memorandum of understanding, are receiving retirement benefits from PERS and have a minimum of 15 years of full-time employment, shall be entitled to enroll in a PERS health plan. The City agrees to reimburse an amount equal to the cost of the coverage for the plan in which the employee is enrolled. This benefit commences upon the employee's retirement date and ceases when the employee becomes ineligible for coverage under the PERS health benefits plan. The City began contracting with the County of Los Angeles beginning in February 1997. Therefore, this benefit pertained only to those employees retiring before February 1997.

Police

All employees who have retired, have at least 20 years of service in the Hawthorne Police Department, and have reached the age of 50, shall be entitled to enroll in a PERS health plan. The City agrees to pay for health insurance for the retired employee and his or her dependent spouse or family less the retiree contribution of \$14.15 per month for 2-party coverage or \$23.99 per month for family coverage.

A qualified retiree shall be covered by this provision as long as he/she is eligible for PERS health insurance coverage. The dependent spouse of a qualified retiree shall be covered until he/she reaches the age of 65. Any employee who retires with less than the minimum requirements as noted above shall be offered the opportunity to continue their participation in the group health insurance (PERS) in effect at that time. The City does not provide dental, vision, Medicare Part B, or life insurance as part of the plan.

9) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS, (continued)

Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the Plan:

Active employees	267
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	252
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	75
Total	594

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City, City Council and/or the employee association. Currently, contributions are not required from plan members.

The City pays for postemployment health insurance on a pay-as-you-go basis (no prefunding). For fiscal year 2017-2018, the City paid \$2,806,000 for other postemployment benefits.

Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the Alternative Measurement Method dated June 30, 2016 that was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2017 total OPEB liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions	June 30, 2017 Measurement Date
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Contribution Policy	No pre-funding
Discount Rate	3.58%
General Inflation	3.00%
Mortality, Retirement,	Based on CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study
Disability, Termination	
Salary increases	3.25%
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare – 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to an
	ultimate rate of 4.00% in 2076 and later
	Medicare – 6.5% for 2019, decreasing to an
	ultimate rate of 4.00% in 2076 and later
Healthcare Participation	Current Actives: 95%
	Current Retirees: 100% if covered, 20% re-elect at
	65 if waived

9) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS, (continued)

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 3.58 percent was used in the valuation for measurement date June 30, 2017.

Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

	(a)	(b) Plan	(a) - (b) = (c)
	Total OPEB Liability	Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2017			
(6/30/16 measurement date)	\$ 115,015,000	\$ -	\$115,015,000
Changes recognized for the measurement period:			
Service cost	4,251,000	-	4,251,000
Interest	3,360,000	-	3,360,000
Changes of assumptions	(14,185,000)	-	(14,185,000)
Benefit payments	(2,713,000)	-	(2,713,000)
Net changes	(9,287,000)	-	(9,287,000)
Balance at June 30, 2018			
(6/30/17 measurement date)	\$105,728,000	\$-	\$105,728,000

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2017:

	1% Decrease (2.58%)	C	Current Discount Rate (3.58%)	1% Increase (4.58%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 125,877,000	\$	105,728,000	\$ 90,044,000

9) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS, (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2017:

	Current Healthcare						
		1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates			1% Increase	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	88,854,000	\$	105,728,000	\$	127,609,000	

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

As the City is not prefunding with an OPEB trust, Plan Fiduciary Net Position was \$0 at the June 30, 2017 measurement date.

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments is amortized using the straight-line method over 5 years, while all other amounts are amortized over the expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) of plan participants.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$4,930,000. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of assumptions Contributions to OPEB plan subsequent to the measurement date	\$	- 2,806,000	\$ 11,504,000 -	
Total	\$	2,806,000	\$ 11,504,000	

9) OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS, (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB, (continued)

The \$2,806,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

	Deferred
Fiscal Year Ended	Outflows/(Inflows)
June 30	of Resources
2019	\$ (2,681,000)
2020	(2,681,000)
2021	(2,681,000)
2022	(2,681,000)
2023	(780,000)
Thereafter	-
	\$ (11,504,000)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

10) INSURANCE

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City established the Insurance Reserve Fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss, and records its risk in long-term debt.

The Insurance Reserve Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$250,000 for each workers' compensation claim and \$250,000 for each general liability claim. The City is a member of the Independent Cities Risk Management Authority (ICRMA) for its excess liability insurance coverage and workers' compensation coverage and purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

All funds of the City except the fiduciary funds participate in the program and make payments to the fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior year and current year claims. The claims liability of \$3,463,756 reported in the Insurance Reserve Fund at June 30, 2018, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No.10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the Insurance Reserve Fund's claims liability amounts in the fiscal years 2018 and 2017, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Beginning	Changes in	Claims	Ending
	Balance	Estimates	Payment	Balances
2016-2017	\$ 2,106,917	\$ 3,080,317	\$(1,595,694)	\$ 3,591,540
2017-2018	3,591,540	1,163,437	(1,291,221)	3,463,756

11) COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

The City of Hawthorne has been named as a defendant in numerous lawsuits and claims arising in the course of operations. In the aggregate, these claims seek monetary damages in significant amounts. To the extent the outcome of such litigation has been determined to result in probable financial loss to the City, such loss has been accrued in the accompanying combined financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

12) JOINT VENTURES

South Bay Regional Public Communications Authority (SBRPCA)

The City is a member of the South Bay Regional Public Communications Authority (SBRPCA), a joint powers authority of the Cities of Hawthorne, Gardena, Manhattan Beach and El Segundo. SBRPCA was formed October 14, 1975, for the purpose of financing a public safety communications system for the member cities. The governing board is composed of the mayor of each member city. During fiscal year 2017-2018, the City was assessed \$3,403,913, which was paid to SBRPCA for the operations and maintenance of the consolidated regional public safety services communications system that SBRPCA provides to its member cities.

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, SBRPCA's preliminary financial information is as follows:

Net Position	
Total assets	\$ 14,949,597
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,402,389
Total liabilities	9,970,347
Total deferred inflows of resources	 722,890
Total net position	\$ 6,658,749
Change in Net Position Operating revenues	\$ 16,259,682
Operating expenses	 12,262,736
Operating income	3,996,946
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (629,983)
Change in net position	3,366,963
Beginning net position, as restated	 3,291,786
Ending net position	\$ 6,658,749

Complete financial statements for the SBRPCA may be obtained from the City's Finance Department.

Should SBRPCA liquidate, all members would receive their equity in the SBRPCA based upon their cumulative contributions.

13) DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The City recognizes deferred outflows of resources in the City's financial statements pertaining to the unamortized loss on defeasance of debt and pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. The unamortized loss on defeasance of debt is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

The deferred inflows of resources pertains to unavailable revenues which represent receivables that were not received within the availability period and the difference between actual and projected income on pension plan investments.

	Governmental Activities Balance at June 30, 2018		
Deferred outflow of resources			
Unamortized loss on defeasance of debt	\$ 498,957		
	Governmental Activities Balance at June 30, 2018		
Deferred inflow of resources			
Unavailable Revenue - Receivables that were not received within the availability period and were not recognized as revenues	<u>\$ 1,811,837</u>		

Refer to Note 8 for deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and Note 9 for deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

14) SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

The accompanying financial statements also include the Private-purpose Trust Fund for the Successor Agency to the City's former Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency). The City, as the Successor Agency, serves in a fiduciary capacity, as custodian for the assets and to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency. Its assets are held in trust for the benefit of the taxing entities within the former Redevelopment Agency's boundaries and as such, are not available for the use of the City.

Disclosure of Successor Agency Debts

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2018	Due Within One Year
Tax allocation bonds Plus deferred amounts:	\$ 29,430,000	\$-	\$ (1,640,000)	\$ 27,790,000	\$ 1,720,000
Issuance premium	4,967,715	-	(248,385)	4,719,330	-
Total bonds payable	34,397,715	-	(1,888,385)	32,509,330	1,720,000
Notes payable	29,464,438	1,125,000	(283,000)	30,306,438	-
	\$ 63,862,153	\$ 1,125,000	\$ (2,171,385)	\$ 62,815,768	\$ 1,720,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

14) SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, (continued)

Disclosure of Successor Agency Debts, (continued)

	Balance at June 30, 2018
Tax Allocation Bonds	
Hawthorne Plaza Project Area No. 1:	
2001 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	
The 2001 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds bear interest ranging from 5.500% to 6.875% per annum and payable on March 1 and September 1. Principal payments ranging from \$295,000 to \$410,000 are due annually on September 1, beginning in the year 2003 through the year 2020.	\$ 1,155,000
Subtotal Hawthorne Plaza Project Area No. 1	1,155,000
Redevelopment Project Area 2:	
2016 Tax Allocation Bonds	
2016 Project Area No. 2 Tax Allocations Bonds, Series 2016 was issued to (a) refund certain outstanding bonds issued by the former Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Hawthorne (the "Former Agency"), the proceeds of which were used to finance and refinance redevelopment activities of the Former Agency, (b) purchase a municipal bond insurance policy in lieu of funding a debt service reserve fund for the Bonds, and (c) provide for the costs of issuing the Bonds. The Bonds are payable from and secured by a first lien on the Tax Revenues, as defined in the Indenture, and moneys in certain funds and accounts established under the Indenture. The bonds consist of \$29,785,000 serial bonds with an annual maturity dates from September 1, 2016 through September 1, 2036, bearing interest ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%.	26,635,000
Subtotal Redevelopment Project Area 2:	26,635,000
Total Tax Allocation Bonds Payable	\$ 27,790,000

14) SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, (continued)

Disclosure of Successor Agency Debts, (continued)

The current refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$1,430,043. The difference is reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred gain on debt refunding and is being amortized through September 1, 2036 using the straight-line method of amortization. As a result of the current refunding, the City decreased its debt service cash flow by \$11,973,815, resulting in an economic loss of \$4,764,522 (calculated as the difference between the debt service payments under the old and new debt discounted to present value using the effective interest rate).

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The following schedule summarizes the debt service to maturity requirements for bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2018:

2001 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest	Total
2019 2020 2021	\$ 360,000 385,000 410,000	\$ 79,406 54,656 28,188	\$ 439,406 439,656 438,188
Total	\$ 1,155,000	\$ 162,250	\$ 1,317,250

2016 Tax Allocation Bonds

June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2019	\$ 1,360,000	\$ 1,290,950	\$ 2,650,950	
2020	1,415,000	1,228,375	2,643,375	
2021	1,495,000	1,155,625	2,650,625	
2022	1,560,000	1,079,250	2,639,250	
2023	1,645,000	999,125	2,644,125	
2024 - 2028	6,630,000	3,858,250	10,488,250	
2029 - 2033	6,280,000	2,378,750	8,658,750	
2034 - 2037	6,250,000	644,000	6,894,000	
Total	\$ 26,635,000	\$ 12,634,325	\$ 39,269,325	

14) SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, (continued)

Disclosure of Successor Agency Debts, (continued)

AutoNation/Costco Note – A first implementation agreement to a Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) was entered with certain developers in August 2000, paying interest at 9.0%. The developers had advanced to the Agency \$5,500,000 and cancelled a note owed by the Agency (the Costco note) for approximately \$7,000,000. In return, the Agency executed a promissory note to the developers for \$12,500,000. Sources for repayment of this note consist of Mello-Roos tax refunds, sales tax and transient occupancy tax refunds to the extent these taxes are generated within the project site.

\$ 30,306,438

Commitments and Contingencies

The Successor Agency has assumed a commitment of the former Hawthorne Redevelopment Agency, pertaining to the Oceangate Development.

The Developer is reimbursed 25% of the sales tax generated from parcels two to four and 40% from parcels five and six for 15 years; commencing January 1, 1999. All Mello-Roos taxes received in excess of \$506,800 are refunded to the Developer until the 1998 Special Tax Refunding bonds are fully repaid and all tax increments received, except from parcel one, less the low and moderate income housing set-aside amount which is refunded to the Developer for a period of 30 years.

14) SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, (continued)

Tax Abatements

The Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Hawthorne (city) entered into an agreement with Oceangate Properties, Inc. on July 23, 2001. The Developer leases certain real property located at 13900 Hawthorne Boulevard on which the Developer operates a facility for the retail sale of new and used automobile and light trucks known as "South Bay Ford". At the time of the agreement the Developer will be the owner of certain real property ("Parcel 1") located in the City. Parcel 1 and the Hawthorne Boulevard Property were both located within the Hawthorne Redevelopment Project No. 2 in the City and are subject to the provisions of the Redevelopment Plan for the project adopted by the City Council of the City on November 26, 1984, by Ordinance No. 1330, as amended. In connection with the Owner Participation Agreement, as amended by the fifth implementation agreement dated April 12, 1999, hereinafter collectively referred to as the "OPA". In connection with the OPA, the Agency and the City entered into a cooperation and Loan agreement ("Cooperation Agreement"), pursuant to which the City agreed the make a loan to the Agency to be used by the Agency to make certain payments required by the OPA. Pursuant to the OPA, the site was subdivided into eight (8) parcels: Parcels 1, 2, 3, 4A, 4B, 5, 6A, and 6B. The Developer and the Agency have entered into a "Sixth Implementation Agreement" which amends and restates the provisions of the OPA governing the redevelopment of Parcel 1, and the City and the Agency have entered into a Revised Cooperation and Loan Agreement revising the provisions of the Cooperation Agreement with respect to Parcel 1 only. Pursuant to the Sixth Implementation Agreement, the Developer intends to develop a facility for the retail sale and/or leasing of new automobiles and/or light trucks on Parcel 1 and relocate the Developer's new car sales operations to Parcel 1. The Developer further intends to continue to use the Hawthorne Boulevard Property for the sale of used vehicles and for service, parts and warranty purposes.

In connection with the sale of Parcel 1 to the Developer, the Developer's immediate predecessor in interest, Mission-Oceangate, a California general Partnership ("Mission"), has assigned to the Developer its right to received periodic payments of "Sales Tax Generation" and "Net Tax Increment" from Parcels 2-6 as defined in the revised method of financing to the first implementation. In addition, Mission has assigned to the Developer its right to receive periodic payments of "Mello-Roos Reimbursement" from Parcel 1.The thirty (30) year term for the Agency's payment of Net Tax Increment to the Developer commenced on July 1, 1992, and will terminate on September 30, 2022. The thirty (30) year term for the payment of Sales Tax Generation to the Developer commenced on July 1, 2022.

Payments of Parcel 1 Net Tax Increment Revenue shall be made annually in arrears on or before September 30 of each fiscal year. Payments of Parcel 1 Apportioned Sales Tax Generation shall be made quarterly in arrears, on October 1 (for the first quarter of the calendar year), January 1 (for the second quarter of the preceding calendar year), April 1 (for the third quarter of the preceding year) and July 1 (for the fourth quarter of the preceding calendar year).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

14) SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, (continued)

Tax Abatements, (continued)

Payments of Parcel 1 Apportioned Sales Tax Generation attributable to leasing activity shall be made annually in arrears on July 1 (for the preceding year), provided, however, that if the Developer is able to document to the Agency's satisfaction on a quarterly basis the amount of Parcel 1 Apportioned Sales Tax Generation attributable to leasing activity, then such payments attributable to leasing activity shall be made at the same time (on a quarterly basis) as other payments of Parcel 1 Apportioned Sales Tax Generation.

Parcel 1 Net Tax Increment Revenue shall be paid to the Agency pursuant to California Health and Safety Code Section 33670(b) that is attributable to assessed value of Parcel 1 in excess of \$8,240,000 less any portion of such Parcel 1 Net Tax Increment Revenues required to be deposited in the Agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund.

Parcel 1 Apportioned Sales Tax Generation shall be defined as an amount equal to the applicable portion of tax revenues actually received by the City from the application of Bradley-Burns Local Sales and Use Tax Law on the privilege of selling and leasing tangible personal property at retail on transactions occurring on Parcel 1 and cannot exceed the sum of the Parcel 1 Apportioned Sales Tax Generation Annual Cap and carry over payment.

15) OTHER REQUIRED DISCLOSURES

Deficit in Fund Equity

The following funds have deficits in fund balance or net position at June 30, 2018:

Fund		Amount	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Special Revenue Funds:			
Gas Tax	\$	(532,657)	
California Office of Traffic Safety		(74,527)	
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant		(38,112)	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Program		(28,412)	
Community Development Block Grant		(455,773)	
ABC Grant Assistance Program		(835)	
MTA Measure M		(165,841)	
Internal Service Fund:			
Insurance Reserve		(4,581,930)	

The City intends to fund these deficits with future revenue, transfers and reductions of expenditures/expenses.

16) PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

Fund Statements

During fiscal year 2017-18, a prior period adjustment was needed to correct the beginning fund balance in the Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund. The amount of adjustment affecting the cumulative results of operations was due to an error that occurred in previous years.

Internal Service Fund - Equipment Replacement

Fund balance, beginning, as previously reported Prior period adjustment	\$ 1,716,794 215,112
Fund balance, beginning, as restated	\$ 1,931,906

A prior period adjustment of a net effect of \$215,112, comprised of vehicles and equipment that were improperly recorded as disposed in previous years.

Government Wide Statements

In addition to the prior period adjustment in the Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund, the City's net position was restated as follows due to the implementation of GASBS 75. As discussed in Note 1, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 75 effective July 1, 2017. GASB 75, establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For other postemployment benefits (OPEB), the City's net OPEB pension liability was not previously recorded on the statement of net position. GASB 75 requires that accounting changes adopted to conform to the provisions of the Statement be applied retroactively by restating financial statements. Accordingly, beginning net position on the Financial Statements has been restated for changes related to GASB 75 as follows:

Government-Wide Statements Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities Net position, beginning of year, prior to restatement	\$ 6,903,496
Elimination of OPEB liability as calculated under GASB 45	28,171,173
Recording of initial Net OPEB liability as calculated under GASB 75	(115,015,000)
Recording of initial Net OPEB related deferred amounts as calculated under GASB 75	2,713,000
Restatement due to change in accounting principle	(84,130,827)
Prior period adjustment	215,112
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	\$ (77,012,219)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY

INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information General Fund

Major Governmental Funds

<u>The General Fund</u> is used to account for financial resources traditionally associated with general government operations, which are not required legally or by financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule by Department General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 51,904,855	\$ 51,803,855	\$ 58,314,518	\$ 6,510,663	
Licenses and permits	1,905,000	1,700,000	2,600,073	900,073	
Intergovernmental	1,891,798	1,897,798	1,787,132	(110,666)	
Charges for services	2,044,250	2,379,766	2,111,417	(268,349)	
Fines and forfeitures	2,800,000	2,730,000	2,784,593	54,593	
Use of money and property	20,000	-	32,285	32,285	
Contributions	450,000	450,000	450,021	21	
Miscellaneous	8,877,200	8,833,000	9,688,303	855,303	
Total revenues	69,893,103	69,794,419	77,768,342	7,973,923	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government:					
Mayor and city council	3,816,517	3,816,517	4,820,278	(1,003,761)	
City clerk	175,463	178,463	169,050	9,413	
City manager	806,753	806,753	451,270	355,483	
City treasurer	34,729	34,729	32,257	2,472	
City attorney	496,675	496,675	425,017	71,658	
Administrative services	4,368,152	4,365,340	4,206,405	158,935	
Public safety:					
Police	37,560,763	37,560,763	37,800,882	(240,119)	
Fire services contract	10,532,344	10,532,344	10,196,597	335,747	
Community development:	, ,		, ,	,	
Planning	1,455,500	1,455,500	1,492,020	(36,520)	
Building and safety	1,042,770	1,042,770	897,130	145,640	
Parks and recreation	3,766,507	3,779,007	3,743,089	35,918	
Public works	2,913,496	2,913,496	2,622,217	291,279	
Capital outlay	350,064	352,876	506,783	(153,907)	
Total expenditures	67,319,733	67,335,233	67,362,995	(27,762)	
Excess of revenues over					
expenditures	2,573,370	2,459,186	10,405,347	7,946,161	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out	(3,116)	(3,116)	(959,100)	(955,984)	
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	(3,116)	(3,116)	(959,100)	(955,984)	
3001063 (0363)	(3,110)	(0,110)	(333,100)	(333,304)	
Net change in fund balance	2,570,254	2,456,070	9,446,247	6,990,177	
Fund balance, beginning of year	16,669,214	16,669,214	16,669,214		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 19,239,468	\$ 19,125,284	\$ 26,115,461	\$ 6,990,177	
	+,200,100	+,	+ _0,.10,101	+ 0,000,111	

Required Supplementary Information Major Special Revenue Funds

Major Special Revenue Funds

<u>The Housing Asset Fund</u> is used to account for assets used for low and moderate income housing activities in accordance with the applicable housing-related regulations.

The HOME Grant Fund is used to account for HOME Fund grants received from the U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development. These funds are to be used predominantly to aid low & moderate income residents with their housing needs.

<u>The Hawthorne Housing Authority Fund</u> is used to account for the housing assistance programs for the qualified low-income residents.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Housing Asset For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Budgeted	Am	Actual	Variance with		
	Original		Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 705,996	\$	705,996	\$ 2,712,832	\$	2,006,836
Use of money and property	330,196		330,196	285,635		(44,561)
Miscellaneous	-		-	50		50
Total revenues	 1,036,192		1,036,192	 2,998,517		1,962,325
Expenditures Current:						
Community development	331,177		331,177	296,336		34,841
Total expenditures	 331,177		331,177	 296,336		34,841
Net change in fund balance	705,015		705,015	2,702,181		1,997,166
Fund balance, beginning	 2,969,556		2,969,556	 2,969,556		-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 3,674,571	\$	3,674,571	\$ 5,671,737	\$	1,997,166

Budgetary Comparison Schedule HOME Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amo	Actual		Variance with		
	(Driginal		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	406,782	\$	406,782	\$	640,043	\$	233,261
Use of money and property		-		-		145,298		145,298
Total revenues		406,782		406,782		785,341		378,559
Expenditures								
Current:								
Community development		406,782		406,782		759,886		(353,104)
Total expenditures		406,782		406,782		759,886		(353,104)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		25,455		25,455
Fund balance, beginning		247,966		247,966		247,966		
Fund balance, ending	\$	247,966	\$	247,966	\$	273,421	\$	25,455

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Hawthorne Housing Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues		0			 		<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$	15,865,173	\$	15,865,173	\$ 9,450,470	\$	(6,414,703)
Use of money and property		-		-	65		65
Miscellaneous		50,000		50,000	 28,153		(21,847)
Total revenues		15,915,173		15,915,173	 9,478,688	(6,436,485)	
Expenditures Current: Community development Total expenditures	-	<u>15,812,231</u> 15,812,231		<u>15,812,231</u> 15,812,231	 9,801,771 9,801,771		6,010,460 6,010,460
Net change in fund balance		102,942		102,942	(323,083)		(426,025)
Fund balance, beginning		523,820		523,820	 523,820		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	626,762	\$	626,762	\$ 200,737	\$	(426,025)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Years*

Miscellaneous Plan

	Measurement Period 2013-14	Measurement Period 2014-15
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY		
Service Cost	\$ 2,388,303	\$ 2,320,007
Interest	12,438,551	12,647,730
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	-	(3,637,760)
Changes of Assumptions	-	(3,045,664)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(8,546,377)	(8,707,272)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	6,280,477	(422,959)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	168,926,377	175,206,854
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 175,206,854	\$ 174,783,895
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		
Contributions - Employer	\$ 2,197,052	\$ 2,628,948
Contributions - Employee Paid Member Contributions	-	-
Contributions - Employee	1,118,891	1,100,494
Net Investment Income	20,960,975	3,019,296
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Employee Contributions	(8,546,377)	(8,707,272)
Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	(36,608)
Administrative Expenses	-	(154,341)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	15,730,541	(2,149,483)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	123,176,915	138,907,456
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 138,907,456	\$ 136,757,973
Plan Net Position Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 36,299,398	\$ 38,025,922
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	79.28%	78.24%
Covered Payroll	\$ 13,000,397	\$ 13,145,259
Plan Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	279.22%	289.27%

* Measurement period 2013-14 (fiscal year 2014-15) was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are presented.

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in Benefit Terms: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2016 valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes in Assumptions: In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

(continued)

Measurement Period 2015-16	Measurement Period 2016-17
\$ 2,435,899 13,024,281	\$ 2,423,798 13,232,559
(990,439) - (9,518,736)	(1,869,811) 10,775,154 (9,562,803)
4,951,005 174,783,895 \$ 179,734,900	14,998,897 179,734,900 \$ 194,733,797
\$ 2,956,754	\$ 3,304,427
- 1,074,004 700,955	- 973,001 14,402,918
(9,518,736)	(9,562,803)
(83,347) (4,870,370) 136,757,973	(194,723) 8,922,820 131,887,603
\$ 131,887,603	\$ 140,810,423
\$ 47,847,297	\$ 53,923,374
73.38%	72.31%
\$ 14,172,919	\$ 12,670,141
337.60%	425.59%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Plan Contributions – Agent Plan Last Ten Years*

Miscellaneous Plan

					ntributions in elation to the				Contributions as
			Actuarially		Actuarially	Con	tribution	Employer's	a Percentage of
Fiscal	Measurement	C	Determined	0	Determined	De	ficiency	Covered	Covered
Year	Date	C	Contribution	C	Contribution	(E	xcess)	Payroll	Payroll
6/30/2015	6/30/2014	\$	2,628,948	\$	(2,628,948)	\$	-	\$ 13,145,259	20.00%
6/30/2016	6/30/2015		2,956,754		(2,956,754)		-	14,172,919	20.86%
6/30/2017	6/30/2016		3,304,427		(3,304,427)		-	12,670,141	26.08%
6/30/2018	6/30/2017		3,973,237		(3,973,237)		-	12,512,240	31.75%

* Measurement period 2013-14 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are presented.

Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2017-18 were from the June 30, 2014, Funding Valuation Report.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method/Period	For details, see June 30, 2014 Funding Valuation Report
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2014 Funding Valuation
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.15% Net of Pension Plan Investment Expenses; includes Inflation
Retirement Age	The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience
	Study for the period from 1997 to 2011.
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2014 CalPERS Experience
	Study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 20 years of projected mortality improvement using

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Plan's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios as of the Measurement Date Last Ten Years*

Safety Plan

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability ¹	P S C	Employer's roportionate Share of the ollective Net nsion Liability	Employer's vered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a percentage of the Employer's Covered Payroll	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability
6/30/2014	0.56329%	\$	35,050,308	\$ 9,859,032	355.51%	81.42%
6/30/2015	1.00384%		41,362,512	9,229,395	448.16%	78.28%
6/30/2016	1.02960%		53,325,378	8,569,976	622.23%	72.80%
6/30/2017	1.01660%		60,744,172	7,590,002	800.32%	71.90%

¹ Proportion of the net pension liability represents the plan's proportion of PERF C, which includes both the Miscellaneous and Safety Risk Pools excluding the 1959 Survivors Risk Pool.

* Measurement date 6/30/2014 (fiscal year 2014-15) was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are presented.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Plan Contributions – Cost Sharing Plan Last Ten Years*

Safety Plan

					ontributions in					
				Re	elation to the					
			Actuarially		Actuarially	Con	tribution			Contributions as
	Measurement	D	etermined	0	Determined	Def	iciency	E	Employer's	a Percentage of
Fiscal Year	Date	C	ontribution		Contribution	(E)	(cess)	Cov	ered Payroll	Covered Payroll
6/30/2015	6/30/2014	\$	2,714,348	\$	(2,714,348)	\$	-	\$	9,229,395	29.41%
6/30/2016	6/30/2015		3,638,229		(3,638,229)		-		8,569,976	42.45%
6/30/2017	6/30/2016		4,092,276		(4,092,276)		-		7,590,002	53.92%
6/30/2018	6/30/2017		4,728,485		(4,728,485)		-		10,129,496	46.68%

* Measurement period 2013-14 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are presented.

Notes to Schedule:

Change in Benefit Terms: None

Change in Assumptions: In fiscal year 2018, the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Measurement Period Ended June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year	2017-18
Measurement Period	2016-17
Total OPEB Liability	• • • • • • • • • •
Service cost	\$ 4,251,000
Interest	3,360,000
Changes of assumptions	(14,185,000)
Benefit payments	(2,713,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(9,287,000)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	115,015,000
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	105,728,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions – employer Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Net OPED liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 105,728,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.0%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 24,186,000
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	437.1%

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in assumptions: Discount rate increased from 2.85% at June 30, 2016 to 3.58% at June 30, 2017

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

Fiscal Year 2017-18 was the first year of implementation

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2018

General Budget Policies

The City Council approves each year's budget submitted by the City Manager prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year. Public hearings are conducted prior to its adoption by the Council. Supplemental appropriations, where required during the period, are also approved by the Council. Intradepartmental budget changes are approved by the City Manager. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the department level, which is the legal level of control. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary. At fiscal year-end, all operating budget appropriations lapse.

Budgets for all governmental type funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual budgets are adopted for the General Special Revenue, Capital Project and Debt Service Funds, with the exception of the HPR Special Revenue Fund.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2018

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

Excesses of expenditures over appropriations at the department level are as follows:

Fund	Appropriations	Expenditures	Excess
Major Governmental Fund			
General Fund:			
General government:			
Mayor and city council	\$ 3,816,517	\$ 4,820,278	\$ (1,003,761)
Public safety:	. , ,	. , ,	. (, , , ,
Police	37,560,763	37,800,882	(240,119)
Community development:			
Planning	1,455,500	1,492,020	(36,520)
Capital outlay	352,876	506,783	(153,907)
HOME Grant:			
Community development	406,782	759,886	(353,104)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
Special Revenue Funds:			
Street Lighting:			
Public works	699,001	710,014	(11,013)
Street:			
Public works	2,121,793	2,226,085	(104,292)
Asset Forfeiture:			
Capital outlay	280,001	509,151	(229,150)
Traffic Safety:			
Public safety	236,377	242,585	(6,208)
Capital outlay	-	89	(89)
Prop C:			
Public works	1,280,995	1,664,604	(383,609)
Air Quality:			
Capital outlay	-	95,281	(95,281)
Community Development Block Grant:			
Community development	1,070,911	1,241,167	(170,256)
MTA Measure M:			
Public works	1,021,666	1,090,190	(68,524)
Development Impact:			
Capital outlay	-	79	(79)

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

The Street Lighting Fund is used to account for the cost of providing lighting and intersection safety lighting on all City streets. The Engineering Division provides engineering and administration for the street lighting assessment district.

<u>The Gas Tax Fund</u> is used to account for the City's share of revenues derived from the State Highway Users Tax Account Sections 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5. Gasoline taxes must be used for maintenance and improvement of City streets, which serve as State and County thoroughfares.

<u>The Street Fund</u> is used to account for all related revenues and expenditures, including street repair, reconstruction and maintenance, which are not required to be accounted for in the City's State Gas Tax Fund.

<u>The Asset Forfeiture Fund</u> is used to account for all revenues and expenditures related to monies and property seized by the Police Department in drug related incidents. These funds may only be expended on activities used to enhance law enforcement activities.

The Cops Fund is used to account for money appropriated statewide and to be used for the supplemental funding of front line law enforcement. These services include personnel, equipment, and programs that meet front line law enforcement objectives.

<u>The California Office of Traffic Safety Fund</u> is used to assist in offsetting the personnel costs for the Sobriety Checkpoint Program and the Seat Belt Compliance Program.

<u>The Local Law Enforcement Block Grant Fund</u> is used to account for both Federal (90%) and City (10%) funds. This program allows for local law enforcement to provide equipment, technology and other materials directly related to law enforcement functions.

The Urban Area Security Initiative Grant Fund is used to account for financial assistance provided by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security for the purpose of addressing the unique equipment, training, planning, organization, and exercise needs of large urban areas, and to assist them in building an enhanced and sustainable capacity to prevent, respond to, and recover from threats or acts of terrorism.

<u>The MTA Measure R Fund</u> is an ongoing maintenance and Capital Improvement Transportation Fund.

The Proposition A Fund is used to account for revenues are received by the State; funneled to the City through the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transit Authority. The City uses these funds for Dial-A-Ride, Recreational Transit and Bus Stop Maintenance. Excess of these funds are traded with other Los Angeles County municipalities for General Funds.

Non-Major Governmental Funds, Continued)

Special Revenue Funds, (continued)

<u>The Proposition C Fund</u> is used to account for a second half-cent sales tax approved by the voters, the proceeds of which are used to improve transit service and operations, reduce traffic congestion, improve air quality and efficiently operate and improve the condition of streets and highways utilized by public transit.

The Air Quality Fund is used to support the South Coast Air Quality Management District's (SCAQMD) imposition of an additional vehicle registration fee and to receive fee revenues for implementing programs to reduce air pollution from motor vehicles.

<u>The California Used Oil Recycling Fund</u> is used to account for all the revenues and expenditures associated with grant funds received from the State Integrated Waste Management Board to promote the recycling of used motor oil.

<u>The California Beverage Container Recycling Fund</u> is used to account for all the revenues and expenditures associated with grant funds received from the Department of Conservation. Program is funded by (CRV) California Redemption Value Funds.

<u>The 2009 Street Improvements Fund</u> is used to account for the City's roadway improvement projects from street and intersection widening to pavement rehabilitations/reconstructions, upgrade or replacement of traffic signals, improvement of street grading and drainage and concrete improvement including ADA accessibility as well as sidewalks and curbs/gutters throughout the City. Funding for such projects are varied and usually received through competitive grants based on availability.

<u>The HPRP Funds</u> is used to account for transactions related to the Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-housing Program. The aim of the program is to assist homeless households and those at risk of homelessness.

<u>The Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Program Fund</u> is used to account for financial assistance provided to local law enforcement's agencies to expand efforts in addressing alcohol-related problems.

The Hawthorne Blvd Mobility Improvement Program Fund is used account for the project that will improve the stormdrain system along Hawthorne Blvd., between El Segundo Blvd. and Rosecrans Ave. to eliminate local flooding and will install large infiltration chambers in three preselected areas under center medians for diverting runoff from Dominguez Channel to underground water supply. All traffic signals will be replaced and upgraded throughout the project limits and a new traffic signal will be constructed at the intersection of Hawthorne Blvd. and 141st Street. All center medians will be completely reconstructed with new designs to accommodate new dedicated left turn pockets and as result, entire landscape areas will be replaced with newly designed landscape and irrigation systems. New trees will be planted. 105,000 square feet of new sidewalks and entire pavement structural system will be replaced throughout the project limits.

Non-Major Governmental Funds, Continued)

Special Revenue Funds, (continued)

<u>The Sustainable Community Planning Grant Fund</u> is used to account for planning grants and planning incentives that reduce the energy consumption, conserve water, improve air and water quality and provide other community benefits.

The CATV Peg Fund is used to account for monies received from the City's cable television franchisee.

<u>The Community Development Block Grant Fund</u> is used to account for Federal grants received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Grant activity is administered by the Community Development Department and is predominantly restricted to activities in 'target areas'.

The Alcoholic Beverage Control ("ABC") Grant Assistance Program Fund is used to account for financial assistance to local law enforcement's agencies to expand efforts in addressing alcohol-related problems.

The MTA Measure M Fund is used to account for the ongoing maintenance and Capital Improvement Transportation Fund.

Non-Major Governmental Funds, Continued)

Capital Projects Fund

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

<u>The Development Impact Fund</u> is used to account for impact fees imposed on all developments within the City boundaries. These fees are used to defray the costs associated with infrastructure improvements due to new developments. This fund accounts for both the collection and expenditures of the Development Impact Fees.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds are used to account for debt service transactions including revenue collection and payments of principal and interest on long-term obligations.

<u>The Public Financing Authority Fund</u> is used to account for debt issued for the purpose of financing capital improvements throughout the City. In 1992, the Authority issued \$10 million in Certificates of Participation to provide financing for acquisitions, construction, and improvements within the City. In 1997, these certificates were refunded by the 1997 Certificate of Participation. Funds are transferred from the General Fund to make the debt service payments.

Debt Service Funds (continued)

<u>The 2016 Refunding Bonds</u> is used to account for the debt service on the 2016 Certificate of Participation Series A and Series B bonds.

<u>2016 Direct Placement Lease Financing Fund</u> is used to account for the debt service on the 2016 Direct Placement Lease Financing.

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds									
		Street .ighting		Gas Tax		Street	F	Asset Forfeiture		
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	76,514	\$	-	\$	1,309,477	\$	338,487		
Cash with fiscal agents		-		-		-		-		
Receivables:				405 700		57.044		44.070		
Accounts		-		185,799		57,311		14,670		
Taxes		16,281		-		4,886		-		
Interest		36		-		900		-		
Advances to other funds		-		-	_	117,854		-		
Total assets	\$	92,831	\$	185,799	\$	1,490,428	\$	353,157		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	89,164	\$	11,606	\$	53,025	\$	28,237		
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	1,697	Ψ	-	Ψ	18,501	Ψ	-		
Deposits payable		-		_		-		-		
Due to other funds		-		706,850		-		-		
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		
Total liabilities		90,861		718,456	_	71,526		28,237		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		-		
					_					
Fund Balances (Deficits):										
Restricted		1,970		-		1,418,902		324,920		
Unassigned		-		(532,657)		-		-		
Total fund balances		1,970		(532,657)		1,418,902		324,920		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	92,831	\$	185,799	\$	1,490,428	\$	353,157		

(continued)

			Sp	ecial	Revenue F	und	S		
			alifornia		ocal Law				
	0000		Office of		forcement		MTA	F	Proposition
	COPS	<u>I ra</u>	ffic Safety	BIC	ock Grant	N	leasure R		A
\$	252,877	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,260,030	\$	1,199,693
Ŧ	-	Ŷ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŷ	-	Ŧ	-
	-		61,516		3		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	220		-		-		936		957
\$	253,097	\$	61,516	\$	- 3	\$	1,260,966	\$	1,200,650
Ψ	200,001	<u> </u>	01,010	Ψ		Ŷ	1,200,000	Ψ	1,200,000
\$	-	\$	904	\$	-	\$	12,542	\$	265,788
	-		2,188		-		418		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		89,826		38,115		-		-
	-		92,918		38,115		12,960		265,788
			01,010				,		
	-		43,125		-		-		-
	253,097						1,248,006		034 963
	200,097		- (74,527)		- (38,112)		1,240,000 -		934,862
	253,097		(74,527)		(38,112)		1,248,006		934,862
	_00,001		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(00,112)		.,210,000		
\$	253,097	\$	61,516	\$	3	\$	1,260,966	\$	1,200,650
-	,	Ŧ	- ,	÷		-	,,	÷	,,

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

			Specia	al Reve	enue Funds		
	Propositio C	on	Air Quality	I	California Used Oil Recycling	Bever	California age Container Recycling
ASSETS	•						
Cash and investments	\$ 1,728,3	344 \$	109,787	\$	134,066	\$	122,181
Cash with fiscal agents		-	-		-		-
Receivables:			~~~~				
Accounts	•	-	28,861		-		-
Taxes		-	-		-		-
Interest	1,3	337	154		106		97
Advances to other funds		-	-		-	-	-
Total assets	\$ 1,729,6	681 \$	138,802	\$	134,172	\$	122,278
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits payable Due to other funds Advances from other funds Total liabilities	\$ 498,8 2,7 	732 - -	430 - - - - 430	\$	- 142 - - - 142	\$	- 284 - - - 284
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue		-	-		-		-
Fund Balances (Deficits):							
Restricted Unassigned	1,228,1	27 -	138,372 -		134,030 -		121,994 -
Total fund balances	1,228,1	27	138,372		134,030		121,994
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,729,6	<u>81</u> \$	138,802	\$	134,172	\$	122,278

(continued)

					Special Reve	enue Fu	inds					
				Edv	vard Byrne	Ha	wthorne Blvd	Sust	ainable			
20	009 Street		HPRP	Mem	orial Justice	Mobili	ty Improvement	Community				
Im	provements		Funds	Assista	ance Program		Program		Planning Grant		CATV Peg	
\$	2,503,091	\$	15,153	\$	-	\$	104,517	\$	-	\$	229,141	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		68,346		-		-		593	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	1,982		-		-		61		-		-	
\$	2,505,073	\$	- 15,153	\$	- 68,346	\$	- 104,578	\$	-	\$	229,734	
Ψ	2,000,010	Ψ	10,100	Ψ	00,040	Ψ	104,070	Ψ		Ψ	220,104	
\$	- 902	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	- 492	\$	-	\$	-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		28,412		-		-		-	
	- 902				- 28,412		- 492		-		-	
	902				20,412		492		-		-	
	-		-		68,346							
	2 504 171		15,153								229,734	
	2,504,171		-		- (28,412)		- 104,086		-		- 229,134	
	2,504,171		15,153		(28,412)		104,086				229,734	
	2,007,171		10,100		(20,712)		10-7,000		_		220,104	
\$	2,505,073	\$	15,153	\$	68,346	\$	104,578	\$	-	\$	229,734	

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Sp ommunity velopment	A	Revenue Fui 3C Grant ssistance	nds	MTA		oital Projects Fund
	ock Grant		Program	N	leasure M	5	Impact
ASSETS			- ogrann				
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,740,873
Cash with fiscal agents	-	-	-		-		-
Receivables:							
Accounts	16,042		20,512		-		-
Taxes	-		-		-		-
Interest	-		-		77		3,730
Advances to other funds	 -				-		-
Total assets	\$ 16,042	\$	20,512	\$	77	\$	4,744,603
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits payable Due to other funds Advances from other funds Total liabilities	\$ 59,092 2,373 17,897 392,453 - 471,815	\$	- 915 - 20,432 - 21,347	\$	124,029 1,962 - 39,927 - 165,918	\$	- - - - - -
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue	 						-
Fund Balances (Deficits):							
Restricted	-		-		-		4,744,603
Unassigned	(455,773)		(835)		(165,841)		-
Total fund balances	 (455,773)		(835)		(165,841)		4,744,603
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 16,042	\$	20,512	\$	77	\$	4,744,603

		De	ebt Service F	unds					
	Public		2016		2016	То	tal Nonmajor		
F	inancing	R	efunding	Dire	ct Placement	Governmental			
	Authority		Bonds	Lea	se Financing	Funds			
					<u> </u>				
\$	267,871	\$	321,476	\$	115,083	\$	14,828,661		
•	1,402,225		40	Ţ	- ,		1,402,265		
	.,,						.,,		
	-		-		-		453,653		
	-		-		-		21,167		
	211		116		59		10,979		
	-		-		-		117,854		
\$	1,670,307	\$	321,632	\$	115,142	\$	16,834,579		
<u> </u>	· · · ·				· · · · · ·	_			
\$	-		-	\$	-	\$	1,143,639		
	-		-		-		32,606		
	-		-		-		17,897		
	-		-		-		1,316,015		
	-		79,239		-		79,239		
	-		79,239		-		2,589,396		
	-		-		-		111,471		
	1,670,307		-		115,142		15,083,390		
	-		242,393		-		(949,678)		
	1,670,307		242,393		115,142		14,133,712		
\$	1,670,307	\$	321,632	\$	115,142	\$	16,834,579		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Special Rev	enue	Funds		
		Street Lighting		Gas Tax		Street		Asset Forfeiture
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	579,695	\$	2,347,514	\$	_	\$	_
Licenses and permits	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Intergovernmental		132,000		-		85,555		-
Charges for services		-		-		195,745		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		316,747
Use of money and property		36		-		3,413		311
Contributions		-		-		-		212,268
Miscellaneous		-				170,000		
Total revenues		711,731		2,347,514		454,713		529,326
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		820,709
Public works		710,014		712,744		2,226,085		-
Community development		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		259,061		-		509,151
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		710,014		971,805		2,226,085		1,329,860
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		1,717		1,375,709		(1,771,372)		(800,534)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-		-		1,800,000		-
Transfers out		-		(1,800,000)		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(1,800,000)		1,800,000		-
Net change in fund balances		1,717		(424,291)		28,628		(800,534)
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning		253		(108,366)		1,390,274		1,125,454
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$	1,970	\$	(532,657)	\$	1,418,902	\$	324,920

(continued)

_	Special Revenue Funds											
			alifornia		ocal Law			D				
	COPS		Office of ffic Safety		forcement ock Grant	Ν	MTA leasure R	Р	roposition A			
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	187,544		199,549		-		1,019,836		1,641,543 8,669			
	-		-		-		-		0,009			
	953		-		26		3,687		3,469			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	188,497		199,549		26		1,023,523		1,653,681			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	200,000		242,585		48,516		- 138,028		- 1,391,753			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	-		89		-		745,787		-			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	200,000		242,674		48,516		883,815		1,391,753			
_	(11,503)		(43,125)		(48,490)	_	139,708		261,928			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	(11,503)		(43,125)		(48,490)		139,708		261,928			
	264,600		(31,402)		10,378		1,108,298		672,934			
\$	253,097	\$	(74,527)	\$	(38,112)	\$	1,248,006	\$	934,862			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Speci	al Revenue Funds	
	Proposition C	Air Quality	California Used Oil Recycling	California Beverage Container Recycling
Revenues				
Taxes	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	1,360,540	112,631	23,709	123,871
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	5,367	606	399	375
Contributions	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		-	-	
Total revenues	1,365,907	113,237	24,108	124,246
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	18,212
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	1,664,604	-	-	-
Community development	-	104,330	10,406	-
Capital outlay	-	95,281	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-	
Total expenditures	1,664,604	199,611	10,406	18,212
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(298,697)	(86,374)	13,702	106,034
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances	(298,697)	(86,374)	13,702	106,034
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	1,526,824	224,746	120,328	15,960
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 1,228,127	\$ 138,372	\$ 134,030	\$ 121,994

2009 Street ImprovementsHPRP FundsEdward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance ProgramHawthorne Blvd Mobility Improvement ProgramSustainable Community Planning Grant\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-1,833,281209,42653,7326,491-87235,8232,075,595209,51353,732<	
Improvements Funds Assistance Program Program Planning Grant \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - 1,833,281 - - - - - - - 1,833,281 - - - 209,426 53,732 -	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
- -	CATV Peg
- -	
6,491 87 - 235,823	\$-
6,491 87 - 235,823	83,217
235,823	-
235,823	-
235,823	-
<u>2,075,595</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>209,513</u> <u>53,732</u>	-
<u>2,075,595</u> - <u>209,513</u> <u>53,732</u>	-
	-
	83,217
	-
	-
1,124,995 105,427 -	-
(709)	-
	67,385
	-
<u> </u>	
1,124,995 - 19,830 105,427 (709)	67,385
950,600 - (19,830) 104,086 54,441	15,832
	-
<u> </u>	-
<u> </u>	-
950,600 - (19,830) 104,086 54,441	15,832
<u>1,553,571</u> <u>15,153</u> <u>(8,582)</u> - <u>(54,441)</u>	213,902
<u>\$ 2,504,171</u> <u>\$ 15,153</u> <u>\$ (28,412)</u> <u>\$ 104,086</u> <u>\$ -</u>	\$ 229,734

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Revenue Fur	nds		Capital Projects Fund		
	Community Development Block Grant		ABC Grant Assistance Program		MTA Measure M		Development Impact		
Revenues	•		•		•		•		
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		700,780	
Intergovernmental		1,454,072		44,150		924,205		-	
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-	
Use of money and property		- 59,800		-		- 144		- 14,807	
Contributions				-		-		14,007	
Miscellaneous		_		_		_		-	
Total revenues		1,513,872		44,150		924,349		715,587	
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		-		-		-		-	
Public safety		-		44,985		-		-	
Public works		-		-		1,090,190		-	
Community development		1,241,167		-		-		804	
Capital outlay		-		-		-		79	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		355,000		-		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		56,603		-		-		-	
Total expenditures		1,652,770		44,985		1,090,190		883	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(138,898)		(835)		(165,841)		714,704	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out		-		-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-	
Net change in fund balances		(138,898)		(835)		(165,841)		714,704	
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning		(316,875)		-		-		4,029,899	
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$	(455,773)	\$	(835)	\$	(165,841)	\$	4,744,603	

(continued)

		Deb	t Service Fu	nds			
	Public				2016		
	nancing		8 Refunding		Placement		
A	uthority		Bonds	Lease	Financing	Total	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 2,927,209	
Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ŷ	-	783,997	
	-		_		-	9,405,644	
	-		-		-	204,414	
	-		_		-	316,747	
	16,911		290		230	117,402	
	-		-		-	448,091	
	-		2,549,029		-	2,719,029	
	16,911		2,549,319		230	16,922,533	
	10,011		2,010,010		200	10,022,000	
	5,044		-		2,854	26,110	
	-		-		-	1,376,625	
	-		-		-	9,163,840	
	-		-		-	1,355,998	
	-		-		-	1,676,833	
	561,604		1,280,000		168,550	2,365,154	
	160,742		921,377		68,570	1,207,292	
	727,390		2,201,377		239,974	17,171,852	
	(710,479)		347,942		(239,744)	(249,319)	
	(110,110)		017,012		(200,111)	(210,010)	
	721,980		-		237,120	2,759,100	
	-		-		-	(1,800,000)	
	721,980		-		237,120	959,100	
	44 504		0.47.0.40		(0.00.1)	700 70 /	
	11,501		347,942		(2,624)	709,781	
	1,658,806		(105,549)		117,766	13,423,931	
\$ 1	1,670,307	\$	242,393	\$	115,142	\$ 14,133,712	
Ψ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	272,000	Ψ	110,172	ψ 14,100,112	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Street Lighting For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	576,000	\$	576,000	\$	579,695	\$	3,695	
Intergovernmental		132,000		132,000		132,000		-	
Use of money and property		-		-		36		36	
Total revenues		708,000		708,000		711,731		3,731	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works		699,001		699,001		710,014		(11,013)	
Total expenditures		699,001		699,001		710,014		(11,013)	
Net change in fund balance		8,999		8,999		1,717		(7,282)	
Fund balance, beginning		253		253		253		-	
Fund balance, ending	\$	9,252	\$	9,252	\$	1,970	\$	(7,282)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Gas Tax For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with		
	Original			Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	2,454,027	\$	2,454,027	\$	2,347,514	\$	(106,513)	
Use of money and property		800		800		-		(800)	
Total revenues		2,454,827		2,454,827		2,347,514		(107,313)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public works		443,067		942,736		712,744		229,992	
Capital Outlay		260,000		260,000		259,061		939	
Total expenditures		703,067		1,202,736		971,805		230,931	
Excess of revenues over									
expenditures		1,751,760		1,252,091		1,375,709		123,618	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers out		(1,825,530)		(1,825,530)		(1,800,000)		25,530	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,825,530)		(1,825,530)		(1,800,000)		25,530	
Net change in fund balance		(73,770)		(573,439)		(424,291)		149,148	
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(108,366)		(108,366)		(108,366)		-	
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(182,136)	\$	(681,805)	\$	(532,657)	\$	149,148	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Street For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
	Original		Final		Amount		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ 77	7,164	\$	77,164	\$	85,555	\$	8,391
Charges for services	191	,000,		191,000		195,745		4,745
Use of money and property	1	,000,		1,000		3,413		2,413
Miscellaneous	170),000		170,000		170,000		-
Total revenues	439	9,164		439,164		454,713		15,549
Expenditures								
Current:	0.404	700				0 000 005		(404.000)
Public works	2,121			2,121,793		2,226,085		(104,292)
Total expenditures	2,121	,793		2,121,793		2,226,085		(104,292)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,682	2,629)	(1,682,629)		<u>(1,771,372)</u>		(88,743)
Other financing sources								
Transfers in	1,800	0,000,		1,800,000		1,800,000		-
Total other financing sources	1,800			1,800,000		1,800,000		-
Net change in fund balance	117	7,371		117,371		28,628		(88,743)
Fund balance, beginning	1,390),274		1,390,274		1,390,274		-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,507	7,645	\$	1,507,645	\$	1,418,902	\$	(88,743)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Asset Forfeiture For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Budgeted		Actual			ariance with	
Boyonuco	 Original		Final		Amount	FI	nal Budget
Revenues Fines and forfeitures	\$ 1,100,000	\$	1,700,000	\$	316,747	\$	(1,383,253)
Use of money and property	200		200		311		111
Contributions	 1,585,830		1,585,830		212,268		(1,373,562)
Total revenues	 2,686,030		3,286,030		529,326		(2,756,704)
Expenditures Current:							
Public safety	2,158,470		3,537,812		820,709		2,717,103
Capital outlay	 250,000		280,001		509,151		(229,150)
Total expenditures	 2,408,470		3,817,813		1,329,860		2,487,953
Net change in fund balance	277,560		(531,783)		(800,534)		(268,751)
Fund balance, beginning	 1,125,454		1,125,454		1,125,454		-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,403,014	\$	593,671	\$	324,920	\$	(268,751)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual COPS For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		ance with
Revenues		Driginal	Final		Amount			al Budget
Intergovernmental	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	187,544	\$	37,544
Use of money and property		300		300		953		653
Total revenues		150,300		150,300		188,497		38,197
Expenditures Current:								
Public safety		200,000		200,000		200,000		-
Total expenditures		200,000		200,000		200,000		-
Net change in fund balance		(49,700)		(49,700)		(11,503)		38,197
Fund balance, beginning		264,600		264,600		264,600		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	214,900	\$	214,900	\$	253,097	\$	38,197

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual California Office of Traffic Safety For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		ance with
-	(Original	Final		Amount		Fina	al Budget
Revenues	•		•		• · · · · · · · ·			
Intergovernmental	\$	247,705	\$	187,905	\$	199,549	\$	11,644
Total revenues		247,705		187,905		199,549		11,644
Expenditures Current:								
Public safety		173,405		236,377		242,585		(6,208)
Capital outlay		14,500		-		89		(89)
Total expenditures		187,905		236,377		242,674		(6,297)
Net change in fund balance		59,800		(48,472)		(43,125)		5,347
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(31,402)		(31,402)		(31,402)		-
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	28,398	\$	(79,874)	\$	(74,527)	\$	5,347

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Local Law Enforcement Block Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual		ance with	
Revenues	Original					Mount	Final Budget		
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	26	\$	26	
Total revenues		-		-		26		26	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Public safety		-		50,021		48,516		1,505	
Total expenditures		-		50,021		48,516		1,505	
Net change in fund balance		-		(50,021)		(48,490)		1,531	
Fund balance, beginning		10,378		10,378		10,378		-	
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	10,378	\$	(39,643)	\$	(38,112)	\$	1,531	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual MTA Measure R For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Budgeted Original	l Am	ounts Final		Actual Amount	iance with al Budget
Revenues	 ongina		1 mai	7 inouni		 a Buugot
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,015,704	\$	1,015,704	\$	1,019,836	\$ 4,132
Use of money and property	 1,500		1,500		3,687	 2,187
Total revenues	1,017,204		1,017,204		1,023,523	6,319
Expenditures Current:						
Public works	174,055		174,055		138,028	36,027
Capital outlay	 850,000		850,000		745,787	 104,213
Total expenditures	 1,024,055		1,024,055		883,815	140,240
Net change in fund balance	(6,851)		(6,851)		139,708	146,559
Fund balance, beginning	 1,108,298		1,108,298		1,108,298	 -
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,101,447	\$	1,101,447	\$	1,248,006	\$ 146,559

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Proposition A For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Budgetec	l Am			Actual		ance with
	Original		Final		Amount	Fina	al Budget
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,632,655	\$	1,632,655	\$	1,641,543	\$	8,888
Charges for services	13,000		13,000		8,669		(4,331)
Use of money and property	 700		700		3,469		2,769
Total revenues	 1,646,355		1,646,355		1,653,681		7,326
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public works	1,441,060		1,445,060		1,391,753		53,307
Total expenditures	 1,441,060		1,445,060		1,391,753		53,307
Net change in fund balance	205,295		201,295		261,928		60,633
Fund balance, beginning	 672,934		672,934		672,934		-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 878,229	\$	874,229	\$	934,862	\$	60,633

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Proposition C For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Budgeted	Amo		Actual		riance with
	 Driginal		Final	 Amount	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,354,245	\$	1,354,245	\$ 1,360,540	\$	6,295
Use of money and property	1,500		1,500	5,367		3,867
Total revenues	 1,355,745		1,355,745	 1,365,907		10,162
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public works	1,280,995		1,280,995	1,664,604		(383,609)
Total expenditures	 1,280,995		1,280,995	 1,664,604		(383,609)
Net change in fund balance	74,750		74,750	(298,697)		(373,447)
Fund balance, beginning	 1,526,824		1,526,824	 1,526,824		
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,601,574	\$	1,601,574	\$ 1,228,127	\$	(373,447)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Air Quality For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amount		iance with al Budget
Revenues	`	original		T indi	Amount			
Intergovernmental	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	112,631	\$	(87,369)
Use of money and property		200		200		606		406
Total revenues		200,200		200,200		113,237		(86,963)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Community development		206,840		206,840		104,330		102,510
Capital outlay		-		-		95,281		(95,281)
Total expenditures		206,840		206,840		199,611		7,229
Net change in fund balance		(6,640)		(6,640)		(86,374)		(79,734)
Fund balance, beginning		224,746		224,746		224,746		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	218,106	\$	218,106	\$	138,372	\$	(79,734)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual California Used Oil Recycling For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		ance with
_	Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues							•	
Intergovernmental	\$	22,000	\$	22,000	\$	23,709	\$	1,709
Use of money and property		120		120		399		279
Total revenues		22,120		22,120		24,108		1,988
Expenditures Current:								
Community development		16,769		16,769		10,406	,	6,363
Total expenditures		16,769		16,769		10,406		6,363
Net change in fund balance		5,351		5,351		13,702		8,351
Fund balance, beginning		120,328		120,328		120,328		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	125,679	\$	125,679	\$	134,030	\$	8,351

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual California Beverage Container Recycling For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				A	Actual Amounts	 iance with al Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental Use of money and property Total revenues	\$	22,000 - 22,000	\$	22,000 - 22,000	\$	123,871 <u>375</u> 124,246	\$ 101,871 <u>375</u> 102,246
Expenditures Current: General government Total expenditures		18,234 18,234		<u>18,234</u> 18,234		<u>18,212</u> 18,212	 <u>22</u> 22
Net change in fund balance		3,766		3,766		106,034	102,268
Fund balance, beginning		15,960		15,960		15,960	 -
Fund balance, ending	\$	19,726	\$	19,726	\$	121,994	\$ 102,268

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual 2009 Street Improvements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgetec Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues	Onginal	1 11101	Anounts	i inai Duuget
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 1,833,281	\$ 33,281
Use of money and property	900	900	6,491	5,591
Contributions	6,700,000	6,700,000	235,823	(6,464,177)
Total revenues	8,500,900	8,500,900	2,075,595	(6,425,305)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public works	11,109,697	11,109,697	1,124,995	9,984,702
Total expenditures	11,109,697	11,109,697	1,124,995	9,984,702
Net change in fund balance	(2,608,797)	(2,608,797)	950,600	3,559,397
Fund balance, beginning	1,553,571	1,553,571	1,553,571	
Fund balance, ending	\$ (1,055,226)	\$ (1,055,226)	\$ 2,504,171	\$ 3,559,397

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual		ance with
Revenues	0	iginal			Amounts		Fina	I Budget
Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Expenditures Current:								
Public safety		-		36,752		19,830		16,922
Total expenditures		-		36,752		19,830		16,922
Net change in fund balance		-		(36,752)		(19,830)		16,922
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(8,582)		(8,582)		(8,582)		
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(8,582)	\$	(45,334)	\$	(28,412)	\$	16,922

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Hawthorne Blvd Mobility Improvement Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	600,000	\$	600,000	\$	209,426	\$	(390,574)
Use of money and property Total revenues		- 600,000		- 600,000		87 209,513		87 (390,487)
Expenditures Current:								
Public works		120,000		120,000		105,427		14,573
Total expenditures		120,000		120,000		105,427		14,573
Net change in fund balance		480,000		480,000		104,086		(375,914)
Fund balance, beginning		-		-		-		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	480,000	\$	480,000	\$	104,086	\$	(375,914)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual CATV Peg For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		 iance with al Budget
Revenues		0					
Licenses and permits Total revenues	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	83,217 83,217	\$ (16,783) (16,783)
Total revenues		100,000		100,000		00,217	 (10,700)
Expenditures							
Capital outlay		96,000		96,000		67,385	 28,615
Total expenditures		96,000		96,000		67,385	28,615
Net change in fund balance		4,000		4,000		15,832	11,832
Fund balance, beginning		213,902		213,902		213,902	 -
Fund balance, ending	\$	217,902	\$	217,902	\$	229,734	\$ 11,832

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Community Development Block Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Va	riance with
		Original	Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,485,638	\$	1,485,638	\$	1,454,072	\$	(31,566)
Use of money and property		-		-		59,800		59,800
Total revenues		1,485,638		1,485,638		1,513,872		28,234
Expenditures								
Current:		4 070 044		4 070 044		4 0 4 4 4 6 7		(470.050)
Community development Debt service:		1,070,911		1,070,911		1,241,167		(170,256)
Principal retirement		355,000		355,000		355,000		_
Interest and fiscal charges		59,727		59,727		56,603		3,124
Total expenditures		1,485,638		1,485,638		1,652,770		(167,132)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(138,898)		(138,898)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(316,875)		(316,875)		(316,875)		-
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	(316,875)	\$	(316,875)	\$	(455,773)	\$	(138,898)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Alcoholic Beverage Control Grant Assistance Program Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
	(Driginal		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	49,850	\$	49,850	\$	44,150	\$	(5,700)
Total revenues		49,850		49,850		44,150		(5,700)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public Safety		49,850		49,850		44,985		4,865
Total expenditures		49,850		49,850		44,985		4,865
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(835)		(835)
Fund balance, beginning				-		-		-
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(835)	\$	(835)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual MTA Measure M For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
Revenues		Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Intergovernmental	\$	1,036,925	\$	1,036,925	\$	924,205	\$	(112,720)
Use of money and property		-		-		144		144
Total revenues		1,036,925		1,036,925		924,349		(112,576)
Expenditures Current:								
Public Works		1,021,666		1,021,666		1,090,190		(68,524)
Total expenditures		1,021,666		1,021,666		1,090,190		(68,524)
Net change in fund balance		15,259		15,259		(165,841)		(181,100)
Fund balance, beginning		-		-		-		-
Fund balance (deficit), ending	\$	15,259	\$	15,259	\$	(165,841)	\$	(181,100)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Development Impact For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Var	iance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts		al Budget
Revenues								
Licenses and permits	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	700,780	\$	600,780
Use of money and property		4,000		4,000		14,807		10,807
Total revenues		104,000		104,000		715,587		611,587
Expenditures								
Current:								
Community development		804		804		804		-
Capital outlay		-		-		79		(79)
Total expenditures		804		804		883		(79)
Net change in fund balance		103,196		103,196		714,704		611,508
Fund balance, beginning		4,029,899		4,029,899		4,029,899		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	4,133,095	\$	4,133,095	\$	4,744,603	\$	611,508

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual Public Financing Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues								
Use of money and property	\$	100	\$	100	\$ 16,911	\$	16,811	
Total revenues		100		100	 16,911		16,811	
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		9,404		9,404	5,044		4,360	
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		561,603		561,603	561,604		(1)	
Interest and fiscal charges		204,393		204,393	160,742		43,651	
Total expenditures		775,400		775,400	 727,390		48,010	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(775,300)		(775,300)	 (710,479)		64,821	
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in		765,996		765,996	721,980		(44,016)	
Total other financing sources		765,996		765,996	 721,980		(44,016)	
Net change in fund balance		(9,304)		(9,304)	11,501		20,805	
Fund balance, beginning		1,658,806		1,658,806	 1,658,806		-	
Fund balance, ending	\$	1,649,502	\$	1,649,502	\$ 1,670,307	\$	20,805	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual 2016 Refunding Bonds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Va	riance with
		Original	Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Use of money and property	\$	100	\$	100	\$	290	\$	190
Miscellaneous		2,605,924		2,605,924		2,549,029		(56,895)
Total revenues		2,606,024		2,606,024		2,549,319		(56,705)
Expenditures								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,745,482		1,745,482		1,280,000		465,482
Interest and fiscal charges		505,895		505,895		921,377		(415,482)
Total expenditures		2,251,377		2,251,377		2,201,377		50,000
Net change in fund balance		354,647		354,647		347,942		(6,705)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning		(105,549)		(105,549)		(105,549)		-
Fund balance, ending	\$	249,098	\$	249,098	\$	242,393	\$	(6,705)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual 2016 Direct Placement Lease Financing For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	A	Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues									
Use of money and property	\$	300	\$	300	\$	230	\$	(70)	
Total revenues		300		300		230		(70)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		5,704		5,704		2,854		2,850	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		3,066,900		3,066,900		168,550		2,898,350	
Interest and fiscal charges		68,570		68,570		68,570		-	
Bond issuance costs		108,692		108,692		-		108,692	
Total expenditures		3,249,866		3,249,866		239,974		3,009,892	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(3,249,566)		(3,249,566)		(239,744)		3,009,822	
Other Financing Sources									
Proceeds from debt		2,730,900		2,730,900		-		(2,730,900)	
Transfers in		237,120		237,120		237,120		-	
Total other financing sources		2,968,020		2,968,020		237,120		(2,730,900)	
Net change in fund balance		(281,546)		(281,546)		(2,624)		278,922	
Fund balance, beginning		117,766		117,766		117,766			
Fund balance, ending	\$	(163,780)	\$	(163,780)	\$	115,142	\$	278,922	

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2018

ASSETS	quipment		nsurance Reserve	 Total
Current Assets: Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 1,160,025	\$	-	\$ 1,160,025
Accounts	7,431		249	7,680
Advances to other funds	310,000		-	310,000
Inventories	14,311		-	14,311
Total current assets	 1,491,767		249	1,492,016
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,432,311		-	 1,432,311
Total noncurrent assets	 1,432,311		-	1,432,311
Total assets	 2,924,078		249	 2,924,327
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension related	 416,828		429,743	 846,571
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	136,482		80,048	216,530
Compensated absences	4,778		-	4,778
Advances from other funds	-		99,570	99,570
Claims and judgements	 -		692,751	 692,751
Total current liabilities	 141,260		872,369	 1,013,629
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences	19,113		-	19,113
Claims and judgements	-		2,771,005	2,771,005
Net pension liability	 1,041,159		1,331,411	 2,372,570
Total noncurrent liabilities	 1,060,272		4,102,416	5,162,688
Total liabilities	 1,201,532		4,974,785	 6,176,317
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension related	 21,209		37,137	 58,346
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	1,432,311		-	1,432,311
Unrestricted	 685,854		(4,581,930)	 (3,896,076)
Total net position	\$ 2,118,165	\$	(4,581,930)	\$ (2,463,765)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Equipment Replacement			nsurance Reserve	 Total
OPERATING REVENUES Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$	2,166,564 15,597	\$	5,034,720	\$ 7,201,284 15,597
Total operating revenues		2,182,161		5,034,720	 7,216,881
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Administration and general		1,294,607		677,699	1,972,306
Materials and supplies		313,816		-	313,816
Contractual services		46,190		4,203,891	4,250,081
Depreciation		341,289		-	 341,289
Total operating expenses		1,995,902		4,881,590	 6,877,492
Change in net position		186,259		153,130	339,389
NET POSITION					
Net position (deficit), beginning, as restated		1,931,906		(4,735,060)	 (2,803,154)
Net position (deficit), ending	\$	2,118,165	\$	(4,581,930)	\$ (2,463,765)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services Net cash provided by operating activities Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Cash paid to other funds	Equipment Replacement \$ 2,180,367 (1,093,105) (370,346) 716,916	Insurance Reserve \$ 5,036,458 (4,565,520) (437,748) 33,190 (33,190)	Total \$ 7,216,825 (5,658,625) (808,094) 750,106 (33,190)
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital			
financing activities	-	(33,190)	(33,190)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition of capital assets Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(364,862) (364,862)	<u> </u>	(364,862) (364,862)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	352,054	-	352,054
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	807,971		807,971
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,160,025	\$-	\$ 1,160,025
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 186,259	\$ 153,130	\$ 339,389
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in operating assets:	341,289	-	341,289
Accounts receivable	(1,794)	1,738	(56)
Deferred outflows of resources	(31,952)	45,244	13,292
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities: Accounts payable Claims and judgements payable	66,843 -	(54,993) (127,784)	11,850 (127,784)
Compensated absences	(3,646)	-	(3,646)
Net pension liability	157,351	26,099	183,450
Deferred inflows of resources Total adjustments	<u>2,566</u> 530,657	(10,244) (119,940)	<u>(7,678)</u> 410,717
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 716,916	\$ 33,190	\$ 750,106

Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2018

	Community Facilities Districts			ity Agency	 Totals
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$	42,116	\$	2,739,594	\$ 2,781,710
Receivables:					
Taxes		29,124		-	29,124
Interest		1,247		-	1,247
Accounts, net		-		1,598	1,598
Restricted assets:					
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		4,703,961		-	 4,703,961
Total assets	\$	4,776,448	\$	2,741,192	\$ 7,517,640
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	12,077	\$	10,047	\$ 22,124
Accrued liabilities		621,000		-	621,000
Deposits payable		-		2,731,145	2,731,145
Due to bondholders		4,143,371		-	4,143,371
Total liabilities	\$	4,776,448	\$	2,741,192	\$ 7,517,640

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	В	alance at					E	Balance at
	Ju	ne 30, 2017		Additions		Deletions	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Community Facilities Districts								
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	1,459,292	\$	5,214,868	\$	6,632,044	\$	42,116
Taxes receivable		29,631		29,123		29,630		29,124
Interest receivable		642		1,247		642		1,247
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		5,946,086		5,279,660		6,521,785		4,703,961
Total Assets	\$	7,435,651	\$	10,524,898	\$	13,184,101	\$	4,776,448
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	2,889	\$	105,646	\$	96,458	\$	12,077
Accrued liabilities		621,000		-		-		621,000
Due to City of Hawthorne		2,532,284		-		2,532,284		-
Due to bondholders		4,279,478		5,252,860		5,388,967		4,143,371
Total Liabilities	\$	7,435,651	\$	5,358,506	\$	8,017,709	\$	4,776,448
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_		-	<u> </u>
City Agency								
Assets	^	0.074.007	•	7 005 707	•	7 000 000	~	0 700 504
Cash and investments	\$	2,274,087	\$	7,825,787	\$	7,360,280	\$	2,739,594
Accounts receivable, net		745	_	1,599		746		1,598
Total Assets	\$	2,274,832	\$	7,827,386	\$	7,361,026	\$	2,741,192
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	61,928	\$	1,544,346	\$	1,596,227	\$	10,047
Deposits payable	*	2,212,904	Ŧ	8,687,522	Ŧ	8,169,281	+	2,731,145
Total Liabilities	\$	2,274,832	\$	10,231,868	\$	9,765,508	\$	2,741,192
	—	_, ,002	—		—	0,100,000	—	_,,.0_
Combined Agency Funds								
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	3,733,379	\$	13,040,655	\$	13,992,324	\$	2,781,710
Accounts receivable, net	*	745	•	1,599	•	746	•	1,598
Taxes receivable		29,631		29,123		29,630		29,124
Interest receivable		642		1,247		642		1,247
Restricted assets:				,				
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		5,946,086		5,279,660		6,521,785		4,703,961
Total Assets	\$	9,710,483	\$	18,352,284	\$	20,545,127	\$	7,517,640
	*	0,110,100	—		–		—	.,,
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	64,817	\$	1,649,992	\$	1,692,685	\$	22,124
Accrued liabilities	*	621,000	•	-	•	-	•	621,000
Due to City of Hawthorne		2,532,284		-		2,532,284		- ,
Deposits payable		2,212,904		8,687,522		8,169,281		2,731,145
Due to bondholders		4,279,478		5,252,860		5,388,967		4,143,371
Total Liabilities	\$	9,710,483	\$	15,590,374	\$	17,783,217	\$	7,517,640
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STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical Section

This section of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	Page
Financial Trends	151
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	161
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess one of the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	166
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	173
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	176

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2000		Fiscal Year					
	2009	2010	2011	2012				
Governmental Activities:	* 00 455 504	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* 40 740 070	* 40.050.704				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 36,455,524	\$ 41,657,641	\$ 46,716,073	\$ 49,953,731				
Restricted for:								
Community Services	3,223,283.00	3,323,796.00	15,074,542.00	13,337,436.00				
Public Safety	1,352,447	724,352	129,753	197,710				
Public Works	-	-	-	-				
Capital Projects	5,069,136	5,955,329	8,456,744	2,608,932				
Debt Service	5,872,890	4,713,060	1,273,778	550,756				
Unrestricted	1,585,619	(11,361,593)	(23,069,320)	48,281,467				
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 53,558,899	\$ 45,012,585	\$ 48,581,570	\$ 114,930,032				
Business-type activities:								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,495,342	\$ 11,476,850	\$ 11,100,190	\$ 10,727,192				
Unrestricted	508,716	(1,598,865)	(1,643,921)	(645,594)				
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 10,004,058		\$ 9,456,269	\$ 10,081,598				
	+	+ 0,000	+ -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Primary Government:								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 45,950,866	\$ 53,134,491	\$ 57,816,263	\$ 60,680,923				
Restricted for:	¢ 10,000,000	¢ 00,101,101	¢ 01,010,200	¢ 00,000,0 <u>1</u> 0				
Community Services	3,223,283	3,323,796	15,074,542	13,337,436				
Public Safety	1,352,447	724,352	129,753	197,710				
Public Works	1,002,117	12-1,002	120,100	-				
Capital Projects	5,069,136	5,955,329	8,456,744	2,608,932				
Debt Service	5,872,890	4,713,060	1,273,778	550,756				
Unrestricted	, ,	, ,	, ,	,				
	2,094,335	(12,960,458)	(24,713,241)	47,635,873				
Total primary government net position	\$ 63,562,957	\$ 54,890,570	\$ 58,037,839	\$ 125,011,630				

(continued)

	Fiscal Year										
	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
\$	47,629,536	\$	88,248,555	\$	98,764,480	\$	98,816,219	\$	104,119,442	\$	105,088,517
	23,633,197		24,107,637		6,983,229		3,211,422		4,086,416		6,772,717
	238,528		154,050		205,942		293,845		1,400,432		539,905
	-		-		-		5,821,832		6,174,648		4,974,337
	2,633,641		3,459,998		4,028,388		4,428,834		4,243,801		1,785,449
	1,765,455		1,746,659		1,751,788		1,989,372		1,776,572		6,417,462
	37,773,141		2,718,192		(100,463,431)		(104,694,912)		(114,897,815)		(199,077,160)
\$	113,673,498	\$	120,435,091	\$	11,270,396	\$	9,866,612	\$	6,903,496	\$	(73,498,773)
\$ \$	10,495,271 334,901 10,830,172	\$ \$	10,883,092 1,060,109 11,943,201	\$ \$	10,761,597 (446,027) 10,315,570	\$ \$	10,443,914 770,871 11,214,785	\$ \$	10,034,549 1,479,009 11,513,558	\$ \$	9,657,296 863,905 10,521,201
\$	58,124,807	\$	99,131,647	\$	109,526,077	\$	109,260,133	\$	114,153,991	\$	114,745,813
	23,633,197		24,107,637		6,983,229		3,211,422		4,086,416		6,772,717
	238,528		154,050		205,942		293,845		1,400,432		539,905
	-		-		-		5,821,832		6,174,648		4,974,337
	2,633,641		3,459,998		4,028,388		4,428,834		4,243,801		1,785,449
	1,765,455		1,746,659		1,751,788		1,989,372		1,776,572		6,417,462
	38,108,042		3,778,301		(100,909,458)		(103,924,041)		(113,418,806)		(198,213,255)
\$	124,503,670	\$	132,378,292	\$	21,585,966	\$	21,081,397	\$	18,417,054	\$	(62,977,572)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
		2009	2010	2011	2012	
Expenses:						
Governmental Activities:						
General government	\$	18,362,846	\$ 17,791,458	\$ 13,528,644	\$ 6,382,008	
Public safety		38,937,085	37,004,973	38,762,602	39,196,784	
Community development		32,453,794	117,997,385	102,613,415	31,862,859	
Parks and recreation		1,544,197	1,741,604	1,621,402	1,714,451	
Public works		12,188,251	12,126,842	13,128,404	12,085,246	
Interest on long-term debt		6,637,239	6,348,733	6,355,253	5,886,728	
Total governmental activities expenses		110,123,412	193,010,995	176,009,720	97,128,076	
Business-type activities:						
Airport		995,652	928,693	887,718	1,013,603	
Sewer and storm drain		991,326.00	950,602.00	805,277.00	805,749.00	
Total business-type activities expenses		1,986,978	1,879,295	1,692,995	1,819,352	
		<u> </u>				
Total primary government expenses		112,110,390	194,890,290	177,702,715	98,947,428	
Program Revenues:						
Governmental Activities:						
General government		7,558,894	6,511,547	7,641,310	9,450,117	
Public safety		6,110,770	5,489,825	4,840,868	4,715,985	
Community development		31,206,065	93,457,240	100,419,432	38,342,370	
Parks and recreation		991,727	698,277	693,891	772,912	
Public works		4,054,024	8,990,453	11,167,336	9,908,895	
Total governmental activities program revenues		49,921,480	115,147,342	124,762,837	63,190,279	
Business-type activities:						
		1,284,318	238,734	585,975	875.314	
Airport Sewer and storm drain		1,264,316	1,100,512	1,246,078	1,569,367	
Storm Water		1,155,077	1,100,512	1,240,076	1,509,507	
Total business-type activities program revenues		2,439,995	1,339,246	1,832,053	2,444,681	
Total busiless-type activities program revenues		2,439,995	1,555,240	1,032,033	2,444,001	
Total primary government program revenues		52,361,475	116,486,588	126,594,890	65,634,960	
Net (expenses) revenues:						
Governmental activities		(60,201,932)	(77,863,653)	(51,246,883)	(33,937,797)	
Business-type activities		453,017	(540,049)	139,058	625,329	
Total primary government net (expenses)/revenues	\$	(59,748,915)	\$ (78,403,702)	\$ (51,107,825)	\$ (33,312,468)	

Notes:

(1) Amounts have been restated to reflect lighting and landscaping expenditures as part of highways, streets, and parks instead of culture and recreation.

(2) Beginning in fiscal year 2009-2010, all costs relating to the construction inspection function are reported under community development instead of highways, streets, and parks. Also, the storm water management function is under general government instead of highways, streets, and parks.

(continued)

Fiscal Year									
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018				
\$ 7,750,941	\$ 7,768,606	\$ 9,677,945	\$ 9,959,013	\$ 11,094,220	\$ 14,701,855				
41,129,544	43,840,245	48,115,574	47,961,278	54,633,003	54,381,340				
20,364,753	14,003,502	15,380,435	11,948,791	12,849,025	15,498,320				
1,687,789	2,019,805	2,097,720	3,539,851	3,827,432	4,521,785				
13,134,894	14,077,746	14,921,503	10,020,953	12,051,189	10,335,197				
2,297,756	2,189,013	2,084,801	2,862,959	918,037	1,348,742				
 86,365,677	83,898,917	92,277,978	86,292,845	95,372,906	100,787,239				
981,673	901,405	949,809	931,989	1,131,440	1,230,891				
 881,843.00	1,126,983.00	1,581,953	838,433	933,015	2,342,547				
 1,863,516	2,028,388	2,531,762	1,770,422	2,064,455	3,573,438				
 88,229,193	85,927,305	94,809,740	88,063,267	97,437,361	104,360,677				
7,388,347	10,358,083	9,966,590	11,770,484	11,224,984	11,003,976				
5,273,480	6,310,867	5,595,120	9,250,179	5,460,890	5,673,185				
17,592,931	19,140,595	21,395,006	7,923,370	12,460,275	13,194,352				
787,003	801,753	785,977	663,082	642,713	709,246				
 8,115,365	6,982,951	7,104,305	4,682,406	9,318,132	6,181,485				
 39,157,126	43,594,249	44,846,998	34,289,521	39,106,994	36,762,244				
977,941	1,456,803	919,129	860,162	908,988	1,009,726				
1,634,149	1,684,614	1,648,704	1,459,572	1,448,366	1,529,185				
-	-	-	-	-	29,975				
 2,612,090	3,141,417	2,567,833	2,319,734	2,357,354	2,568,886				
41,769,216	46,735,666	47,414,831	36,609,255	41,464,348	39,331,130				
(47,208,551)	(40,304,668)	(47,430,980)	(52,003,324)	(56,265,912)	(64,024,995)				
748,574	1,113,029	36,071	549,312	292,899	(1,004,552)				
 140,014	1,110,020	00,071	040,012	202,000	(1,00-1,002)				
\$ (46,459,977)	\$ (39,191,639)	\$ (47,394,909)	\$ (51,454,012)	\$ (55,973,013)	\$ (65,029,547)				

Changes in Net Position, (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net					
Positions:					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ 25,721,569	\$ 24,583,033	\$ 25,832,453	\$ 14,499,970	
Sales taxes	10,295,502	10,187,490	10,983,038	11,907,391	
Transient occupancy taxes	1,937,184	1,916,962	2,017,281	2,393,034	
Franchise taxes	2,048,950	1,881,614	1,805,767	1,705,681	
Business License taxes	4,372,513	4,107,323	4,878,608	5,072,563	
Utility users tax	7,081,679	6,714,303	6,996,505	6,689,440	
Other taxes	257,931	223,331	356,411	137,620	
Miscellaneous revenue	305,881	264,107.00	406,935	90,807	
Use of money and proprety	1,383,145	662,160	978,096	1,299,405	
Other	4,214,096	3,102,494	-	-	
Transfers			560,774	-	
Total governmental activities	57,618,450	53,642,817	54,815,868	43,795,911	
Business-type activities:					
Use of money and property	413,976	413,976	-	-	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	
Transfers	-	-	(560,774)	-	
Total business-type activities	413,976	413,976	(560,774)		
Total primary government	58,032,426	54,056,793	54,255,094	43,795,911	
Change in Net Position:					
Governmental activities	(2,583,482)	(24,220,836)	3,568,985	9,858,114	
Business-type activities	866,993	(126,073)	(421,716)	625,329	
Total primary government	<u>\$ (1,716,489)</u>	\$ (24,346,909)	\$ 3,147,269	\$ 10,483,443	

(continued)

Fiscal Year									
	2013	2014 2015 2016		2016	2017	2018			
\$	15,011,710	\$ 13,767,847	\$ 15,582,864	\$ 14,693,230	\$ 17,000,228	\$ 17,212,040			
•	12,928,878	13,103,430	14,521,823	14,721,975	16,856,609	18,498,130			
	2,680,392	2,765,262	3,357,279	4,806,401	5,200,111	5,412,476			
	1,767,044	1,801,311	1,833,145	1,809,159	1,724,565	1,765,717			
	4,901,207	4,962,181	4,947,687	6,419,659	5,615,982	6,314,957			
	6,737,474	6,954,818	6,842,540	6,667,384	6,613,873	6,726,815			
	249,778	21,086	115,589	-	-	-			
	38,244	176,333	159,031	1,060,219	1,649,614	11,507,607			
	25,340	13,993	9,017	69,833	40,189	100,699			
	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	-	-				-			
	44,340,067	43,566,261	47,368,975	50,247,860	54,701,171	67,538,441			
	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	-	-	-	23,963	5,874	12,195			
	-								
	-			23,963	5,874	12,195			
	44,340,067	43,566,261	47,368,975	50,271,823	54,707,045	67,550,636			
	(2,868,484)	3,261,593	(62,005)	(1,755,464)	(1,564,741)	3,513,446			
	(2,000,404) 748,574	1,113,029	36,071	573,275	298,773	(992,357)			
	140,014	1,110,029	00,071	010,210	200,110	(332,337)			
\$	(2,119,910)	\$ 4,374,622	\$ (25,934)	\$ (1,182,189)	\$ (1,265,968)	\$ 2,521,089			

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisca	l Year	
	2009	2010	2011	2012
General Fund:				
Pre-GASB 54:				
Reserved for:				
encumbrances	\$ 333,976	\$ 101,884		
prepaid costs				
advances to other funds	20,124,856	20,124,856		
inventory	42,771	56,912		
Unreserved, undesignated	10,885,287	8,604,795		
GASB 54:				
Nonspendable			\$ 18,406,931	\$ 53,364
Unassigned			16,077,846	14,100,610
Total General Fund	31,386,890	28,888,447	34,484,777	14,153,974
All Other Governmental Funds:				
Pre-GASB 54:				
Reserved for:				
encumbrances	28,549	49,903		
prepaid costs	845,868	844,205		
advances to other funds				
land held for resale				
compensated absences	752,203	1,052,374		
capital projects	120,000	120,000		
Unreserved, reported in:				
Special revenue funds	2,817,765	942,806		
Capital projects funds	2,896,091	2,893,989		
Debt service funds	1,381,015.00	5,749,340.00		
Unresearved, designated for debt service	5,782,543.00			
Unreserved, undesignated	(70,825,891)	(56,671,929)		
GASB 54:				
Nonspendable			832,337	857,563
Restricted			8,697,995	9,223,388
Unassigned			(49,562,934)	71,528.00
Total all other governmental funds	(56,201,857)	(45,019,312)	(40,032,602)	10,152,479
Total governmental funds	\$ (24,814,967)	\$ (16,130,865)	\$ (5,547,825)	\$ 24,306,453

	Fiscal Year											
	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	2018		
•	70.007	•	04.400	•	4 000 500	•	0.047.504	•	50.000	•	10,100	
\$	72,607	\$	21,186	\$	4,223,582	\$	3,217,524	\$	53,986	\$	49,432	
	17,081,233		17,825,388		11,846,918		10,763,286		16,615,228		26,066,029	
	17,153,840		17,846,574		16,070,500		13,980,810	_	16,669,214		26,115,461	

			335,181	-	-
12,414,769	13,462,455	15,071,577	15,412,581	17,790,488	21,191,173
(1,463,709.00)	(1,973,549)	(3,391,518)	(1,874,224)	(625,215)	(911,566)
10,951,060	11,488,906	11,680,059	13,873,538	17,165,273	20,279,607
\$ 28,104,900	\$ 29,335,480	\$ 27,750,559	\$ 27,854,348	\$ 33,834,487	\$ 46,395,068

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisc	al Year	
	2009	2010	2011	2012
Revenues:				
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 52,029,08	\$ 49,735,112	\$ 57,525,351	\$ 47,939,202
Licenses and permits	1,480,87	4 1,486,245	1,661,731	1,275,321
Intergovernmental	36,192,11	9 125,853,156	109,233,611	39,277,118
Charges for services	5,551,25	5 4,967,767	1,790,548	1,979,901
Fines and forfeitures	809,02	1,305,900	3,024,286	2,439,989
Use of money and property	3,185,37	2,861,172	5,041,498	1,308,719
Contributions	2,640,12	2,517,450	2,349,180	1,079,694
Miscellaneous	4,828,86	3,632,048	5,804,630	6,920,074
Total Revenues	106,716,71	9 192,358,850	186,430,835	102,220,018
Expenditures: Current:				
General government (2)	15,627,00	16,205,008	11,685,164	5,622,032
Public safety	36,800,34	, ,	36,594,120	36,924,710
Community development (2)	32,502,21	, ,	102,036,018	31,045,909
Parks and recreation	1,867,50		1,412,709	1,496,645
Public works	10,019,42	, ,	12,199,278	10,556,123
Capital outlay	4,573,48		5,590,203	4,830,417
Debt service:	.,,.	.,,	-,,	.,,
Principal retirement	3,602,16	3,585,337	8,611,765	2,693,243
Interest and fiscal charges	6,615,91	, ,	5,771,747	5,591,640
Cost of issuance	-,,-	-,,	-,,.	-,,
Total expenditures	111,608,04	8 200,212,945	183,901,004	98,760,719
Excess/(deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(4,891,32	(7,854,095)	2,529,831	3,459,299
Other financing sources (uses):				
Issuance of debt				
Gain on sale of land held for resale				
Premium on bonds issued				
Discount on bonds issued				
Payment to bond escrow agent				
Sale of capital assets				
Loan proceeds	1,215,50	0 1,125,000	1,125,000	
Bond proceeds	, -,	, ,,,,,,,	6,367,436	
Capital Lease proceeds				73,464
Transfers in	6,878,68	87 8,723,679	12,767,509	7,230,946
Transfers out	(6,278,68	, ,	, ,	(7,230,946)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,815,50			73,464
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (3,075,82	<u>. (6,729,095)</u>	\$ 10,583,040	\$ 3,532,763
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	11.79	5.60%	9.11%	10.19%

Notes:

(1) Amounts have been restated to reflect lighting and landscaping expenditures as part of highways, streets, and parks instead of culture and recreation.

(2) Beginning in fiscal year 2009-2010, all costs relating to the construction inspection function are reported under community development instead of highways, streets, and parks. Also, the storm water management function is under general government instead of highways, streets, and parks.

		Fisca	l Year			
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
49,001,010	\$ 48,842,096	\$ 52,613,639	\$ 54,107,964	\$ 58,115,240	\$ 63,954,559	
2,696,368	2,988,845	3,890,427	2,291,930	2,535,471	3,384,070	
23,735,974	18,331,224	26,682,989	16,469,698	22,245,586	21,283,289	
1,981,251	2,241,294	2,170,626	2,500,544	2,412,936	2,325,798	
2,978,968	3,424,944	3,527,228	3,934,011	5,850,331	3,101,340	
447,973	373,828	446,438	471,056	530,465	580,685	
1,810,060	301,155	365,361	188,206	873,620	888,145	
3,777,822	6,605,953	6,793,843	5,279,485	5,392,496	12,435,535	
86,429,426	83,109,339	96,490,551	85,242,894	97,956,145	107,953,421	
5,780,090 39,296,404 19,665,363 1,506,952 10,275,219 924,301	6,187,963 41,134,364 13,209,207 1,801,650 11,336,465 2,418,275	7,299,439 42,841,325 14,241,571 1,703,966 11,755,008 13,571,753	9,517,701 43,038,523 12,590,103 3467866 8,202,451 2,438,251	9,388,771 46,173,983 12,747,063 3,654,856 13,565,765 3,164,810	10,130,387 49,374,104 11,786,057 14,603,141 3,743,089 2,183,616	
924,301	2,410,275	13,571,755	2,430,231	3,104,010	2,103,010	
3,372,594	3,501,557	3,741,924	4,010,186	5,473,428	2,365,154	
2,454,056	2,289,278	2,224,946	2,658,786 941,625	980,189 108,692	1,207,292	
83,274,979	81,878,759	97,379,932	86,865,492	95,257,557	95,392,840	
3,154,447	1,230,580	(889,381)	(1,622,598)	2,698,588	12,560,581	
			31,803,741	2,730,900		

(29,910,984)

3,927,563 (3,927,563) -	 3,995,825 (3,995,825) -	 4,034,710 (4,730,250) (695,540)	 5,894,967 (5,894,967) 1,892,757	 550,651 2,759,313 (2,759,313) 3,281,551	 2,804,428 (2,804,428) -
\$ 3,154,447	\$ 1,230,580	\$ (1,584,921)	\$ 270,159	\$ 5,980,139	\$ 12,560,581
7.97%	 7.97%	 6.25%	 7.89%	 7.34%	 3.91%

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Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	 Secured	 Unsecured	Les	s: Exemptions	Taxable Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate (2)
2009	\$ 5,431,251,477	\$ 329,070,716	\$	(36,323,693)	\$ 5,723,998,500	0.24755
2010	5,474,378,993	326,479,393		(38,472,729)	5,762,385,657	0.24462
2011	5,391,064,153	284,848,277		(38,980,969)	5,636,931,461	0.25442
2012	5,468,818,806	300,585,978		(38,266,141)	5,731,138,643	0.24601
2013	5,576,281,164	293,802,204		(39,085,229)	5,830,998,139	0.24470
2014	5,778,996,631	262,583,724		(40,374,408)	6,001,205,947	0.09106
2015	5,975,266,047	271,246,528		(38,278,306)	6,208,234,269	0.09115
2016	6,360,930,083	261,718,287		(38,794,555)	6,583,853,815	0.09137
2017	6,761,280,688	586,347,166		(70,829,245)	7,276,798,609	0.09174
2018	7,149,882,995	639,095,098		(62,805,701)	7,726,172,392	0.09127

Notes:

(1) In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only re-assessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is re-assessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

(2) Tax Rate Area 13-115.

Source: Los Angeles County Assessor 2017/18 Combined Tax Rolls

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$100 of assessed value)

		Fisca	al Year	
	2009	2010	2011	2012
City basic rate	0.09484	0.09484	0.09484	0.09484
Redevelopment agency	1.00430	1.00430	1.00370	1.00370
Overlapping Rates				
Centinela Valley Union Hs District	0.02278	0.02918	0.03161	0.04985
County Detention Facilities 1987 Debt	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
EI Camino Community College	0.01703	0.01487	0.01614	0.01688
Hawthorne School District	0.07390	0.07406	0.09394	0.09252
Inglewood Unified School Dist	0.07371	0.11300	0.11452	0.11278
La Community College District	0.02212	0.02311	0.04031	0.03530
La County Flood Control	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Lawndale Elementary School Dist	0.04815	0.04760	0.05429	0.04363
Lennox School District	0.06008	0.06495	0.06281	0.06682
Los Angeles Unified School District	0.12478	0.15181	0.18695	0.16819
Metropolitan Water District	0.00430	0.00430	0.00370	0.00370
Wiseburn School District	0.03818	0.06352	0.06358	0.09994
Wiseburn-Centinela Unified	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Total Direct Rate	0.24755	0.24462	0.25442	0.24601

Notes:

- (1) Tax rates are for Tax Rate Area 13-115.
- (2) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1% fixed amount. This 1% is shared by all taxing agencies in which the subject property resides. In addition to the 1% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of various voter-approved bonds.

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Los Angeles County Assessor 2008/09-2017/2018 Tax Rate Table

	Fiscal Year												
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018								
0.09484	0.09484	0.09484	0.09484	0.09484	0.09484								
-	-	-	-	-	-								
0.05906	0.04369	0.08365	0.06484	0.07865	0.05915								
0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000								
0.01849	0.01750	0.01742	0.01745	0.02294	0.02120								
0.11286	0.10797	0.10620	0.10176	0.09553	0.08818								
0.12139	0.15614	0.14992	0.12761	0.11351	0.11675								
0.04875	0.04454	0.04017	0.03575	0.03596	0.04599								
0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000								
0.04919	0.04651	0.04334	0.04207	0.04064	0.06143								
0.08064	0.08118	0.08464	0.08456	0.09078	0.16337								
0.17561	0.14644	0.14688	0.12971	0.13110	0.12219								
0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350								
0.09129	0.11672	0.13062	0.13341	0.10166	0.11222								
0.00000	0.00000	0.08365	0.07997	0.08727	0.07147								
0.24470	0.09106	0.09115	0.09137	0.09174	0.09127								

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2018			2009	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
SPACE EXPLORATION TECHNOLOGIES CORP	\$ 346,138,149	1	4.48 %	\$-		- %
DCII-2301 WEST 120TH STREET LLC	79,500,000	2	1.03	-		-
DCT CARGO LLC	70,835,067	3	0.92	-		-
COSTCO WHOLESALE CORPORATION	57,780,236	4	0.75	45,430,620	4	0.79
BASP ZELMAN HAWTHORNE LLC	57,732,000	5	0.75	-		-
RT ROCKET ROAD LLC	48,308,639	6	0.63	-		-
M AND A GABAEE	47,647,392	7	0.62	42,099,844	5	0.74
CITY OF HAWTHORNE	45,390,000	8	0.59	-		-
2 LA CIENEGA INC	41,814,993	9	0.54	-		-
OCEANGATE PROPERTY LLC	41,675,770	10	0.54	36,823,434	8	0.64
HEARTHSTONE MULTI ASSET ENTITY	-		-	176,765,888	1	3.09
NORTHROP GRUMMAN SYSTEMS CORPORATION	-		-	58,349,067	2	1.02
RS HAWTHORNE LLC	-		-	47,630,786	3	0.83
MP CARGO LAX I LLC	-		-	42,019,198	6	0.73
VOUGHT AIRCRAFT INDUSTRIES INC	-		-	38,544,561	7	0.67
MS KEARNEY NORTHROP AVENUE LLC	-		-	32,380,368	9	0.57
LA CARANDA LP	-	_	-	31,898,702	10	0.56
Total	\$ 836,822,246		10.85_%	\$ 551,942,468		9.64 %

Note:

The amounts shown above include assessed value date for both the City and the Successor Agency (former Redevelopment Agency).

Source: HdL Coren & Core, Los Angeles County Assessor 2017/2018 Combined Tax Rolls

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Fiscal Year	Та	axes Levied	C	ollected with Year of th		Collections in		Total Collections to Date		
Ended June 30,	for the Fiscal Year		Amount		Percentage of Levy	Su	ibsequent Years	Amount	Percentage	
2009	\$	5,568,957	\$	4,177,470	75.01 %	\$	5,939	\$ 4,183,409	75.12 %	
2010		5,609,633		4,173,069	74.39		857	4,173,926	74.41	
2011		5,497,740		4,128,674	75.10		2,823	4,131,497	75.15	
2012		5,584,145		4,359,666	78.07		16	4,359,683	78.07	
2013		5,683,467		6,633,338	116.71		1,395	6,634,733	116.74	
2014		5,860,446		5,115,351	87.29		14,415	5,129,766	87.53	
2015		6,088,145		5,513,166	90.56		-	5,513,166	90.56	
2016		6,479,711		5,109,479	78.85		-	5,109,479	78.85	
2017		7,170,731		6,339,236	88.40		-	6,339,236	88.40	
2018		7,600,938		6,731,784	88.57		350,002	7,081,786	93.17	

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Certific												Doroontogo	
Fiscal	Partici			Revenue	Le	ase					То	tal Primary	Percentage of Personal	Per
Year	(2		E	Bonds (2)	Fina	incing	Capit	al Leases	Loa	ans Payable		overnment	Income	Capita
2009	\$	-	\$	3,735,000	\$	-	\$	18,905	\$	6,236,136	\$	9,990,041	0.006	11
2010		-		3,630,000		-		2,343		5,758,571		9,390,914	0.006	10
2011		-		9,747,391		-		-		5,278,247		15,025,638	0.009	17
2012		-		9,632,391		-		66,657		4,797,647		14,496,695	0.009	17
2013		-		9,057,452		-		52,460		4,303,708		13,413,620	0.008	15
2014		-		8,454,052		-		37,647		3,942,366		12,434,065	0.007	14
2015		-		7,828,114		-		22,219		3,580,698		11,431,031	0.007	13
2016	31,68	4,772		7,174,930		-		6,778		3,218,691		42,085,171	0.023	48
2017	30,03	2,646		4,353,127	2,	587,550		482,893		2,856,328		40,312,544	0.022	43
2018	29,21	1,468		3,178,249	2.	419,000		378,119		2.493.585		37,680,421	0.020	42

Note:

(1) General bonded debt is debt payable with governmental fund resources. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

2) Presented net of original discounts and premiums

Source: City Finance Department.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Certificates of Participation (3)				Total	Percent of Assessed Value (2)	Per Capita
2009	\$-	\$	3,735,000	\$	3,735,000	0.065	42
2010	-		3,630,000		3,630,000	0.063	40
2011	-		9,747,391		9,747,391	0.173	108
2012	-		9,632,391		9,632,391	0.168	113
2013	-		9,057,452		9,057,452	0.155	106
2014	-		8,454,052		8,454,052	0.141	98
2015	-		7,828,114		7,828,114	0.126	90
2016	31,684,772		7,174,930		38,859,702	0.590	442
2017	30,032,646		4,353,127		34,385,773	0.473	392
2018	29,211,468		3,178,249		32,389,717	0.419	365

Notes:

(1) The revenue bonds are secured by lease payments to be made by the City.

- (2) Assessed value has been used because actual value of taxable property is not readily available in the State of California.
- (3) Presented net of original issue discounts and premiums.

Source: City Finance Department.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
-		2009		2010	2011		2012	
Total assessed valuation	\$	5,723,998,500	\$	5,762,385,657	\$	5,636,931,461	\$	5,731,138,643
Conversion percentage		25%		25%		25%		25%
Adjusted assessed valuation		1,430,999,625		1,440,596,414		1,409,232,865		1,432,784,661
Debt limit percentage		15%		15%		15%		15%
Debt limit		214,649,944		216,089,462		211,384,930		214,917,699
Total net debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds						_		-
Legal debt margin	\$	214,649,944	\$	216,089,462	\$	211,384,930	\$	214,917,699
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%

Note:

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the State.

Source: City Finance Department

County of Los Angeles Tax Assessor's Office

	Fiscal Year							
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018			
\$ 5,830,998,139	\$ 6,001,205,947	\$ 6,208,234,269	\$ 6,583,853,815	\$ 7,276,798,609	\$ 7,726,172,392			
25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%			
1,457,749,535	1,500,301,487	1,552,058,567	1,645,963,454	1,819,199,652	1,931,543,098			
15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%			
218,662,430	225,045,223	232,808,785	246,894,518	272,879,948	289,731,465			
\$ 218,662,430	\$ 225,045,223	\$ 232,808,785	\$ 246,894,518	\$ 272,879,948	\$ 289,731,465			
0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%			

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Revenue B	onds (1)	
		 Debt Se	ervice (2	2)	
Fiscal Year	 Revenue	 Principal		Interest	Coverage
2009	\$ 276,326	\$ 105,000	\$	170,020	1.00
2010	550,341	105,000		166,083	2.03
2011	280,123	110,000		162,145	1.03
2012	1,018,068	115,000		429,652	1.87
2013	1,000,848	574,939		417,157	1.01
2014	998,192	603,400		403,110	0.99
2015	999,499	625,939		387,708	0.99
2016	1,249,488	653,184		370,536	1.22
2017	3,744,990	823,428		409,710	3.04
2018	976,241	730,152		187,849	1.06

Notes:

(1) Revenue bonds are secured by lease payments to be made by the City

(2) Debt service shown is annual debt service.

Source: City Finance Department.

Direct and Overlapping Debt As of June 30, 2018

Direct Debt 2011 SERIES A REVENUE BONDS 2016 CERTIFICATE OF PARTICIPATION SERIES A 2016 CERTIFICATE OF PARTICIPATION SERIES B	Percentage Applicable 100.000% 100.000% 100.000%	Gross Bonded Debt Balance \$ 3,178,249 15,043,966 14,167,502	Estimated Share of Overlapping \$ 3,178,249 15,043,966 14,167,502
2016 DIRECT PLACEMENT LEASE FINANCING Total Direct Debt	100.000%	2,419,000	2,419,000 34,808,717
Overlapping Debt			
*METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT	0.523%	29,354,442	153,524
HAWTHORNE SD DS 1997 SERIES B	96.939%	1,537,101	1,490,050
HAWTHORNE SD DS 1997 SERIES C	96.939%	2,261,661	2,192,432
HAWTHORNE SD DS 1997 SERIES 2004 D HAWTHORNE SD DS 2004 2005 SERIES A	96.939% 96.939%	151,303	146,672
HAWTHORNE SD DS 2004 SERIES A HAWTHORNE SD DS 2004 SERIES 2005B	96.939%	575,579 2,827,278	557,961 2,740,735
HAWTHORNE SD DS 2004, SERIES C 2008	96.939%	8,106,599	7,858,456
HAWTHORNE SD DS 2008,2009 SERIES A	96.939%	5,765,559	5,589,075
HAWTHORNE SD DS 2008 2012 SERIES B	96.939%	11,566,770	11,212,711
HAWTHORNE SD DS REF BONDS 2004 2015 SERIES A	96.939%	5,370,000	5,205,624
HAWTHORNE SD DS REF BONDS 97, 2015 SERIES B	96.939%	3,270,000	3,169,905
LAWNDALE ELEMENTARY SD DS 1998 SERIES C	19.927%	3,000,000	597,810
LAWNDALE ELEMENTARY SD DS 2010 REF BOND	19.927%	8,765,000	1,746,602
LAWNDALE ELEMENTARY SD DS 2016 SERIES A 2017	19.927%	10,000,000	1,992,700
LAWNDALE ELEMENTARY SD DS 2017 REF BOND	19.927%	36,666	7,306
LENNOX SD DS 1998 SERIES A	8.156%	1,147,428	93,584
LENNOX SD DS 1998 SERIES 2002B	8.156%	1,165,437	95,053
LENNOX SD DS 2007, SERIES 2007 LENNOX SD DS 1998 SERIES 2012A QSCB	8.156% 8.156%	836,056	68,189
LENNOX SD DS 1998 SERIES 2012A QSCB	8.156%	2,850,000 1,199,989	232,446 97,871
LENNOX SD DS 2007 SERIES 2010	8.156%	3,358,746	273,939
LENNOX SD DS 2016 SERIES 2017	8.156%	24,995,346	2,038,620
CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HSD 2002 REF BOND S-A	56.878%	11,765,000	6,691,697
CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HSD 2004 REF BOND S-A	56.878%	25,980,000	14,776,904
CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HSD 2008 SERIES A	56.878%	19,632,897	11,166,799
CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HSD 2010, 12 SERIES B	56.878%	6,416,326	3,649,478
CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HSD 2008 2013 SERIES B	56.878%	5,650,000	3,213,607
WISEBURN-CENTINELA UHSD DS 2008 2014 SERIES C	56.878%	55,000,000	31,282,900
CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HSD 2008, 2014 SERIES D	56.878%	24,530,000	13,952,173
CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HSD 2016 REF BOND CENTINELA VALLEY UNION HSD 2016 REF BOND C	56.878% 56.878%	26,790,000	15,237,616
EL CAMINO CCD DS 2002 SERIES 2012C	6.705%	138,575,000 179,006,523	78,818,689 12,002,387
EL CAMINO CCD DS 2012 REF BONDS	6.705%	36,320,000	2,435,256
EL CAMINO CCD DS 2012 SERIES 2016 A	6.705%	95,500,000	6,403,275
EL CAMINO CCD DS 2016 REF BONDS	6.705%	75,585,000	5,067,974
LA CCD DS 2003 TAXABLE SERIES 2004B	0.089%	2,115,000	1,882
LA CCD DS 2001 TAXABLE SERIES 2004A	0.089%	31,555,000	28,084
LA CCD DS 2001, 2008 SER E-1	0.089%	7,580,000	6,746
LA CCD DS 2003, 2008 SER F-1	0.089%	7,575,000	6,742
LA CCD DS 2008, 2009 TAXABLE SER B	0.089%	75,000,000	66,750
LA CCD DS 2008, 2010 TAX SERIES D	0.089%	125,000,000	111,250
LA CCD DS 2008, 2010 TAX SER E (BABS)	0.089%	900,000,000	801,000
LA CCD DS 2008 2012 SERIES F	0.089%	205,000,000	182,450
LA CCD DS 2013 REF BONDS	0.089% 0.089%	42,305,000	37,651 1,481,734
LA CCD DS 2008 SERIES G	0.003 %	1,664,870,000	1,401,734

Notes: * This fund is a portion of a larger agency and is responsible for debt in areas outside the city

Source: HdL Coren & Core, Los Angeles County Assessor 2017/2018 Combined Tax Rolls

Direct and Overlapping Debt, (continued) As of June 30, 2018

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	Percentage Applicable	Gross Bonded Debt Balance	Estimated Share of Overlapping
Overlapping Debt (Continued)			
LA CCD DS 2015 REF SERIES A	0.089%	33,270,000	29,610
LA CCD DS 2015 REF SERIES B	0.089%	272,085,000	242,156
LA CCD DS 2015 REF SERIES C	0.089%	223,910,000	199,280
LA CCD DS 2008 SERIES I	0.089%	175.565.000	156.253
LA CCD DS 2000 SEINEST	0.089%	300,000,000	267,000
LA CCD DS 2010 (LI DONDS)	0.089%	100,000,000	89.000
INGLEWOOD USD DS 2007 REF BONDS	0.051%	37,355,000	19,051
INGLEWOOD USD DS 2007 KEI BONDS INGLEWOOD USD DS 2012 SERIES A	0.051%	26,100,000	13,311
INGLEWOOD USD DS 2012 SERIES A	0.051%	38,560,000	19.666
LOS ANGELES USD DS 2010 REF BONDS	0.051%	125,535,000	138.089
LOS ANGELES USD DS 2004 SERIES A	0.110%	38,035,000	41,839
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2005 REF BONDS A-1	0.110%	14,790,000	41,839
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2002 SERIES E	0.110%	200,000,000	220,000
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2004 SERIES J	0.110%	739,280,000	813,208
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2005 SERIES H	0.110%	609,075,000	669,983
LAUSD MEASURE R SERIES 2009	0.110%	47,425,000	52,168
LAUSD MEASURE R SERIES KRY BABS	0.110%	363,005,000	399,306
LAUSD MEASURE Y 2009 SERIES KRY BABS	0.110%	806,795,000	887,475
LAUSD MEASURE K 2010 SERIES KRY	0.110%	145,250,000	159,775
LAUSD MEASURE R 2010 SERIES KRY	0.110%	157,165,000	172,882
LAUSD MEASURE Y 2010 SERIES KRY	0.110%	130,450,000	143,495
LAUSD MEASURE R 2010 SERIES RY BABS	0.110%	477,630,000	525,393
LAUSD MEASURE Y 2010 SERIES RY BABS	0.110%	772,955,000	850,251
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2011 REFUNDING BOND SERIES A 1	0.110%	127,870,000	140,657
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2011 REFUNDING BOND SERIES A 2	0.110%	143,980,000	158,378
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2014 REF BOND SERIES A	0.110%	109,940,000	120,934
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2014 REF BOND SERIES B	0.110%	283,135,000	311,449
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2014 REF BOND SERIES C	0.110%	909,360,000	1,000,296
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2014 REF BOND SERIES D	0.110%	153,385,000	168,724
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2005 SERIES K	0.110%	8,035,000	8,839
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2015 REF BONDS SERIES A	0.110%	318,085,000	349,894
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2008 SERIES A 2016	0.110%	1,162,115,000	1,278,327
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2016 REF BONDS SERIES A	0.110%	500,855,000	550,941
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2016 REF BONDS SERIES B	0.110%	1,057,635,000	1,163,399
LOS ANGELES UNIF DS 2017 REF BONDS SER A PROP BB	0.110%	1,202,445,000	1,322,690
WISEBURN USD DS 1997 SERIES 1999A	15.986%	1,977,799	316,171
WISEBURN USD DS 2000 SERIES 2001	15.986%	5,417,160	865,987
WISEBURN USD DS 2007 2008 SERIES A	15.986%	21,117,400	3,375,828
WISEBURN USD DS 2010 2012 SERIES C	15.986%	47,978,286	7,669,809
WISEBURN USD DS 2010 2013 SERIES D	15.986%	4,990,000	797,701
WISEBURN USD DS REF BONDS 2015 SERIES A	15.986%	5,410,000	864,843
WISEBURN USD DS REF BONDS 2015 SERIES B	0.15986	9,560,000	1,528,262
WISEBURN USD DS REF BONDS 2016 SERIES A	0.15986	36,415,000	5,821,302
		\$ 15,833,832,351	288,924,193
		,,,	,- ,

Total Direct and Overlapping Debt

\$ 323,732,910

2017/18 Assessed Valuation: \$5,963,119,197 After Deducting \$1,718,721,224 Incremental Value. Debt To Assessed Valuation Ratios: Direct Debt

Direct Debt	0.59%
Overlapping Debt	4.86%
Total Debt	5.45%

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Fiscal Year	Square Miles	Population	Population Percentage Change	 sonal Income Thousands)	Р	er Capita ersonal ome (1)	Unemployment Rate (2)
2008	6.08	89,354		\$ 1,584,454	\$	17,732	9.8%
2009	6.08	89,645	0.33%	1,559,312		17,394	15.0%
2010	6.08	90,145	0.56%	1,578,078		17,506	16.3%
2011	6.08	85,047	-5.66%	1,651,528		19,419	15.9%
2012	6.08	85,474	0.50%	1,674,179		19,587	12.1%
2013	6.08	86,644	1.37%	1,710,093		19,737	10.0%
2014	6.08	86,685	0.05%	1,715,583		19,791	7.4%
2015	6.08	88,003	1.52%	1,755,987		19,954	6.0%
2016	6.08	87,662	-0.39%	1,801,255		20,548	4.7%
2017	6.08	88,772	1.27%	1,841,485		20,744	5.2%

Sources: HdL Coren & Cone

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2018			2009	
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percent of Total Employment
Space Exploration Technologies (1)	5352	1	11.74%			0.00%
Hawthorne School District	709	2	1.55%			0.00%
City of Hawthorne	367	3	0.80%			
Teledyne Relays	343	4	0.75%			0.00%
Triump Aerostructures (formerly Vought aircraft)	326	5	0.71%			0.00%
OSI Systems Inc	307	6	0.67%			
Home Depot	271	7	0.59%			
Wiseburn Unified School District(2)	255	8	0.56%			0.00%
Lithographix Inc	254	9	0.56%			
Expeditors	250	10	0.55%			0.00%
						0.00%
						0.00%
						0.00%
						0.00%
Total	8,434		18.48%	0		0.00%

45,600

Source: MuniServices, LLC

Total City Employment (3)

(1) Includes 3 locations

(2) Includes Da Vinci Charter - Total is FTE

(3) Total City Labor Force provided by EDD Labor Force Data.
 Note: No previous Principal Employers Report to compare to.

Full-time and Part-time Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program:	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General government	135	134	137	130	132	139	132	120	130	129
Public safety	129	109	101	103	106	109	108	112	100	99
Public works, streets maint	37	44	46	47	42	43	46	47	48	45
Comm dev-planning, building, housing	23	27	27	27	27	34	32	28	26	27
Recreation & Comm-serv, parks	199	176	147	131	127	103	94	84	99	92
Total	523	490	458	438	434	428	412	391	403	392

Source: City Finance Department.

Operating Indicators by Function (1) Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
General Government: Number of business licenses issued Number of requests for public information Number of new hires including part-time Number of invoices processed	5,269 33 104 15,199	5,314 62 39 15,251	5,547 80 37 13,580	4,719 54 42 12,911
Public Safety:				
Police: Number of emergency calls	46,800	46,904	53,344	57,706
Fire: Contracts with the Los Angeles	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Highways and Streets: Number of street lights added in current year Number of traffic signals added in current year Miles of streets swept Miles of centerline streets added Storm drain structures cleaned and repaired	- - 15,184 - 993	1 - 15,184 - 993	- - 15,184 - 993	- 1 15,184 - 993
Culture and Recreation: Number of facility rentals Number of swim program participants Number of adult sports participants Number of youth sports participants Number of senior nutrition program meals served				
Community Development: Number of building permits issued Approximate number of building inspections conducted Number of new business licenses issued	534	540	475 6,911 615	510 7,914 533

Source: Various City Departments.

2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18
5,662 62	5,473 56	5,021 158	6,221 152	5,992 223	5,752 201
45	62	57	97	95	84
10,863	11,000	10,007	9,478	21,887	20,958
56,130	60,115	57,348	51,402	40,002	39,703
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
-	1	-	-	1	2
-	-	1	-	1	-
15,184	15,184	15,184	15,184	15,184	15,184
-	-	-	-	-	-
993	993	993	993	993	993
	044	700	0.07		0.47
	811	783	867	889	847
	24,123 80	23,987 100	24,280 80	25,494 80	30,625 30
	565	563	577	605	701
	18,750	18,750	18,750	18,750	16,841
	10,750	10,700	10,700	10,750	10,041
681	673	716	712	594	775
10,143	9,893	8,845	7,020	4,000	6,200
702	611	719	839	764	669

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012
Public Safety:				
Police (1)				
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1
Number of emergency vehicles	83	78	85	80
Fire				
Number of fire stations (1)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Number of emergency vehicles	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Highways and Streets:				
Miles of streets (2)	91	91	91	91
Number of street lights	3,634	3,634	3,634	3,639
Culture and Recreation:				10
Parks	9	9	9	10
Acres of park land Pools	50.23 1	50.23 1	50.23 1	50.38 1
1 0013	I	I	I	1

Notes:

(1) The Fire station is owned by LA County. We contract the fire service.

(2) The number includes both California Edison Owned street lights and street light owned by City of Hawthorne.

Sources: Various City departments.

_	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
	1	1	1	1	1	1
	80	79	76	99	96	96
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	91	91	91	91	91	91
	3,639	3,639	3,639	3,639	3,639	3,639
	10	10	10	10	10	10
	50.38	50.38	50.38	50.38	50.38	50.38
	1	1	1	1	1	1

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