

# CITY OF HAWTHORNE, CALIFORNIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

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# CITY OF HAWTHORNE, CALIFORNIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

Prepared by the Department of Finance

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Hawthorne, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hawthorne, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Hawthorne's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hawthorne, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison of the General Fund and the South Bay Workforce Investment Board Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 9, 2010, on our consideration of the City of Hawthorne's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures that consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Hawthorne, California

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying introductory section, the combining and individual fund statements, schedules and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

February 9, 2010

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Hawthorne, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Hawthorne for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal and the City's financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At June 30, 2009, the City's net assets (excess of assets over liabilities) were \$63.6 million. Of this amount, \$2.1 million is available to meet the City's ongoing operations.
- During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the City's total net assets decreased by \$3.9 million of which a majority is represented in the governmental activities.
- At the end of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$10.8 million, or 21.8 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The basic financial statements include the City (primary government) and all legally separate entities (component units) for which the government is financially accountable. The City's component units consist of the following: The Housing Authority of the City of Hawthorne, The Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Hawthorne, The Parking Authority of the City of Hawthorne, and the Hawthorne Public Financing Authority. These component units have been included in the basic financial statements as an integral part of the primary government using the blended method.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the City and provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances. These statements present governmental activities and business type activities separately and include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt). Additionally, certain interfund receivables, payables and other interfund activity have been eliminated as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets report information about the City as a whole and about its activities. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities of the City using the *accrual basis* of *accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets, we separate the City activities as follows:

#### Governmental Activities

Most of the City's basic services are reported in this category, including Administration, Public Safety, Public Works, Community Development, and Parks and Recreation. Property, business, hotel and sales taxes, user fees, interest income, franchise fees, and state and federal grants finance these activities.

#### Business-Type Activities

The City charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the costs of certain services it provides. The City's Airport and Sewer and Storm Drain activities are reported as business-type activities.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other funding sources.

The fund financial statements include statements for each of the three categories of activities – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The governmental activities are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The business-type activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The fiduciary activities are agency funds, which only report assets and liabilities and do not have a measurement focus.

Governmental Funds—The Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-Wide Financial Statements, Governmental Funds Financial Statements focus on current financial resources, which emphasize near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as balances of spendable resources at the end of the fiscal year. This information is essential in evaluating the City's near-term financial requirements.

To better understand the City's long-term and short-term requirements, it is useful to compare the City's Governmental Fund Statements with the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. A reconciliation of the statements is provided for both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances to facilitate this comparison.

The major governmental funds include the General Fund, The South Bay Workforce Investment Board Fund, and The Community Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds, which are reported in detail in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements. All other funds are shown in the aggregate as other non-major funds. Individual fund data for other non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of supplementary information elsewhere in the report.

Proprietary Funds—The City maintains two types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Airport and Sewer and Storm Drain operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its Risk Management and Vehicles & Equipment. Because these services predominantly benefit the governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included within governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-Wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. The enterprise funds and internal service funds are each combined into a single aggregated presentation by fund type in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the enterprise funds and internal service funds is provided in the form of supplementary information elsewhere in the report.

Fiduciary Funds—The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds held on behalf of external parties. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

#### Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required* supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees, and a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund and The South Bay Workforce Investment Board Fund.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### Statement of Net Assets

Net assets are a good indicator of the City's financial position. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, net assets of the City were \$63.6 million, which is a decrease of \$3.9 million from the prior year.

The following is the condensed Statement of Net Assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

#### City of Hawthorne Net Assets (dollars in thousands)

		Governmen	tal A	cti vities	Business-type Activities			Total				
		2009		2008		2009	2008		2009			2008
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	90, 180 115, 465	\$	98,505 117,540	\$	1,002 9,495	\$	903 3,236	\$	91,182 124,960	\$	99,408 120,776
Total Assets		205,645		216,045		10,497		4,139		216,142		220,184
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities Total Liabilities	_	143,958 8,128 152,086		144,261 7,837 152,098		103 390 493		100 542 642	_	144,061 8,518 152,579		144,361 8,379 152,740
Net assets: Invested in Capital Assets												
Net of Related Debt		36,456		36,430		9,495		3,236		45,951		39,666
Restricted		15,517		14,073						15,517		14,073
Unrestricted		1,586		13,444		509		261		2,095		13,705
Total Net Assets	\$	53,559	\$	63,947	\$	10,004	\$	3,497	\$	63,563	\$	67,444

Approximately \$46 million (72%) of the City's net assets consist of the City's investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, machinery and equipment, less any related debt to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to the citizens of the City of Hawthorne; therefore, they are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net assets totaling approximately \$15.5 million (24%) represents resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets \$2.1 million (3%) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### Statement of Activities

The following is the condensed Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

City of Hawthorne
Changes in Net Assets (dollars in thousands)

		Gover nm ent	ver nm ental Activities			Business-type Activities				To	otal	
		2009		2008		2009		2008		2009		2008
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	10,368	\$	13,755	\$	1,508	\$	1,587	\$	11,876	\$	15,342
Operating contributions and grants	;	39,417		47,031						39,417		47,031
Capital contributions and grants		136		5,226		932		4,872		1,068		10,098
General revenues:												
Property taxes		25,721		21,641						25,721		21,641
Other taxes		25,994		26,435						25,994		26,435
Other		5,904		5,145		414		391		6,318		5,536
Total Revenues		107,540		119,233		2,854		6,850		110,394		126,083
Expenses:												
General government		18,363		14,077						18,363		14,077
Public safety		38,937		39,018						38,937		39,018
Community development		32,454		30,230						32,454		30,230
Parks and recreation		1,544		3,091						1,544		3,091
Public works		12,188		12,870						12,188		12,870
Interest on long-term debt		6,637		7,053						6,637		7,053
Airport						996		5,830		996		5,830
Sewer and storm drain						991		1,002		991		1,002
Total Expenses		110,123		106,339		1,987		6,832		112,110		113,171
Increase (decrease) in net assets												
before transfers		(2,583)		12,894		867		18		(1,716)		12,912
Transfers										0		0
Increase (decrease) in net assets		(2,583)		12,894		867		18		(1,716)		12,912
Net assets - 6/30/08, as restated		56,142		51,053		9,137		3,479		65,279		54,532
Net assets - 6/30/09	\$	53,559	\$	63,947	\$	10,004	\$	3,497	\$	63,563	\$	67,444

#### Governmental Activities

The City's net assets from governmental activities totaled \$53.6 million. The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$110.1 million. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that the taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was only \$60.2 million because some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$10.4 million), or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with operating and capital grants and contributions (\$39.6 million). Overall, the City's governmental program revenues were \$49.9 million. The City paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with \$57.6 million in taxes (some of which could only be used for certain programs) and with other revenues, such as interest earnings and general entitlements.

#### Revenue highlights:

- General Revenues increased \$4.4 million from the prior year mainly due to an increase in property taxes and other miscellaneous revenue.
- Charges for services decreased nearly \$3.4 million due to a decrease in the development impact fees that occurred in the prior year.
- Operating and Capital contributions and grants decreased \$12.7 million. This decrease is principally related to the completion of street improvement projects that were funded by state and federal grants in the prior year.

#### Expense highlights:

Expenses increased overall by \$3.8 million. Increases can be attributed to higher insurance benefit
costs for personnel. Decreases are a result of cuts in overtime along with the completion of special
projects funded through state and federal grants.

#### **Business Type Activities**

The City's business-type activities increased net assets by \$6.5 million. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

#### Revenue Highlights:

 Total program revenue in the business-type activities decreased by \$4 million primarily due to the completion of the Hawthorne Airport runway improvement project funded by grants received from the Federal Aviation Administration.

#### Expense Highlights:

 Total expenses in the business-type activities decreased \$4.8 million as a result of the completion of the Airport runway improvement project.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements.

As of the end of Fiscal Year 2008-09, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance deficit of \$24.8 million, an increase of \$3.3 million in comparison with the prior fiscal year. Of this amount, \$22.2 million is reserved to indicate that it is not available for appropriation because it had already been committed for various purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of Fiscal Year 2008-09, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$10.8 million, while the total fund balance was \$31.4 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total expenditures. At June 30, 2009, unreserved fund balance was 22.9 percent of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance was 66 percent of total expenditures and transfers out.

The City's General Fund balance shows an increase of \$14,866 in Fiscal Year 2008-09 as compared to a decrease of \$576,021 in Fiscal Year 2007-08.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Factors concerning these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of Government-wide Financial Analysis of business-type activities.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets Including Infrastructure

Capital assets including infrastructure of the City are those assets that are used in the performance of the City's functions. At June 30, 2009, net capital assets totaled \$115.5 million for governmental activities and \$9.5 million for business-type activities, including depreciation on capital assets, which is recognized in the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, infrastructure (streets, sidewalks, traffic signals, etc.), and machinery and equipment. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for Fiscal Year 2008-09 was \$4.2 million, or 3.3 percent.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City of Hawthorne's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City's Finance Department, at the City of Hawthorne, 4455 West 126<sup>th</sup> Street, Hawthorne, CA 90250.

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

	Primary Government						
	Governmental	Business-Type					
	Activities	Activities	Total				
Assets:		<b>A</b> 4 007 004	<b>A</b> 00 <b>7</b> 00 004				
Cash and investments	\$ 25,464,700	\$ 1,267,361	\$ 26,732,061				
Receivables:	5 770 000	407.040	5 007 004				
Accounts	5,770,063	167,218	5,937,281				
Accrued interest	111,019	-	111,019				
Taxes	1,955,618	-	1,955,618				
Contracts and notes	7,562,644	-	7,562,644				
Internal balances	432,872	(432,872)	-				
Prepaid costs	845,868	-	845,868				
Due from other governments	14,564,507	-	14,564,507				
Inventories	57,082	-	57,082				
Deferred charges	2,150,977	-	2,150,977				
Net pension asset	25,127,759	-	25,127,759				
Investment in joint venture	3,569,307	-	3,569,307				
Restricted assets:							
Cash with fiscal agent	2,567,255	-	2,567,255				
Capital assets not being depreciated	7,748,529	37,314	7,785,843				
Capital assets, net of depreciation	107,716,800	9,458,028	117,174,828				
Total Assets	205,645,000	10,497,049	216,142,049				
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	4,842,097	359,741	5,201,838				
Accrued liabilities	1,031,482	20,301	1,051,783				
Accrued interest	1,468,774	-	1,468,774				
Unearned revenue	31,060	_	31,060				
Deposits payable	64,912	9,733	74,645				
Due to other governments	690,203	-	690,203				
Noncurrent liabilities:	333,233		000,200				
Due within one year	6,332,877	13,982	6,346,859				
Due in more than one year	137,624,696	89,234	137,713,930				
Total Liabilities	152,086,101	492,991	152,579,092				
Net Assets:							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	36,455,524	9,495,342	45,950,866				
Restricted for:	33, 133,32 1	0, 100,0 12	.0,000,000				
Community development projects	3,223,283	_	3,223,283				
Public safety	1,352,447	_	1,352,447				
Capital projects	5,069,136	_	5,069,136				
Debt service	5,872,890	_	5,872,890				
Unrestricted	1,585,619	508,716	2,094,335				
Total Net Assets	\$ 53,558,899	\$ 10,004,058	\$ 63,562,957				

		Program Revenues					
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contributions and Grants	Capital Contributions and Grants			
Functions/Programs							
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 18,362,846	\$ 3,835,629	\$ 3,723,265	\$ -			
Public safety	38,937,085	4,134,326	1,976,444	-			
Community development	32,453,794	284,037	30,870,406	51,622			
Parks and recreation	1,544,197	654,682	327,545	9,500			
Public works	12,188,251	1,458,829	2,519,819	75,376			
Interest on long-term debt	6,637,239						
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	110,123,412	10,367,503	39,417,479	136,498			
Business-Type Activities:							
Airport	995,652	352,623	-	931,695			
Sewer and Storm Drain	991,326	1,155,677					
Total Business-Type Activities	1,986,978	1,508,300		931,695			
Total Primary Government	\$ 112,110,390	\$ 11,875,803	\$ 39,417,479	\$ 1,068,193			

#### **General Revenues:**

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Transient occupancy taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Business licenses taxes

Utility users tax

Other taxes

Motor vehicle in lieu - unrestricted

Use of money and property

Other

#### **Total General Revenues**

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets at Beginning of Year

Restatement of Net Assets

Net Assets at End of Year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets	
Primary Government	

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (10,803,952) (32,826,315)	\$ -	\$ (10,803,952) (32,826,315)
(1,247,729)	-	(1,247,729)
(552,470)	-	(552,470)
(8,134,227)	-	(8,134,227)
(6,637,239)		(6,637,239)
(60,201,932)		(60,201,932)
-	288,666	288,666
	164,351	164,351
	453,017	453,017
(60,201,932)	453,017	(59,748,915)
25,721,569	-	25,721,569
1,937,184	-	1,937,184
10,295,502	-	10,295,502
2,048,950	-	2,048,950
4,372,513 7,081,679	-	4,372,513 7,081,679
257,931	-	257,931
305,881	-	305,881
1,383,145	413,976	1,797,121
4,214,096		4,214,096
57,618,450	413,976	58,032,426
(2,583,482)	866,993	(1,716,489)
63,947,448	3,497,701	67,445,149
(7,805,067)	5,639,364	(2,165,703)
\$ 53,558,899	\$ 10,004,058	\$ 63,562,957

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

		Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
	<u>General</u>	South Bay Workforce Invest. Board	Community Redevelopment Agency
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 5,417,666	\$ -	\$ 6,457,464
Receivables:	Ψ 3,417,000	Ψ -	ψ 0,437,404
Accounts	4,905,218	-	-
Taxes	185,130	-	365,101
Notes and loans	-	-	297,002
Accrued interest	38,466	-	31,288
Prepaid costs Due from other governments	-	- 13,242,621	-
Due from other funds	3,489,533	10,242,021	-
Advances to other funds	60,129,166	-	-
Inventories	42,771	-	-
Restricted assets:			
Cash and investments with fiscal agents			
Total Assets	\$ 74,207,950	\$ 13,242,621	\$ 7,150,855
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,256,161	\$ 1,533,362	\$ 1,198,314
Accrued liabilities	759,872	171,763	5,975
Deferred revenues	40,756,025	26,602,099	297,002
Unearned revenues	23,749	-	-
Deposits payable	25,000	-	22,015
Due to other governments Due to other funds	253	443,645	-
Advances from other funds	-	58,139 -	60,129,166
Total Liabilities	42,821,060	28,809,008	61,652,472
Fund Balances:			
Reserved:			
Reserved for encumbrances	333,976	5,684	-
Reserved for prepaid costs	-	-	-
Reserved for advances to other funds Reserved for inventory	20,124,856 42,771	-	-
Reserved for capital projects	42,771	- -	-
Reserved for compensated absences	-	752,203	-
Unreserved:		•	
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor:			
Special revenue funds	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	-	-	-
Debt service funds Designated for debt service	- -	- -	<u>-</u>
Undesignated	10,885,287	(16,324,274)	(54,501,617)
Total Fund Balances	31,386,890	(15,566,387)	(54,501,617)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 74,207,950	\$ 13,242,621	\$ 7,150,855

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Se	Debt ervice Fund				
	Community Redevelopment Agency		Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:	¢	2 659 727	\$	9 906 601	¢	22 240 549
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	2,658,727	Ф	8,806,691	\$	23,340,548
Accounts		780,000		25,615		5,710,833
Taxes		1,385,666		19,721		1,955,618
Notes and loans		-		6,955,642		7,252,644
Accrued interest		-		41,265		111,019
Prepaid costs		-		845,868		845,868
Due from other governments		-		1,321,886		14,564,507
Due from other funds		-		-		3,489,533
Advances to other funds		-		-		60,129,166
Inventories		-		-		42,771
Restricted assets:  Cash and investments with fiscal agents		958,150		1,609,105		2,567,255
Total Assets	\$	5,782,543	\$	19,625,793	\$	120,009,762
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	589,858	\$	4,577,695
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	-	Ψ	78,645	Ψ	1,016,255
Deferred revenues		-		7,323,788		74,978,914
Unearned revenues		-		7,311		31,060
Deposits payable		-		17,897		64,912
Due to other governments		-		246,305		690,203
Due to other funds		-		3,278,385		3,336,524
Advances from other funds						60,129,166
Total Liabilities				11,542,189		144,824,729
Fund Balances: Reserved:						
Reserved for encumbrances		_		22.865		362,525
Reserved for prepaid costs		-		845,868		845,868
Reserved for advances to other funds		-		-		20,124,856
Reserved for inventory		-		-		42,771
Reserved for capital projects		-		120,000		120,000
Reserved for compensated absences		-		-		752,203
Unreserved:						
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor:						
Special revenue funds		-		2,817,765		2,817,765
Capital projects funds		-		2,896,091		2,896,091
Debt service funds		- - 700 - 40		1,381,015		1,381,015
Designated for debt service Undesignated		5,782,543 <u>-</u>		-		5,782,543 (59,940,604)
Total Fund Balances		5,782,543		8,083,604		(24,814,967)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,782,543	\$	19,625,793	\$	120,009,762

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ (24,814,967)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.	114,275,843
Investment in joint venture have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.	3,569,307
Bond issuance cost is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it is a deferred charge in the Statement of Net Assets.	2,150,977
Net pension asset relates to the pension obligation bonds used to prepaid the PERS unfunded obligation. This prepayment was recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds statements when made, but the prepayment is amortized over the PERS actuarial amortization period in the government-wide statements.  Long-term debt and compensated absences have not been included in the governmental fund activity:	25,127,759
Long-term liabilities Compensated Absences	(130,139,360) (7,787,638)
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on bonds has not been reported in the governmental funds.	(1,468,774)
Revenues reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the Statement of Activities. These are included in intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.	74,978,914
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds must be added to the Statement of Net Assets.	(2,333,162)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 53,558,899

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund
		South Bay Workforce	Community Redevelopment
P	General	Invest. Board	Agency
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 37,890,843	\$ -	\$ 2,573,087
Licenses and permits	1,263,571	Ψ - -	φ 2,575,007
Intergovernmental	2,071,772	14,807,089	-
Charges for services	4,602,403	· · · -	-
Use of money and property	129,171	-	418,288
Fines and forfeitures	2,177,397	-	-
Contributions	2,440,124	-	-
Miscellaneous	895,038		495
Total Revenues	51,470,319	14,807,089	2,991,870
Expenditures:			
Current: General government	7,392,923	_	4,429,819
Public safety	35,504,471	_	4,429,019
Community development	1,423,805	15,738,666	_
Parks and recreation	1,867,503	-	-
Public works	3,272,533	-	-
Capital outlay	299,890	47,912	3,839,322
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	93,781	-	205,244
Interest and fiscal charges	12,360	<u>-</u> _	1,346,561
Total Expenditures	49,867,266	15,786,578	9,820,946
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,603,053	(979,489)	(6,829,076)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in	600,000	-	3,000,000
Transfers out	(2,278,687)	-	-
Notes and loans issued	90,500	<u> </u>	1,125,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,588,187)		4,125,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 14,866	\$ (979,489)	\$ (2,704,076)
Fund Balances:			
Beginning of year, as originally reported	\$ 31,372,024	\$ (14,379,904)	\$ (51,797,541)
Restatements	· · ·	(206,994)	
Beginning of year, as restated	31,372,024	(14,586,898)	(51,797,541)
Net change in fund balances	14,866	(979,489)	(2,704,076)
End of Year	\$ 31,386,890	\$ (15,566,387)	\$ (54,501,617)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Debt Service Fund		
P	Community Redevelopment Agency	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ 11,025,664 - -	\$ 539,493 217,303 19,313,258 948,852	\$ 52,029,087 1,480,874 36,192,119 5,551,255
Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous	32,502 - - 780,000	229,063 1,007,977 200,000 3,153,329	809,024 3,185,374 2,640,124 4,828,862
Total Revenues	11,838,166	25,609,275	106,716,719
Expenditures: Current:			
General government Public safety	3,726,466	77,793 1,295,875	15,627,001 36,800,346
Community development Parks and recreation	-	15,339,743	32,502,214 1,867,503
Public works Capital outlay Debt service:	-	6,746,888 386,357	10,019,421 4,573,481
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	680,000 2,245,826	2,623,140 3,011,170	3,602,165 6,615,917
Total Expenditures	6,652,292	29,480,966	111,608,048
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	5,185,874	(3,871,691)	(4,891,329)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	(3,000,000)	3,278,687 (1,000,000)	6,878,687 (6,278,687)
Notes and loans issued			1,215,500
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,000,000)	2,278,687	1,815,500
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 2,185,874	\$ (1,593,004)	\$ (3,075,829)
Fund Balances:  Beginning of year, as originally reported  Restatements	\$ 3,596,669	\$ 9,676,608 -	\$ (21,532,144) (206,994)
Beginning of year, as restated  Net change in fund balances	3,596,669 2,185,874	9,676,608 (1,593,004)	(21,739,138) (3,075,829)
End of Year	\$ 5,782,543	\$ 8,083,604	\$ (24,814,967)

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(3,075,829)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		223,687
Net pension asset amortization relates to the pension obligation bonds used to prepaid the PERS unfunded obligation. This prepayment was recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds statements when made, but the prepayment is amortized over the PERS actuarial amortization period in the		
government-wide statements.		(277,900)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		789,264
Accrued interest for long-term liabilities. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period.		49,618
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		535,480
Revenues reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds and recognized in the Statement of Activities. These are included in the intergovernmental revenues in the governmental fund activity.		823,211
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(1,651,013)
	_	<u> </u>
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(2,583,482)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$ 31,372,024	\$31,372,024	\$ 31,372,024	\$ -
Taxes	38,360,500	38,375,563	37,890,843	(484,720)
Licenses and permits	1,499,200	1,192,302	1,263,571	71,269
Intergovernmental	1,721,835	1,458,988	2,071,772	612,784
Charges for services	4,914,550	4,687,250	4,602,403	(84,847)
Use of money and property	200,000	140,000	129,171	(10,829)
Fines and forfeitures	2,400,000	2,050,000	2,177,397	127,397
Contributions	2,330,626	2,480,626	2,440,124	(40,502)
Miscellaneous	600,000	898,854	895,038	(3,816)
Transfers in	600,000	600,000	600,000	-
Notes and loans issued	-	100,000	90,500	(9,500)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	83,998,735	83,355,607	83,532,843	177,236
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government				
Mayor and City Council	2,373,437	2,436,312	2,537,723	(101,411)
City Clerk	203,673	188,773	202,452	(13,679)
City Manager	589,369	570,019	556,975	13,044
City Treasurer	11,043	11,243	11,161	82
City Attorney	808,400	747,880	724,349	23,531
Finance	1,456,011	1,395,211	1,327,400	67,811
Licensing and Code Enforcement	2,047,955	1,999,405	2,032,863	(33,458)
Public safety				
Police	28,033,333	27,584,118	27,547,383	36,735
Fire Services Contract	8,085,000	7,965,000	7,957,088	7,912
Community development				
Planning	467,260	567,360	475,244	92,116
Building and Safety	954,495	957,470	948,561	8,909
Parks and recreation	1,906,094	1,906,654	1,867,503	39,151
Public works	3,527,741	3,469,706	3,272,533	197,173
Capital outlay	174,412	391,402	299,890	91,512
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	90,387	90,387	93,781	(3,394)
Interest and fiscal charges	11,963	11,963	12,360	(397)
Transfers out	2,273,000	2,273,000	2,278,687	(5,687)
Total Charges to Appropriation	53,013,573	52,565,903	52,145,953	419,950
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 30,985,162	\$30,789,704	\$ 31,386,890	\$ 597,186

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT SOUTH BAY WORKFORCE INVESTMENT BOARD YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget A	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1, as restated Resources (Inflows):	\$ (14,586,898)	\$ (14,586,898)	\$ (14,586,898)	\$ -
Intergovernmental	25,958,628	31,909,831	14,807,089	(17,102,742)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	11,371,730	17,322,933	220,191	(17,102,742)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Community development	25,860,951	31,800,154	15,738,666	16,061,488
Capital outlay	105,000	117,000	47,912	69,088
<b>Total Charges to Appropriation</b>	25,965,951	31,917,154	15,786,578	16,130,576
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (14,594,221)	\$ (14,594,221)	\$ (15,566,387)	\$ (972,166)

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

		Airport	S	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Sewer and torm Drain		Total	•	vernmental Activities Internal vice Funds
Assets:		Allport		.orm Brain		Total		<u> </u>
Current:								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	1,267,361	\$	1,267,361	\$	2,124,152
Receivables:								
Accounts		71,695		95,523		167,218		59,230
Notes and loans Inventories		-		-		-		310,000 14,311
liveillones				<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		14,311
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		71,695		1,362,884		1,434,579		2,507,693
Noncurrent:								
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		9,169,950		325,392		9,495,342		1,189,486
Capital accord mot of accumulated acpreciation	-	0,100,000		020,002		0,100,012		1,100,100
Total Noncurrent Assets		9,169,950		325,392		9,495,342		1,189,486
Total Assets	\$	9,241,645	\$	1,688,276	\$	10,929,921	\$	3,697,179
Liabilities and Net Assets: Liabilities: Current:								
Accounts payable	\$	343,291	\$	16,450	\$	359,741	\$	264,402
Accrued liabilities		9,200		11,101		20,301		15,227
Deposits payable		9,733		-		9,733		-
Due to other funds		153,009		-		153,009		- 4.470
Compensated absences Claims and judgments		13,982		-		13,982		1,178 1,322,319
Claims and Judgments	-			<u> </u>		<u>-</u> _	-	1,322,319
Total Current Liabilities		529,215		27,551		556,766		1,603,126
Noncurrent:								
Compensated absences		89,234		-		89,234		3,534
Claims and judgments		, -		-		-		4,703,544
T 41 No. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		00.004				22.224		4 707 070
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		89,234		<u>-</u>		89,234		4,707,078
Total Liabilities		618,449		27,551		646,000		6,310,204
Net Assets:								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		9,169,950		325,392		9,495,342		1,189,486
Unrestricted		(546,754)		1,335,333		788,579		(3,802,511)
Total Net Assets		8,623,196		1,660,725		10,283,921		(2,613,025)
<b>Total Liabilities and Net Assets</b>	\$	9,241,645	\$	1,688,276	\$	10,929,921	\$	3,697,179
Reconciliation of Net Assets to the Statement of	f Net	Assets						
Net Assets per Statement of Net Assets - Proprie					\$	10,283,921		
Prior years' accumulated adjustment to reflect the	cons	solidation of			Ψ	10,200,021		
internal service funds activities related to the en	-					(255,812)		
Current years' adjustments to reflect the consolid service activities related to enterprise funds	ation	of internal				(24,051)		
·					Φ.			
Net Assets per Statement of Net Assets					\$	10,004,058		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

			E	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds				overnmental Activities
		Airport	-	Sewer and torm Drain		Total	Se	Internal rvice Funds
Operating Revenues: Sales and service charges	\$	202,557	\$	1,147,837	\$	1,350,394	\$	4,991,844
Miscellaneous		150,066		7,840	_	157,906		206,328
Total Operating Revenues		352,623		1,155,677		1,508,300		5,198,172
Operating Expenses:								
Administration and general		544,533		471,042		1,015,575		777,757
Materials and supplies		58,642		87,151		145,793		905,879
Contractual services Cost of sales and services		- - 770		202.709		-		3,993,476
Depreciation expense		50,779 326,804		392,708 31,268		443,487 358,072		596,124
Total Operating Expenses		980,758		982,169		1,962,927		6,273,236
		<u> </u>						
Operating Income (Loss)		(628,135)		173,508		(454,627)		(1,075,064)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):								
Intergovernmental		931,695		-		931,695		-
Interest revenue		413,976				413,976		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		1,345,671				1,345,671		
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		717,536		173,508		891,044		(1,075,064)
Transfers out								(600,000)
Changes in Net Assets	\$	717,536	\$	173,508	\$	891,044	\$	(1,675,064)
Net Assets:								
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as originally reported Restatements	\$	2,266,296 5,639,364	\$	1,487,217 -	\$	3,753,513 5,639,364	\$	(937,961) -
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated		7,905,660		1,487,217		9,392,877		(937,961)
Changes in Net Assets		717,536		173,508		891,044		(1,675,064)
End of Fiscal Year	\$	8,623,196	\$	1,660,725	\$	10,283,921	\$	(2,613,025)
Reconciliation of Changes in Net Assets to the	State	ment of Activi	ties:					
Changes in Net Assets, per the Statement of Rev								
Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets - P	roprie	tary Funds			\$	891,044		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of current internal service funds activities related to enterp		•				(24,051)		
·					_			
Changes in Net Assets of Business-Type Acti	vities	per Statemen	t of A	Activities	\$	866,993		

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS **PROPRIETARY FUNDS** YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Airport	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Sewer and Storm Drain	Total	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to supplies for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$ 421,408 (234,052) (540,062)	\$ 1,163,773 (510,723) (470,986)	\$ 1,585,181 (744,775) (1,011,048)	\$ 5,186,645 (3,817,260) (785,544)
<b>Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities</b>	(352,706)	182,064	(170,642)	583,841
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Cash transfers out Payment made to other funds Grant subsidy	(15,236) 931,695	- - -	(15,236) 931,695	(600,000) - -
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	916,459		916,459	(600,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(977,729)		(977,729)	(566,322)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(977,729)		(977,729)	(566,322)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	413,976		413,976	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	413,976		413,976	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	182,064	182,064	(582,481)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,085,297	1,085,297	2,706,633
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ -	\$ 1,267,361	\$ 1,267,361	\$ 2,124,152
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ (628,135)	\$ 173,508	\$ (454,627)	\$ (1,075,064)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in deposits payable Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	326,804 66,435 (124,631) 912 2,350 - 3,559	31,268 8,096 (30,864) 56 -	358,072 74,531 (155,495) 968 2,350 - 3,559	596,124 (11,527) (33,314) (1,260) - 1,115,409 (6,527)
Total Adjustments	275,429	8,556	283,985	1,658,905
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (352,706)	\$ 182,064	\$ (170,642)	\$ 583,841

### Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: There were no noncash transactions during the year.

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Agency Funds
Assets:	•
Cash and investments	\$ 3,085,338
Receivables:	
Taxes	10,813
Restricted assets:	
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	7,266,081
Total Assets	\$ 10,362,232
Liabilities:	¢ 16.260
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 16,269 621,000
Deposits payable	363,868
Due to bondholders	9,361,095
Due to bolidilolideis	9,301,093
Total Liabilities	\$ 10,362,232

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2009

#### I. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### a. Description of the Reporting Entity

The City of Hawthorne was incorporated on July 25, 1922, as a general law city and operates under a Council/City Manager form of government. It is governed by an elected five-member council.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of Hawthorne (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. These entities are legally separate from each other. However, the City of Hawthorne elected officials have a continuing full or partial accountability for fiscal matters of the other entities. The financial reporting entity consists of: 1) the City, 2) organizations for which the City is financially accountable, and 3) organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusions would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

An organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government if it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes or set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval by the primary government. In a blended presentation, component unit's balances and transactions are reported in a manner similar to the balances and transactions of the City. Component units are presented on a blended basis when the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the City's or the component unit provides services almost entirely to the City. The following component units of the City have been included in the financial reporting entity as blended component units.

A description of these component units and the method of incorporating their financial information in the accompanying basic financial statements are summarized as follows:

Housing Authority of the City of Hawthorne (Housing Authority)

The Housing Authority is a public agency created by the City in 1984 to administer housing assistance programs for qualified low-income residents. The Housing Authority is governed by the City Council. The Housing Authority's administrative functions are performed by City employees. The financial activity of the Housing Authority is included in the City's financial statements as the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund. Separate financial statements were not prepared for the Housing Authority of the City of Hawthorne.

Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Hawthorne (Agency)

The Community Redevelopment Agency was established by the City in 1968, under the Community Redevelopment Act of the California Health and Safety Code. The City Council acts as the governing board for the Community Redevelopment Agency.

The City provides all administrative services to the Agency. The financial activity of the Agency is reported in the City's financial statements as the Community Redevelopment Capital Projects Fund and the Community Redevelopment Debt Service Fund. Separate financial statements for the Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Hawthorne can be obtained by contacting the City of Hawthorne City Clerk.

Parking Authority of the City of Hawthorne (Parking Authority)

The Parking Authority is a public financing agency created by the City to provide parking facilities for the City's Redevelopment Plaza Project. The City Council serves as the Parking Authority's governing board and is, therefore, responsible for the fiscal and administrative activities of this related entity. The financial activity of the Parking Authority is reported in the City's financial statements in the Community Facilities District as an agency fund. Separate financial statements were not prepared for the Parking Authority.

Hawthorne Public Financing Authority (Authority)

The Authority was formed as a result of a joint powers agreement between the City of Hawthorne (City) and the Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Hawthorne (Agency). The purpose of the Authority is to provide financing for the acquisition, construction and improvements of capital assets and infrastructure, working capital requirements, or liability or other insurance programs of any local Agency. The Authority is governed by a Board of Directors, comprised of the five members of the City's City Council. The financial activity of the Authority is reported in the City's financial statements as the Hawthorne Public Financing Authority Debt Service Fund. Separate financial statements were not prepared for the Hawthorne Public Financing Authority.

#### b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financials statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus is commonly used to describe the types of transactions and events that are reported in a fund's operating statement. Once it has been determined whether a fund is to measure changes in total economic resources or changes in current financial resources, the next issue to be addressed is the timing of the recognition of transactions and events. The technical term that describes the criteria governing the timing of the recognition of transactions and events is basis of accounting.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period, with the exception of gas tax revenue, which are considered available if collected within 120 days of year end. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The City's fiduciary fund financial statements only report agency funds. Agency funds are used to account for situations where the government's role is purely custodial. All assets reported in an agency fund are offset by a liability to the party on whose behalf they are held. Agency funds have no measurement focus.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Grants, entitlements or shared revenues recorded in governmental funds are recognized as revenue in the accounting period when they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available (modified accrual basis). Grants received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met are reported as unearned revenue, a liability account. Such resources not received are reported as a receivable if the revenue recognition criteria have been met.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The South Bay Workforce Investment Board Fund is a Job Training Partnership Act fund that accounts for federal, state and local grants received to assist the participants in job training and development.
- The Community Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the acquisition or construction of capital items for the Hawthorne Redevelopment Agency.
- The Community Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for payment of tax increment bonds and other redevelopment debt.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

 The Airport Fund accounts for the operation of the City's airport, which is operated in a manner similar to a private airport.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- Internal Service Funds account for financial transactions related to repair, replacement and maintenance of City-owned equipment and the City's self-insurance programs. These services are provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.
- Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency Funds account for assets held for specific uses that are not part of the City's operating activities; specifically, monies held by the City as an agent for property owners with special assessments and monies collected from individuals, private organization or other government who have made special deposits with the City for various purposes.

#### d. Other Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considered cash and cash equivalents as short term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds. Since cash and investments are pooled, the City utilizes the assumption that cash and investments in the Enterprise and Internal Service Funds are cash and cash equivalents.

#### Investments

Investments for the City as well as for its component units are reported at fair value, which is the quoted market price at June 30, 2009. The City's policy is generally to hold investments until maturity or until market values equal or exceed cost. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either due to/from other funds (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or advances to/from other funds (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

#### Inventories

Inventories of materials and supplies are carried at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. The City uses the consumption method of accounting for inventories. Special reporting treatments are also applied to governmental fund inventories to indicate that they do not represent available spendable resources, even though they are a component of net current assets. Such amounts are generally offset by fund balance reserve accounts.

#### Prepaid Costs and Land Held for Resale

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Land purchased for resale is capitalized as inventory at acquisition costs or net realizable value if lower. The fund balances in the governmental funds have been reserved for amounts equal to prepaid costs and land held for resale in the fund-level statements since these amounts are not available to the City's current operations.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has reported its general infrastructure assets which include streets, sidewalks, storm drains, curbs and gutters, handicap ramps and trails.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as its component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Curbo and guttors	40
Curbs and gutters	40
Parks	50
Sewer	40
Sidewalks	40
Streets	50
Traffic signs and signals	30
Machinery and equipment	5-50
Vehicles	5
Buildings	40

#### Claims and Judgments

The City is partially self-insured for general liability and workers' compensation claims. The City records estimated liabilities for such claims filed or estimated to be filed for incidents which have occurred. The City's claims and judgments payable are recorded in the City's Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund.

#### **Employee Compensated Absences**

City employees receive from 10 to 24 days vacation each year, depending upon job classification and length of service. An employee may not accumulate earned vacation time beyond the year following the year in which it is earned. Upon termination, employees with more than one year of service are paid the full value of their unused vacation time.

City employees also receive 12 personal necessity/sick leave days each year. An employee may accumulate earned personal necessity/sick leave time until termination. Upon termination, depending upon job classification and length of service, employees are entitled to receive from 50% to 100% of their unused accumulated personal necessity/sick leave time. Upon retirement, all employees are entitled to receive the full value of their accumulated personal necessity/sick leave time.

Certain City employees may accrue up to a maximum of 100 hours of compensatory time in lieu of overtime pay. Upon termination, these employees are entitled to receive the full value paid on a straight time basis of their unused compensatory time.

Property Tax Revenue

Property tax revenue is recognized on the basis of NCGA Interpretation No. 3 (adopted by GASB); that is, in the fiscal year for which the taxes have been levied providing they become available. Available means then due, or past due and receivable within the current period and collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter (not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County of Los Angeles collects property taxes for the City. Tax liens attach annually as of 12:01 A.M. on the first day in January preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Taxes are levied on both real and personal property as it exists on that date. The tax levy covers the fiscal period July 1 to June 30. All secured personal property taxes and one-half of the taxes on real property are due November 1; the second installment is due February 1. All taxes are delinquent, if unpaid, on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured personal property taxes become due on March 1 each year and are delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31.

#### e. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

 Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets:

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance of governmental funds and net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term debts and compensated absences have not been included in the governmental fund activity." The detail of the (\$130,139,360) long-term debt difference is as follows:

Long-term debt:	
Tax allocation bonds payable	\$ (44,205,000)
Notes payable	(22,341,438)
COP bonds payable	(7,095,000)
Pension obligation bonds	(26,695,000)
SBRPCA 2007 bonds	(3,735,000)
Section 108 loan payables	(6,150,000)
Loan payable - West Basin	(86,136)
Lease payable	(17,719,764)
Capital leases	(18,905)
Other post-employment benefits obligation	(1,526,461)
Unamortized bond discount	91,959
Unamortized bond premium	(799,116)
Unamortized loss on bond defeasance	 140,501
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance of total governmental funds to arrive at net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ (130,139,360)

## Note 1: Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities:

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances include a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense." The details of this \$223,687 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 5,099,104
Depreciation expense	 (4,875,417)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund	
balance of total governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 223,687

Another element of that reconciliation states that the "repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets." Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The detail of this \$789,264 difference is as follows:

Long-term Debt issued or incurred:	
Note payable - AutoNation / CostCo	\$ (1,125,000)
Loan payable - West Basin	(90,500)
Other post-employment benefits obligation	(1,526,461)
Principal repayments:	
Tax allocation bonds	680,000
Notes payable	205,244
COP bonds payable	345,000
Pension obligation bonds	1,205,000
SBRPCA 2001 bond	105,000
Section 108 loans payable	475,000
Loan payable - West Basin	4,364
Lease payable	493,140
Capital leases payable	89,417
Bond discount amortization	(3,735)
Defeasance loss amortization	(9,367)
Bond premium amortization	29,596
Debt issuance costs amortization	(87,434)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balance of total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	
assets of governmental activities.	\$ 789,264

#### **II. STEWARDSHIP**

#### Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

#### a. General Budget Policies

The City Council approves each year's budget submitted by the City Manager prior to the beginning of the new fiscal year. Public hearings are conducted prior to its adoption by the Council. Supplemental appropriations, where required during the period, are also approved by the Council. Intradepartmental budget changes are approved by the City Manager. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the departmental level, which is the legal level of control. During the year, several supplementary appropriations were necessary. At fiscal year-end, all operating budget appropriations lapse.

#### b. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are estimations of costs related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as a reservation of fund balance. They represent the estimated amount of the expenditure ultimately to result if unperformed contracts-in-process at year-end are completed. They do not constitute expenditures or estimated liabilities.

# c. Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets for governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### d. Deficit in Fund Equity

The following funds have deficits in fund balance or retained earnings at June 30, 2009:

Fund	 Amount
Major Governmental Funds: South Bay Workforce Investment Board Community Redevelopment Agency - Capital Projects	\$ (15,566,387) (54,501,617)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Special Revenue Funds Street Lighting Street COPS California Office of Traffic Safety Proposition A Community Development Block Grant Home Grant California Used Oil Recycling ABC Grant Assistance Program Debt Service Fund	(184,109) (2,389,729) (1,312) (11,923) (57,642) (30,045) (208,870) (40,663) (17,984)
2005 PERS Obligation Bonds	(178,106)
Internal Service Funds: Insurance Reserve	(6,121,801)

# Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

The City intends to fund these deficits with future revenue, transfers and reduction of expenditures/expenses.

# e. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

Excess of expenditures over appropriations at the department level are as follows:

Fund	Expenditures	Appropriations	Excess
Major Governmental Funds:			
General Fund:			
Mayor and City Council	\$ 2,537,723	\$ 2,436,312	\$ 101,411
City Clerk	202,452	188,773	13,679
Licensing and code enforcement	2,032,863	1,999,405	33,458
Community Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects:			
General government	4,429,819	2,968,315	1,461,504
Debt service - principal retirement	205,244	149,687	55,557
· ·	200,244	143,007	55,557
Community Redevelopment Agency			
Debt Service:	0.700.400	2 400 044	247 500
General government	3,726,466	3,408,944	317,522
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
Special Revenue Funds:			
Street Lighting:			
Public works	730,166	627,950	102,216
Asset Forfeiture:			
Public safety	620,764	575,198	45,566
Capital outlay	147,284	112,957	34,327
Proposition A:			
Public works	1,604,094	1,569,954	34,140
Proposition C:			
Public works	1,437,201	1,424,605	12,596
Community Development Block Grant:			
Community development	1,908,828	1,741,940	166,888
Debt Service Funds:			
SBRPCA 2007 Series B Bond			
General government	4,746	4,200	546
<del>-</del>			

#### **III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

#### Note 3: Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2009, cash and investments were reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 28,031,955
Business-type activities	1,267,361
Fiduciary funds	 10,351,419
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 39,650,735

The City of Hawthorne maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use for all funds. Each fund type's position in the pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as cash and investments. The City has adopted an investment policy, which authorizes it to invest in various investments.

## **Deposits**

At June 30, 2009, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$373,907 and the bank balance was \$1,176,336. The \$802,429 difference represents outstanding checks and other reconciling items.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure a City's deposits by pledging government securities with a value of 110% of a City's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a City's total deposits. The City Treasurer may waive the collateral requirement for deposits which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the FDIC. The collateral for deposits in federal and state chartered banks is held in safekeeping by an authorized Agent of Depository recognized by the State of California Department of Banking. The collateral for deposits with savings and loan associations is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco, California as an Agent of Depository. These securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors. Under Government Code Section 53655, the placement of securities by a bank or savings and loan association with an "Agent of Depository" has the effect of perfecting the security interest in the name of the local governmental agency. Accordingly, all collateral held by California Agents of Depository are considered to be held for, and in the name of, the local governmental agency.

#### Investments

Under provision of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with the California Government Code, the following investments are authorized:

- Bankers Acceptances
- U.S. Treasury Issues
- Certificate of Deposit
- Negotiable Certificate of Deposit
- Commercial Paper
- Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool) Demand Deposits
- Repurchase Agreements

#### Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The above investments do not address investment of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee. Investments of debt proceeds held by a bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

#### Investments in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute. The State Treasurer's Office audits the fund annually. The fair value of the position in the investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

#### GASB Statement No. 31

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, as of July 1, 1997. GASB Statement No. 31 establishes fair value standards for investments in participating interest earning investment contracts, external investment pools, equity securities, option contracts, stock warrants and stock rights that have readily determinable fair values. Accordingly, the City reports its investments at fair value in the balance sheet. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as revenue in the operating statement.

#### Credit Risk

The City's investment policy limits investments in commercial paper to those rated "A-1" or higher by Standard and Poor's (S&P) or by Moody's. As of June 30, 2009, the City's investment in commercial paper consisted of investments with General Electric Corporation rated "AA+" by S&P. All securities were investment grade and were legal under State and City law. Investments in U.S. government securities are not considered to have credit risk and, therefore, their credit quality is not disclosed. As of June 30, 2009, the City's investments in external investment pools and money market mutual funds are unrated.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

As of June 30, 2009, none of the City's deposits or investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

## Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy imposes restrictions on the percentage that the City can invest in certain types of investments. In addition, GASB 40 requires a separate disclosure if any single issuer comprises more than 5% of the total investment value. As of June 30, 2009, the City has invested \$2,728,760 (7%) in Investment Agreements. Investments guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds and external investment pools are excluded from this requirement.

## Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for its interest rate risk.

As of June 30, 2009, the City had the following investments and original maturities:

Remaining Investment Maturities								
6 Months	More	Fair						
or Less	Than 5 Years	Value						
\$ 29,443,492	\$ -	\$ 29,443,492						
6,483,574	-	6,483,574						
-	2,728,761	2,728,761						
621,000		621,000						
\$36,548,066	\$ 2,728,761	\$ 39,276,827						
	6 Months or Less \$ 29,443,492 6,483,574 - 621,000	6 Months or Less Than 5 Years \$ 29,443,492 \$ - 6,483,574 - 2,728,761 621,000 -						

The investment agreements and commercial papers are monies held by the fiscal agent and are not subject to the risks noted above. However, the funds' investment policies and practices with regard to the credit and market risks have been determined acceptable to the City's investment policies.

Note 4: Changes in Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2009, follows:

!	Begin ning		Beginning			Ending	
	Balance	Adjustments*	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land \$	7,748,529	\$ -	\$ 7,748,529	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,748,529	
Total Capital Assets,							
Not Being Depreciated	7,748,529		7,748,529			7,748,529	
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Structures and improvements  Machinery and equipment:	47,745,759	1,300,000	49,045,759	3,947,915	-	52,993,674	
City	16,799,838	-	16,799,838	93,737	-	16,893,575	
Equipment Replacement	5,535,834	-	5,535,834	566,322	399,397	5,702,759	
Parking Authority - structures	16,359,554	-	16,359,554	-	-	16,359,554	
Infrastructure	98,924,977		98,924,977	1,117,845		100,042,822	
Total Capital Assets,							
Being Depreciated	185,365,962	1,300,000	186,665,962	5,725,819	399,397	191,992,384	
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Structures and improvements	12,956,807	-	12,956,807	1,645,562	-	14,602,369	
Machinery and equipment:							
City	16,107,255	-	16,107,255	646,069	-	16,753,324	
Equipment Replacement	4,316,546	-	4,316,546	596,124	399,397	4,513,273	
Parking authority - structures	12,494,063	-	12,494,063	408,988	-	12,903,051	
Infrastructure	33,328,769		33,328,769	2,174,798		35,503,567	
Total Accumulated							
Depre ciation	79,203,440		79,203,440	5,471,541	399,397	84,275,584	
<u> </u>	79,203,440		79,203,440	5,471,541	399,391	04,273,304	
Total Capital Assets,							
•	106,162,522	1,300,000	107,462,522	254,278		107,716,800	
Governmental Activities							
	113,911,051	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 115,211,051	\$ 254,278	\$ -	\$ 115,465,329	

<sup>\*</sup>Adjustments were made to properly record property acquired in prior years.

Note 4: Changes in Capital Assets (Continued)

		eginning Balance	A	djustments*	В	Adjusted eginning Balance	Ir	creases	Decre	ases	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	37,314	\$	-	\$	37,314	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 37,314
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		37,314				37,314					37,314
Capital assets, being depreciated: Structures and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		1,681,828 22,750		-		1,681,828 22,750		46,075 -		-	1,727,903 22,750
Airport Sewer and Storm Drain		4,152,004 0,538,445		5,639,364 -		9,791,368 0,538,445		931,654		- -	10,723,022 10,538,445
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	1	6,395,027		5,639,364	2	2,034,391		977,729			23,012,120
Less accumulated depreciation: Structures and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Airport Sewer and Storm Drain		1,238,254 20,364 1,755,617 0,181,785				1,238,254 20,364 1,755,617 0,181,785		58,132 597 268,075 31,268		- - -	1,296,386 20,961 2,023,692 10,213,053
Total Accumulated Depre ciation	1	3,196,020			1:	3,196,020		358,072		_	13,554,092
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		3,199,007		5,639,364		8,838,371		619,657			9,458,028
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,236,321	\$	5,639,364	\$	8,875,685	\$	619,657	\$		\$ 9,495,342

<sup>\*</sup>Adjustments were made to record prior years' additions.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 869,091
Public safety	1,546,340
Public work	2,108,608
Community development	92,654
Parks and recreation	258,724
Internal service fund - equipment replacement	596,124
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 5,471,541
Business-Type Activities:	
Airport	\$ 326,804
Sewer and storm drain	 31,268
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 358,072

#### Note 5: Interfund Receivable, Payable and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2009, is as follows:

#### **Due To/From Other Funds**

		Due to Other Funds									
	South Bay Workforce	Non-major Governmental	Airport								
	Invest. Board	Funds	Fund	Total							
Due From Other Funds											
General Fund	\$ 58,139	\$ 3,278,385	\$ 153,009	\$ 3,489,533							

The due from other funds in the General Fund of \$3,489,533 from the non-major governmental funds and the Airport Fund was to cover temporary deficit cash balances.

#### Advances to/from Other Funds

Advances from Other Funds		G	eneral Fund			
Capital Projects - Community	<u>.</u>					
Redevelopment Agency		\$	60,129,166			

During the current and previous fiscal years, the City of Hawthorne has made loans to the Community Redevelopment Agency to cover for operations. These loans bear interest at LAIF rates. The City may demand payment of all or a portion of the principal balance at any time as funds become available; however, such demands are not anticipated within the next fiscal year. As of June 30, 2009, loans with accrued unpaid interest amounted to \$60,129,166.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

			D	ebt Service					
			C	Community		Other	Internal		
	General		Re	development	Go	vernmental	Service		
Transfers In	Fund		Agency		Agency Funds		Funds	Total	
General Capital Projects - Community	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 600,000	\$	600,000
Redevelopment Agency		-		3,000,000		-	-		3,000,000
Other Governmental Funds	2,278,6	87		_		1,000,000			3,278,687
Total	\$ 2,278,6	87	\$	3,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$ 600,000	\$	6,878,687

The transfer from the general fund to non-major funds of \$2,278,687 was for debt service contribution on the 1997 COP bonds in the amount of \$723,687, for debt service contribution on the loan to build the police facility in the amount of \$1,280,000, and for debt service contribution on the 2006 SBRPCA bonds in the amount of \$275,000.

The transfer in of \$3,000,000 to the Capital Projects - Community Redevelopment Agency from the Debt Service – Community Redevelopment Agency was to cover administrative costs and fund capital projects.

The transfer within other governmental funds of \$1,000,000 was from the Development Impact Fund to the Street Fund for repairs.

# Note 5: Interfund Receivable, Payable and Transfers (Continued)

The transfer from the Internal Service Fund to the General Fund of \$600,000 was for operational needs.

# Note 6: Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt of the City for the year ended June 30, 2009:

	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance	Due Within
	at July 1, 2008	Additions	Deletions	at June 30, 2009	One Year
Governmental Funds:					
City:					
Compensated absences	\$ 8,323,118	\$ 1,162,460	\$ 1,697,940	\$ 7,787,638	\$ 1,588,701
Other post employment		4 500 404		4 500 404	
benefits obligation	-	1,526,461	-	1,526,461	-
Capital leases payable	108,322	-	89,417	18,905	18,905
Certificates of participation	7,440,000	-	345,000	7,095,000	360,000
Lease payable - police facility	18,212,904	-	493,140	17,719,764	513,210
Loan payable - West Basin	-	90,500	4,364	86,136	5,195
Section 108 loan payable	6,625,000	-	475,000	6,150,000	475,000
SBRPCA 2007 Series B Bond	3,840,000	-	105,000	3,735,000	105,000
2005 Pension Obligation Bonds	27,900,000		1,205,000	26,695,000	1,365,000
Total City	72,449,344	2,779,421	4,414,861	70,813,904	4,431,011
Internal Service Funds:					
Claims and judgments	4,910,454	2,192,962	1,077,553	6,025,863	1,190,688
Compensated absences	11,239	52,550	59,077	4,712	1,178
Total Internal Service Funds	4,921,693	2,245,512	1,136,630	6,030,575	1,191,866
			.,,,,,,,,,,		
Redevelopment Agency:					
Tax allocation refunding bonds	44,885,000	-	680,000	44,205,000	710,000
Notes payable	21,421,682	1,125,000	205,244	22,341,438	
Total Redevelopment	66,306,682	1,125,000	885,244	66,546,438	710,000
Total Governmental					
Long-Term Obligations	\$ 143,677,719	\$ 6,149,933	\$ 6,436,735	143,390,917	\$ 6,332,877
	Less:				
		d bond discount		(91,959)	
		d bond premium	799,116		
		d bond defeasan	(140,501)		
	Total governmen	ıtal funds long-tei	\$ 143,957,573		
Business-Type Funds:					
Compensated absences	\$ 99,657	\$ 17,059	\$ 13,500	\$ 103,216	\$ 13,982

### Note 6: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

#### **Compensated Absences**

As discussed in Note 1 of the financial statements for governmental fund types, the City's liability for vested and unpaid compensated absences (accrued vacation and sick pay) that exceeds expendable, available financial resources is reported in long-term debt. The accrual is calculated in accordance with GASB Code Section C60.109. For governmental activities, the liability will be paid in future year by the General Fund, and for business type activities, the liability will be paid by the Airport Fund.

### Other Post Employment Benefits Obligation

The City's policies relating to other post employment benefits are described in Note 9 of the Notes to Financial Statements. The liability will be paid in future years by the general fund.

#### Capital Leases

The City has entered into various capital lease agreements to acquire equipments. These assets have been capitalized with the obligation shown in the statement of net assets. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease agreements as of June 30, 2009:

Year Ending	Total
2010	\$ 19,025
Total Payments Less Amount Representing Interest	19,025 (120)
Outstanding Principle	\$ 18,905

#### Certificates of Participation

On December 1, 1997, The Public Financing Authority issued Certificates of Participation (COP) in the amount of \$9,950,000 with interest rate varying from 3.9% to 5.2% payable on January 1 and July 1 of each year. The certificates mature on July 1, 2022. The lease payment to be made by the City to the Authority pursuant to the Lease will be in amount sufficient to pay principal and interest with respect to the Certificates when due. The certificates contain certain restrictive covenants. The City's management believes it has complied with all applicable covenants during the year ended June 30, 2009. The annual principal requirements to amortize the outstanding Public Financing Authority COP as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

	Certificates of Participation				
	Principal Interest				
2009 - 2010	\$ 360,000	\$	354,868		
2010 - 2011	380,000		336,738		
2011 - 2012	395,000		317,651		
2012 - 2013	415,000		297,500		
2013 - 2014	440,000		275,795		
2014 - 2019	2,550,000		1,006,737		
2019 - 2024	2,555,000		274,430		
Totals	\$ 7,095,000	\$	2,863,719		

## Note 6: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Lease Payable - Police Facility

The City completed building its new police facility during fiscal year 2004-2005. The construction expenditures were partially funded by the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB). The facility has been assigned to CIEDB and leased back by the City of Hawthorne. As of June 30, 2005, the total construction expenditures of \$20,000,000 have been recorded as a liability under the lease obligation. Principal payments ranging from \$420,405 to \$1,186,129 are due annually on August 1 through the year 2031. The following schedule illustrates the annual principal requirements to maturity for the lease obligation as of June 30:

	Police Facility Lease				
	Principal	Interest			
2009 - 2010	\$ 513,210	\$	710,751		
2010 - 2011	534,098		689,438		
2011 - 2012	555,836		667,258		
2012 - 2013	578,458	644,175			
2013 - 2014	602,002		620,152		
2014 - 2019	3,398,093		2,704,780		
2019 - 2024	4,148,231		1,939,376		
2024 - 2029	5,063,966		1,005,006		
2029 - 2034	2,325,870	95,607			
Totals	\$ 17,719,764	\$	9,076,543		

## Loan Payable – West Basin

On November 26, 2008, the City of Hawthorne entered into a loan agreement with West Basin Municipal Water District. The loan is to provide the City assistance for the cost of retrofit improvements for the irrigation system at the Jim Thorpe Park. The loan amount was \$100,000 in which the Metropolitan Water District contributed \$9,500 on behalf of the City. The loan is subject to an interest rate of 5% per annum and is to be repaid within 13 years. Principal payments are due semi-annually on June1 and December 1. The outstanding loan balance at June 30, 2009 was \$86,136. The total debt service payment requirements as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

	 Note Payable - West Basin				
	Principal Interest				
2009 - 2010	\$ 5,195	\$	4,287		
2010 - 2011	5,460		4,020		
2011 - 2012	5,739	3,742			
2012 - 2013	6,033	3,449			
2013 - 2014	6,342		3,141		
2014 - 2019	36,921		10,487		
2019 - 2024	20,446		1,464		
Totals	\$ 86,136	\$	30,590		

# Note 6: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Section 108 Loan

Section 108 Loan of \$7,800,000 was advanced to the City for commercial rehabilitation on CDBG projects. The notes are guaranteed by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development. Principal payments ranging from \$50,000 to \$485,000 are due semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. The notes mature from 2012 to 2024 and bear varying interest rates. The total debt service payment requirements as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

	Section 108 Loan					
		Principal Interest				
2009 - 2010	\$	475,000	\$	318,103		
2010 - 2011		475,000		296,936		
2011 - 2012		475,000	274,666			
2012 - 2013		485,000	251,240			
2013 - 2014		355,000	230,187			
2014 - 2019		1,775,000	867,858			
2019 - 2024		1,775,000	362,853			
2024 - 2029		335,000		10,067		
Totals	\$	6,150,000	\$	2,611,910		

#### SBRPCA Refunding Revenue Bonds 2007 Series B Bonds

On January 2007, the SBRPCA Refunding Revenue Bonds 2007 Series B were issued in the amount of \$3,925,000 to currently refund \$3,615,000 in SBRPCA 2001 Series B Bonds and provide additional funds to pay for certain capital project improvements. The bonds consisting of serial bonds maturing in the years 2008 to 2021 are payable January 1 in annual installments of \$85,000 to \$165,000. The bonds bear interest at 3.70% to 4.375%. Bonds maturing after January 1, 2021, in the amount of \$2,135,000 are term bonds and bear interest at 4.60 to 4.75%. The total debt service payment requirements with respect to the above bonds are as follows:

SBRPCA Refunding Revenue
Panda 2007 Sarias B

	 Donus, 2007 Senes b				
	Principal		Interest		
2009 - 2010	\$ 105,000	\$	166,083		
2010 - 2011	110,000		162,145		
2011 - 2012	115,000		157,883		
2012 - 2013	120,000		153,283		
2013 - 2014	125,000		148,483		
2014 - 2019	700,000		661,406		
2019 - 2024	870,000		496,995		
2024 - 2029	1,080,000		278,385		
2029 - 2034	 510,000		36,575		
Totals	\$ 3,735,000	\$	2,261,238		

## Note 6: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

2005 Pension Obligation Bonds

In September 2005, the City issued \$30,480,000 pension obligation bonds to fund the City's pension actuarial accrued liability. The bonds bear interest at 5.018% and the principal matures in amounts ranging from \$610,000 to \$3,715,000 on July 2020. The annual principal requirements to amortize the 2005 Pension Obligation Bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

	2005 Pension Obligation Bonds						
		Principal Interest					
2009 - 2010	\$	1,365,000	\$	1,339,555			
2010 - 2011		1,535,000		1,271,059			
2011 - 2012		1,720,000		1,194,033			
2012 - 2013		1,920,000		1,107,724			
2013 - 2014		2,125,000		1,011,378			
2014 - 2019		14,315,000		3,220,051			
2019 - 2024		3,715,000		186,419			
Totals	\$	26,695,000	\$	9,330,219			

Tax Allocation Bonds

1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

The 1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds bear interest ranging from 4.20% to 5.24% per annum and payable on March 1 and September 1. Principal payments ranging from \$270,000 to \$675,000 are due annually on September 1, beginning in the year 2005 through the year 2024. The balance at June 30, 2009, amounted to \$7,620,000. The total debt service payment requirements as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

	1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds				
		Principal		Interest	
2009 - 2010	\$	315,000	\$	373,125	
2010 - 2011		340,000		356,750	
2011 - 2012		355,000		339,375	
2012 - 2013		365,000		321,375	
2013 - 2014		390,000		302,500	
2014 - 2019		2,265,000		1,191,375	
2019 - 2024		2,915,000		547,875	
2024 - 2029		675,000		16,875	
Totals	\$	7,620,000	\$	3,449,250	

# 2001 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

The 2001 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds bear interest ranging from 5.500% to 6.875% per annum and payable on January 1 and July 1. Principal payments ranging from \$145,000 to \$410,000 are due annually on July 1, beginning in the year 2003 through the year 2020. The balance at June 30, 2009, amounted to \$3,530,000. The total debt service payment requirements as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

Note 6: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

2001 Tax Allocation Refunding

	 Bonas				
	Principal		Interest		
2009 - 2010	\$ 205,000	\$	229,063		
2010 - 2011	215,000		215,938		
2011 - 2012	230,000	202,031			
2012 - 2013	245,000		187,188		
2013 - 2014	260,000		171,406		
2014 - 2019	1,580,000		559,281		
2019 - 2024	795,000	55,516			
Totals	\$ 3,530,000	\$	1,620,423		

# 2004 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

In December 2004, the Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Hawthorne issued \$4,225,000 Project Area II Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 for the purpose of refunding, on a current basis, the Agency's outstanding Project Area II Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 1994. The bonds consist of \$2,725,000 serial bonds with annual maturity dates from September 1, 2007 through September 1, 2013, bearing interest ranging from 3.0% to 3.5%, and \$1,500,000 term bonds bearing interest at 4.5% and maturing September 1, 2024. Interest is payable semiannually beginning March 1, 2005. Principal payments ranging from \$75,000 to \$330,000 are due annually on September 1, beginning in the year 2007 through the year 2024. The balance at June 30, 2009, amounted to \$3,970,000. The total debt service payment requirements as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

2004	7	ıax	AllC	cation	Refu	naing	Bonds
	_						

	 		- 3	
	Principal		Interest	
2009 - 2010	\$ 190,000	\$	156,219	
2010 - 2011	195,000		150,444	
2011 - 2012	200,000		144,019	
2012 - 2013	210,000	136,739		
2013 - 2014	215,000	129,196		
2014 - 2019	1,195,000	515,716		
2019 - 2024	1,435,000	240,465		
2024 - 2029	330,000	7,425		
Totals	\$ 3,970,000	\$	1,480,223	

#### 2006 Tax Allocation Bonds

In July 2006, the Agency issued Project Area No. 2 Tax Allocations Bonds, Series 2006 in the amount of \$29,085,000. The proceeds of the Bonds were used to (a) provide funds to prepay the Public Funding Requirement of the Agency under the Owner Participation Agreement (OPA) dated September 26, 2003, and as amended by the Second Implementation Agreement as of July 11, 2006, with SAMS Venture, LLC, (b) provide for capitalized interest on the Bonds for a limited period of time, (c) obtain a Reserve Account Surety Bond, and (d) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. The Bonds are payable from and secured by tax increment revenues arising from Project Area No 2 on a parity basis with the 1998 Bonds and the 2004 Bonds.

### Note 6: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The bonds consist of \$3,950,000 serial bonds with annual maturity dates from September 1, 2011 through September 1, 2016, bearing interest ranging from 4.0% to 4.125%; \$9,485,000 term bonds bearing interest of 5.0% and maturing September 1, 2026; and \$15,650,000 term bonds bearing interest of 5.25% and maturing September 1, 2036. The balance at June 30, 2009, amounted to \$29,085,000. The total debt service payment requirements as of June 30, 2009, are as follows:

	2006 Tax Allocation Bonds					
		Principal	Interest			
2009 - 2010	\$	-	\$	1,454,781		
2010 - 2011		-		1,454,781		
2011 - 2012		595,000		1,442,881		
2012 - 2013		620,000		1,418,581		
2013 - 2014		645,000		1,393,281		
2014 - 2019		3,635,000		6,532,866		
2019 - 2024		4,595,000		5,541,250		
2024 - 2029		5,870,000		4,233,644		
2029 - 2034		7,565,000		2,493,094		
2034 - 2039	5,560,000 447,8			447,825		
Totals	\$	29,085,000	\$	26,412,984		

#### Tax Allocation Bonds Debt Service Requirements

As previously discussed, the Agency has pledged, as security for bonds it has issued, either directly or through the Financing Authority, a portion of the tax increment revenue that it receives. These bonds were to provide financing for various capital projects and to defease previously issued bonds. The City has committed to appropriate each year, from these resources amounts sufficient to cover the principal and interest requirements on the debt. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt is \$77,167,881 with annual debt service requirements as indicated above. For the current year, the total tax increment revenue, net of pass through payments, recognized by the Agency was \$9,539,635 and the debt service obligation on the bonds was \$2,925,823.

#### Notes Payable

#### Mission - Oceangate Note

A promissory note dated April 12, 1999, paying interest at 7.5%. The note is payable in ten annual installments of \$149,687. The principal amount of this note represents the agreed-upon amount of sales tax generation and Mello-Roos reimbursement due and unpaid through June 30, 2009. As of June 30, 2009, the loan balance was paid off in full.

## AutoNation / Costco Note

A first implementation agreement to a Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) was entered with certain developers in August 2000, paying interest at 9.0%. The developers had advanced to the Agency \$5,500,000 and cancelled a Costco note for approximately \$7,000,000. In return, the Agency executed a promissory note to the developers for \$12,500,000. The repayment of this note consisted of Mello-Roos tax refund, sales tax and transient occupancy tax refund to the extent these taxes are generated within the project site. The balance at June 30, 2009, amounted to \$22,341,438 including accrued interest of \$9,841,438.

#### Note 6: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Claims and Judgments

As of June 30, 2009, the City is party to certain lawsuits. After reviewing these lawsuits with legal counsel, management has estimated the potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation, and has recorded a liability in the Internal Service Fund. At June 30, 2009, total estimated claims payable were \$5,426,013.

Non-City Obligation Debt - Special Assessment Bonds

#### Assessment District Bonds

During the year ended June 30, 1992, two Community Facilities Districts (Districts) were established by the Community Redevelopment Agency (Agency) of the City of Hawthorne. Bonds have been issued to finance the cost of various real property acquisitions, various construction activities, street improvements, traffic signalization and public safety projects and other infrastructure improvements which have a special and direct benefit to the related property owners. Under the terms and conditions of these bonds, the Agency acts as agent for the property owners in collecting the special taxes and forwarding the collections to the bond holders.

On October 22, 1991, the 1990-1 Special Tax Bonds totaling \$8,955,000 were issued and on November 12, 1991, the 1991-1 Special Tax Bonds totaling \$11,865,000 were issued. The 1990-1 Special Tax Bonds were refunded on March 18, 1999, by the issuance of the 1998 Special Tax Refunding Bonds for \$8,990,000. On August 16, 2000, the Agency issued two series of 1999-1 Special Tax Bonds, \$3,525,000 Series A and \$12,475,000 Series B. The total of these bonds were used to refund the 1991-1 Special Tax Bonds. As of June 30, 2009, the bonds outstanding from these Community Facility Districts totaled \$19,140,000.

On April 20, 2005, the District issued the 2004-1 (Fusion at South Bay) 2005 Special Tax Bonds totaling \$3,880,000 to acquire an easement and certain public facilities of benefit to the District. As of June 30, 2009, the bonds outstanding from this Community Facility District totaled \$3,815,000.

On November 21, 2006, the City of Hawthorne issued the 2006 Special Tax Bonds totaling \$14,755,000 for its Community Facilities District No. 2006-1 (Three Sixty Degrees @ South Bay) to finance the acquisition of an easement and certain public facilities in the vicinity of the District. The bonds are payable solely from Special Tax Revenues levied upon the District. As of June 30, 2009, the bonds outstanding from this Community Facility District totaled \$14,755,000.

Such bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of either the City or the Agency, and are payable solely from special taxes collected from property owners within the Districts. In the opinion of City and Agency officials, these bonds are not payable from any revenues or assets of the City or Agency and none of the full faith and credit of the City, Agency, the Districts, the State or any political subdivision thereof is obligated to the payment of the principal or interest on the bonds. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded as long-term debt.

## Special Tax Refunding Bonds

On August 16, 1995, the Parking Authority issued \$10,105,000 Special Tax Refunding Bonds to advance refund the Authority's \$2,025,000 outstanding Lease Revenue Bonds, Series A, and its \$8,080,000 outstanding Refunding Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1977.

## Note 6: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The net proceeds of \$9,801,850 plus an additional \$1,400,000 contributed from property owners and \$37,646 of Series A and Series 1977 Lease Revenue Bond sinking fund monies were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the Series A and Series 1977 Lease Revenue Bonds. As a result, the Series A and Series 1977 Lease Revenue Bonds are considered to be defeased and the liabilities for those bonds have been removed from long-term debt. As of June 30, 2009, the Special Tax Refunding Bonds outstanding totaled \$6,880,000.

The Special Tax Refunding Bonds are limited obligations of the Authority, payable from monies to be received by the Authority from the payment of special taxes to be levied and collected on taxable property within the District and from the proceeds, if any, from the sale of such property for delinquency of such special rates. The City treasurer acts as an agent for the collection of principal and interest payments by the property owners and remittance of such monies to the bond holders.

#### Note 7: Restatement of Fund Balances and Net Assets

Beginning fund balance has been restated as follows:

Governmental Funds: Major Governmental Funds: South Bay Workforce Investment Board To record expenditures incurred in prior years.	\$ (206,994)
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Community Development Block Grant To reclassify prior year revenue belonging to the HOME Grant Fund.	(239,416)
HOME Grant  To reclassify prior year revenue incorrectly posted to the Community  Development Block Grant Fund.	239,416
Total Governmental Funds restatements	\$ (206,994)
Proprietary Funds: Enterprise Funds: Airport Fund To record prior year capital asset additions.	\$ 5,639,364
Beginning net assets has been restated as follows: Governmental Activities: Governmental funds restatements detailed above Prior year deferred revenue for the South Bay Workforce Investment Board was overstated. To record property acquired in prior years.	\$ (206,994) (8,898,073) 1,300,000
Total Governmental Activities	(7,805,067)
Business-type Activities:  To record prior year capital asset additions.	5,639,364
Total Net Asset restatements	\$ (2,165,703)

#### IV. SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

#### Note 8: Retirement Plans

#### Plan Description

The City of Hawthorne contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and City ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

## **Funding Policy**

Participants are required to contribute 8% (9% for safety employees) of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of City employees on their behalf and for their account. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 13.321% for miscellaneous employees and 19.446% for safety employees. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS.

#### **Annual Pension Cost**

The City annual pension cost and change in net pension asset for fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 6,172,517
Interest on net pension asset Adjustment to annual required contribution	(1,968,939) 2,246,839
Annual pension cost Contributions made	6,450,417 6,172,517
Decrease in net pension asset Net pension asset beginning of year	(277,900) 25,405,659
Net pension asset end of year	\$ 25,127,759

The summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the annual required contribution is shown below:

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method

Average Remaining Period

Asset Valuation Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

June 30, 2008

Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

Level Percent of Payroll

21 Years as of the Valuation

15-Year Smoothed Market

Investment Rate of Return 7.75% (net of administrative

Projected Salary Increases 3.25% to 14.45% depending on age, service,

Inflation 3.00% Payroll Growth 3.25%

Individual Salary Growth A merit scale varying by duration of employment

coupled with an assumed annual inflation component of 3.00% and an annual production

growth of 0.25%

## Note 8: Retirement Plans (Continued)

Initial unfunded liabilities are amortized over a closed period that depends on the plan's date of entry into CalPERS. Subsequent plan amendments are amortized as a level percent of pay over a closed 20-year period. Gains and losses that occur in the operation of the plan are amortized over a 30 year rolling period, which results in an amortization of about 6% of unamortized gains and losses each year. If the plan's accrued liability exceeds the actuarial value of plan assets, the amortization payment on the total unfunded liability may not be lower than the payment calculated over a 30-year amortization period.

Three-Year Trend Information for PERS (Amounts in Thousands)

(/ thousand)									
		Α	ınnual	Percentage		Net			
		Pension		of APC		Pension			
	Fiscal Year	Cost (APC)		Contributed		Obligation			
	6/30/2007	\$ 3,512		93.6%	\$	(25,663,570)			
	6/30/2008		5,963	95.9%		(25,405,659)			
	6/30/2009		6,173	95.7%		(25,127,759)			

Schedule of Funding Progress for PERS (Most Recent Available)
Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Hawthorne

(Amounts in Thousands)

	(Fundamental)								
		Actuarial							
		Accrued				UAAL as			
Actuarial	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunded			a % of			
Valuation	Value of	(AAL) Entry	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered			
Date	Assets	Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll			
6/30/2006	\$ 105,513	\$ 111,982	\$ 6,469	94.2 %	\$ 16,830	38.4 %			
6/30/2007	113,718	119,827	6,109	94.9	16,437	37.2			
6/30/2008	121,191	128,635	7,444	94.2	17,117	43.5			

For fiscal year 2008-2009, the City of Hawthorne safety plan participated in risk pooling. Risk pooling consists of combining assets and liabilities across employers to produce large groups where the impact of a catastrophic demographic event is shared among all employers of the same risk pool. Participation in risk pools is mandatory for all rate plans with less than 100 active members. Mandated participation in risk pools was initially based on the active membership of each rate plan as of June 30, 2003. The implementation of risk pools was done in a way that minimizes the impact on employer contribution rates. The first year in risk pools, the employer contribution rates are almost identical to what the rates would have been outside pools. Future rates will be based on the experience of each pool. Pooling will reduce the volatility of future employer rates. Mandated participation will occur on an annual basis. If on any valuation date, starting with the June 30, 2003, valuation, a rate plan has less than 100 active members, it will be mandated in one of the risk pools effective on that valuation date

# Note 9: Other Post-Employment Employee Benefits

# Plan Description

The City provides certain post employment health care benefits, in accordance with the various City Council Resolutions: No. 966, No. 5967, No. 5978, No. 5983, No. 5984, No. 6022 and No. 6046 to the following three employee categories: general, fire and police. The following is a description of the eligibility requirements, the term of the benefits, and the post-employment health benefits available to eligible employees:

#### Note 9: Other Post-Employment Employee Benefits (Continued)

#### General

All employees who have retired from a classification covered by the memorandum of understanding, are receiving retirement benefits from PERS, and have a minimum of 10 years of full-time employment, shall be entitled to enroll in a PERS health plan. The City agrees to reimburse an amount equal to the coverage for the plan in which the employee is enrolled. This benefit commences upon the employee's retirement date and ceases when the employee becomes ineligible for coverage under the PERS health benefits plan.

#### Fire

All employees who have retired from a classification covered by the memorandum of understanding are receiving retirement benefits from PERS and have a minimum of 15 years of full-time employment, shall be entitled to enroll in a PERS health plan. The City agrees to reimburse an amount equal to the coverage for the plan in which the employee is enrolled. This benefit commences upon the employee's retirement date and ceases when the employee becomes ineligible for coverage under the PERS health benefits plan. The City began contracting with the County of Los Angeles beginning in February 1997. Therefore, this benefit pertained only to those employees retiring before February 1997.

#### Police

All employees who have retired, have at least 20 years of service in the Hawthorne Police Department, and have reached the age of 50, shall be entitled to enroll in a PERS health plan. The City agrees to pay for health insurance for the retired employee and his or her dependent spouse. A qualified retiree shall be covered by this provision as long as he/she is eligible for PERS health insurance coverage. The dependent spouse of a qualified retiree shall be covered until he/she reaches the age of 65. Any employee who retires with less than the minimum requirements as noted above shall be offered the opportunity to continue their participation in the group health insurance (PERS) in effect at that time.

#### **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City, City Council and/or the employee association. Currently, contributions are not required from plan members.

The required contribution is based on a pay-as-you-go financing requirement with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined by the City under an actuarial valuation. For fiscal year 2008-2009, the annual required contribution (ARC) was \$3,194,728, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45.

The City pays for post-employment health insurance on a pay-as-you-go basis. For fiscal year 2008-2009, the City had expenditures of \$1,668,267 for other postemployment benefits.

# Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

## Note 9: Other Post-Employment Employee Benefits (Continued)

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 3,194,728
Interest on net pension obligation	-
Adjustment to ARC	 
Annual OPEB cost	3,194,728
Contribution made	1,668,267
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation - July 1, 2008	1,526,461
Net OPEB obligation - June 30, 2009	\$ 1,526,461

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the 2008-2009 fiscal year and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year End	Annual OPEB Cost	Actual Contribution (Net of Adjustments)	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)
6/30/2007	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
6/30/2008	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
6/30/2009	\$ 3,194,728	\$1,668,267	52.2%	\$ 1,526,461

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress below presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. Only one year is presented as this is the first year of the plan.

			Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued				Percent of
	Valuation	Value of	Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
	Date	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
,	3/1/2009	\$ -	\$ 44,113,659	\$ (44,113,659)	0.00%	\$ 21,379,856	206.33%

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

#### Note 9: Other Post-Employment Employee Benefits (Continued)

The actuarial valuation, dated March 1, 2009, used the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method, a discount rate of 5.00% which is the long-term expected rate of return on the City's investment fund, an annual general inflation rate of 3.00%, and an annual aggregate payroll increase of 3.00%. The unfunded accrued actuarial liability (UAAL) is being amortized over a fixed 30-year period as a level percentage of projected payroll beginning with the 2008-2009 fiscal year. As of the actuarial valuation date, the City had 297 active participants and 237 recipients.

#### Note 10: Insurance

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City established the Insurance Reserve Fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss, and the Redevelopment Agency records its risk in long-term debt.

The Insurance Reserve Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$250,000 for each workers' compensation claim and \$250,000 for each general liability claim. The City is a member of the Independent Cities Risk Management Authority (ICRMA) for its excess liability insurance coverage and workers' compensation coverage and purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior year and current year claims. The claims liability of \$5,426,013 reported in the fund at June 30, 2009, is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No.10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amounts in the fiscal years 2008 and 2009, were as follows:

Fiscal	Beginning	Changes in	Claims	Ending		
Year	Balance	Estimates	Payments	Balance		
2007-2008	\$ 3,035,665	\$ 2,741,206	\$ (866,417)	\$ 4,910,454		
2008-2009	4,910,454	2,192,962	(1,077,553)	6,025,863		

# Note 11: Commitments and Contingencies

The City of Hawthorne has been named as a defendant in numerous lawsuits and claims arising in the course of operations. In the aggregate, these claims seek monetary damages in significant amounts. To the extent the outcome of such litigation has been determined to result in probable financial loss to the City, such loss has been accrued in the accompanying combined financial statements.

#### **Developer Agreements**

The City has entered into several Owner Participation Agreements to attract new business to the City of Hawthorne. The following represents the City's significant commitments with developers:

#### Note 11: Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

#### Oceangate Development

The Developer is reimbursed 25% of the sales tax generated from parcels two to four and 40% from parcels five and six for 15 years; commencing January 1, 1999. All Mello-Roos taxes received in excess of \$506,800 are refunded to the Developer until the 1998 Special Tax Refunding bonds are fully repaid and all tax increments received, except from parcel one, less the low and moderate income housing set-aside amount which is refunded to the Developer for a period of 30 years.

On July 23, 2001, the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Hawthorne approved the Sixth Implementation Agreement to the Owner Participation Agreement with Oceangate Properties, Inc. With the approval of this agreement and the subsequent Developer Disposition Agreement, the area of land that formerly occupied the Mattel buildings is now developed into a car dealership(s) along with ancillary service facilities.

#### Proposition 218

Proposition 218, which was approved by the voters in November 1996, will regulate the City's ability to impose, increase and extend taxes, assessments and fees. Any new, increased or extended taxes, assessments and fees subject to the provisions of Proposition 218 require voter approval before they can be implemented. Additionally, Proposition 218 provides that these taxes, assessments and fees are subject to the voter initiative process and may be rescinded in the future by the voters. Therefore, the City's ability to finance the services for which the taxes, assessments and fees were imposed may be significantly impaired. The taxes, fees and assessments that are subject to the provisions of Proposition 218 that the City currently imposes for its own benefit or receives from other governmental agencies potentially include utility user taxes and business license fees. At this time, it is uncertain how Proposition 218 will affect the City's ability to maintain or increase the revenue it receives from taxes, assessments and fees.

In November 1997, the City attempted to maintain a 9% utility user's tax through Proposition R. The proposition did not pass. The City imposed a 5% tax after the failure of Proposition R.

## Note 12: Joint Ventures

#### **SBRPCA**

The City is a member of the South Bay Regional Public Communications Authority (SBRPCA), a joint powers authority of the cities of Hawthorne, Gardena, Manhattan Beach and El Segundo. SBRPCA was formed October 14, 1975, for the purpose of financing a public safety communications system for the member cities. The governing board is composed of the mayor of each member city. During fiscal year 2008-2009, the City was assessed \$3,010,197, which was paid to SBRPCA for the operations and maintenance of the consolidated regional public safety services communications system that SBRPCA provides to its member cities.

# Note 12: Joint Ventures (Continued)

As of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, SBRPCA's audited financial information is as follows:

South Pay Pagianal Bublia Communication Authority

Net Assets: Total assets Total liabilities	\$ 12,019,798 855,886
Total net assets	\$ 11,163,912
South Bay Regional Public Communication Authority Changes in Net Assets: Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 7,946,492 7,523,979
Operating income (Loss)	422,513
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	105,535
Change in net assets	528,048
Beginning net assets	10,635,864
Ending net assets	\$ 11,163,912

Complete financial statements for the SBRPCA may be obtained from the City's Finance Department.

Should the Authority liquidate, all members would receive their equity in the Authority based upon their cumulative contributions.

# South Bay Workforce Investment Board

The South Bay Workforce Investment Board (SBWIB), a consortium formed by the Cities of Carson, Hawthorne, Inglewood, Gardena, El Segundo, Lawndale, Manhattan Beach, Redondo Beach and Hermosa Beach, became under the administrative control of the City of Hawthorne as of February 28, 2000. Prior to this date, the administrative control was under the City of Inglewood. The Board of the SBWIB is appointed by each member city; the SBWIB is not fiscally dependent on the primary government, and as such, the SBWIB is not considered a component unit of the City of Hawthorne. Federal, state and local grants fund the SBWIB and its purpose is to assist participants in job training and development. The financial information for SBWIB is recorded in the Special Revenue Funds as the South Bay Workforce Investment Board. Separate financial statements are not prepared.

#### Note 13: Subsequent Events

Local Government Revenues Withheld by the State of California

On July 24, 2009, the California legislature approved the "borrowing" of up to 8 percent of the local property tax under Proposition 1A (2004). The City is a participant in the Proposition 1A Securitization Program offered by California Communities, a joint powers authority sponsored by the League of California Cities and California State Association of Counties. California Communities sold bonds on November 10, 2009 securitizing the future payments by the State and remit the proceeds of the bonds to the local governments who opt to participate in the program.

## Note 13: Subsequent Events (Continued)

The purchase price paid on the sale of the City's receivable is 100% or \$1,159,889. Participants of the Securitization program have no obligation on the bonds and no credit exposure to the State. Distribution of the proceeds to the participants is expected 50% on January 15, 2010 and 50% on May 3, 2010.

SERAF Tax Increment Revenue Shift for fiscal year 2009-2010 and 2010-2011

On July 23, 2009, the California Legislature passed SB 26, requiring a shift in tax increment revenues during fiscal years 2009-2010 and 2010-2011 to be deposited into the county "Supplemental" Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (SERAF) and which is to be distributed to meet the State's Prop 98 obligations to schools. It is estimated that the Agency's share of the SERAF shift for fiscal year 2009-2010 and 2010-2011 will amount to approximately \$3,167,192 and \$652,069, respectively. In October 2009, the California Redevelopment Association and its member agencies filed a legal action in an attempt to stop these amounts from having to be paid. As of the date of this report, no legal determination has been made by the courts on that action.

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Street _ighting		Gas Tax		Street	F	Asset Forfeiture
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	1,893,261	\$	-	\$	1,352,560
Receivables:								
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Taxes		12,146		-		7,575		-
Notes and loans		-		0.454		-		-
Accrued interest		-		8,454		-		6,636
Prepaid costs		-		- 295,511		60,386		- 43,057
Due from other governments Restricted assets:		-		293,311		00,300		43,007
Cash and investments with fiscal agents								
Cash and investments with listal agents				<del></del>				<u>-</u> _
Total Assets	\$	12,146	\$	2,197,226	\$	67,961	\$	1,402,253
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	103,894	\$	247,598	\$	125,503	\$	42,768
Accrued liabilities	·	1,227	,	-	·	22,833	•	10,090
Deferred revenues		, <u>-</u>		_		-		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		91,134		-		2,309,354		-
Total Liabilities		196,255		247,598		2,457,690		52,858
Fund Balances: Reserved:								
Reserved for encumbrances		_		_		4,767		4,819
Reserved for prepaid costs		_		_		, - -		-
Reserved for capital projects		-		-		-		-
Unreserved:								
Designated for capital projects		-		-		-		-
Designated for debt service		-		-		-		-
Undesignated		(184,109)		1,949,628		(2,394,496)		1,344,576
Total Fund Balances		(184,109)		1,949,628		(2,389,729)		1,349,395
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	12,146	\$	2,197,226	\$	67,961	\$	1,402,253

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds									
	COPS		О	California Local Law Office of Enforcement Traffic Safety Block Grant		High Intensity Drug Trafficking				
Assets:	•		•		•	10.011	•			
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,311	\$	-		
Receivables:										
Accounts		-		-		-		-		
Taxes		-		-		-		-		
Notes and loans		-		-		-		-		
Accrued interest		325		-		52		-		
Prepaid costs		-		4 000		-		-		
Due from other governments Restricted assets:		-		4,923		-		-		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>			-	<del>-</del>		
Total Assets	\$	325	\$	4,923	\$	10,363	\$	-		
Liabilities and Fund Balances:										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		
Deferred revenues		-		4,923		-		-		
Unearned revenues		-		-		7,311		-		
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		
Due to other funds		1,637		11,923						
Total Liabilities		1,637		16,846		7,311				
Fund Balances:										
Reserved:										
Reserved for encumbrances		-		-		-		-		
Reserved for prepaid costs		-		-		-		-		
Reserved for capital projects		-		-		-		-		
Unreserved:										
Designated for capital projects		-		-		-		-		
Designated for debt service		-		-		-		-		
Undesignated		(1,312)		(11,923)		3,052				
Total Fund Balances		(1,312)		(11,923)		3,052				
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	325	\$	4,923	\$	10,363	\$	-		

# **CITY OF HAWTHORNE**

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Proposition A		Proposition C		Avia	crans/ ation oject	Air Quality		
Assets:	Φ.	100.050	ф.	444 455	œ.		\$	470 705	
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	129,259	\$	141,455	\$	-	<b>\$</b>	173,725	
Accounts		_		_		_		_	
Taxes		_		_		_		_	
Notes and loans		_		_		_		_	
Accrued interest		1,159		2,033		_		873	
Prepaid costs		_		-		_		-	
Due from other governments		85,571		152,105		-		28,141	
Restricted assets:									
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		-							
Total Assets	\$	215,989	\$	295,593	\$		\$	202,739	
Liabilities and Fund Balances:									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	27,326	\$	2,322	\$	-	\$	-	
Accrued liabilities		-		1,939		-		-	
Deferred revenues		-		-		-		-	
Unearned revenues Deposits payable		-		-		-		-	
Due to other governments		246,305		_		_		_	
Due to other funds		240,000		_		_		_	
Duo to other failue									
Total Liabilities		273,631		4,261					
Fund Balances: Reserved:									
Reserved for encumbrances									
Reserved for prepaid costs		_		_		_		_	
Reserved for capital projects		120,000		_		_		_	
Unreserved:		,							
Designated for capital projects		-		-		-		_	
Designated for debt service		-		-		-		-	
Undesignated		(177,642)		291,332				202,739	
Total Fund Balances		(57,642)		291,332				202,739	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	215,989	\$	295,593	\$		\$	202,739	

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Community Development Block Grant		Payn	rican Down nent Dream Program	<u>H</u>	OME Grant		Housing Authority		
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	431,204		
Receivables:	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	431,204		
Accounts		_		_		_		_		
Taxes		_		_		_		_		
Notes and loans		4,538,646		15,600		2,401,396		_		
Accrued interest		-		, -		-		464		
Prepaid costs		-		-		_		845,868		
Due from other governments		457,674		-		174,774		19,744		
Restricted assets:										
Cash and investments with fiscal agents										
Total Assets	\$	4,996,320	\$	15,600	\$	2,576,170	\$	1,297,280		
Liabilities and Fund Balances:										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	38,836	\$	-	\$	_	\$	1,558		
Accrued liabilities		10,659		-		-		22,067		
Deferred revenues		4,707,252		15,600		2,576,170		-		
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-		
Deposits payable		17,897		-		-		-		
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		
Due to other funds		251,721	-			208,870				
Total Liabilities		5,026,365		15,600		2,785,040		23,625		
Fund Balances:										
Reserved:										
Reserved for encumbrances		-		-		-		-		
Reserved for prepaid costs		-		-		-		845,868		
Reserved for capital projects		-		-		-		-		
Unreserved:										
Designated for capital projects Designated for debt service		-		-		-		-		
Undesignated  Undesignated		(30,045)		<u> </u>		(208,870)		427,787		
Total Fund Balances		(30,045)				(208,870)		1,273,655		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,996,320	\$	15,600	\$	2,576,170	\$	1,297,280		

# **CITY OF HAWTHORNE**

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Funds							Capital Projects Fund	
	California Used Oil Recycling		2009 Street Improvements		ABC Grant Assistance Program		De	evelopment Impact	
Assets:			_	4.074.000	_		_	0.000.407	
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	1,671,309	\$	-	\$	2,882,487	
Receivables: Accounts						25,615			
Taxes		-		_		25,615		-	
Notes and loans		_		_		_		_	
Accrued interest		_		7,665		_		13,604	
Prepaid costs		_		- 7,000		_		-	
Due from other governments		_		_		_		_	
Restricted assets:									
Cash and investments with fiscal agents						_			
Total Assets	\$		\$	1,678,974	\$	25,615	\$	2,896,091	
Liabilities and Fund Balances:									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	53	\$	_	
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	539	Ψ	_	Ψ	9,291	Ψ	_	
Deferred revenues		-		_		19,843		_	
Unearned revenues		_		_		-		_	
Deposits payable		_		_		_		_	
Due to other governments		_		_		_		_	
Due to other funds		40,124				14,412			
Total Liabilities		40,663				43,599			
Fund Balances:									
Reserved:									
Reserved for encumbrances		_		13,279		_		_	
Reserved for prepaid costs		_		, <u>-</u>		_		-	
Reserved for capital projects		-		-		-		-	
Unreserved:									
Designated for capital projects		-		-		-		2,896,091	
Designated for debt service		-		-		-		-	
Undesignated		(40,663)		1,665,695		(17,984)		-	
Total Fund Balances		(40,663)		1,678,974		(17,984)		2,896,091	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,678,974	\$	25,615	\$	2,896,091	

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

	Debt Service Funds									
	Public Financing Authority		CIEDB Police Facility Lease Obligation		2005 PERS Obligation Bonds			RPCA 2007 es B Bond		
Assets:	•						•			
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	22,166	\$	-	\$	98,954		
Receivables:										
Accounts		-		-		-		-		
Taxes		-		=		-		-		
Notes and loans		-		=		-		-		
Accrued interest		-		-		-		-		
Prepaid costs		-		=		-		-		
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		
Restricted assets:		225 242						272 702		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		,335,313						273,792		
Total Assets	<b>\$</b> 1	,335,313	\$	22,166	\$		\$	372,746		
Liabilities and Fund Balances:										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		
Deferred revenues		-		-		-		-		
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-		
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-		
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		
Due to other funds		171,104				178,106				
Total Liabilities		171,104				178,106				
Fund Balances:										
Reserved:										
Reserved for encumbrances		-		=		-		-		
Reserved for prepaid costs		-		-		-		-		
Reserved for capital projects		-		-		-		-		
Unreserved: Designated for capital projects										
Designated for capital projects  Designated for debt service		- 1,164,209		22.466		-		272.746		
Undesignated  Undesignated		1,104,209		22,166		(178,106)		372,746		
Ondesignated	-		-			(170,100)		<u> </u>		
Total Fund Balances	1	,164,209		22,166		(178,106)		372,746		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<b>\$</b> 1	,335,313	\$	22,166	\$		\$	372,746		

		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	8,806,691
Receivables:	Ψ	0,000,001
Accounts		25,615
Taxes		19,721
Notes and loans		6,955,642
Accrued interest		41,265
Prepaid costs		845,868
Due from other governments		1,321,886
Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		1,609,105
Total Assets	\$	19,625,793
Liabilities and Fund Balances:		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	589,858
Accrued liabilities		78,645
Deferred revenues		7,323,788
Unearned revenues		7,311
Deposits payable		17,897
Due to other governments		246,305
Due to other funds		3,278,385
Total Liabilities		11,542,189
Fund Balances:		
Reserved:		
Reserved for encumbrances		22,865
Reserved for prepaid costs		845,868
Reserved for capital projects		120,000
Unreserved:		0.000.004
Designated for capital projects		2,896,091
Designated for debt service		1,559,121
Undesignated	-	2,639,659
Total Fund Balances		8,083,604
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	19,625,793

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# **CITY OF HAWTHORNE**

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Funds									
		Street ighting	Gas Tax		Street		Asset Forfeiture			
Revenues:	¢ 520.402		Φ	•		Φ.				
Taxes Licenses and permits	\$	539,493	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Intergovernmental		-		2,179,819		201,386		-		
Charges for services		-		-		210,646		-		
Use of money and property		-		31,687		-		33,695		
Fines and forfeitures Contributions		-		_		-		1,007,977		
Miscellaneous		-		-		225,796		-		
Total Revenues		539,493		2,211,506		637,828		1,041,672		
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Community development		- - -		- - -		- - -		- 620,764 -		
Public works Capital outlay Debt service:     Principal retirement     Interest and fiscal charges		730,166 - - -		704,889 199,907 - -		2,214,769 - - -		147,284 - -		
Total Expenditures		730,166		904,796		2,214,769		768,048		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(190,673)		1,306,710		(1,576,941)		273,624		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in		-		-		1,000,000		-		
Transfers out							-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				<u>-</u>		1,000,000				
Net Change in Fund Balances		(190,673)		1,306,710		(576,941)		273,624		
Fund Balances, Beginnig of Year		6,564		642,918		(1,812,788)		1,075,771		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(184,109)	\$	1,949,628	\$	(2,389,729)	\$	1,349,395		

# **CITY OF HAWTHORNE**

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds									
	COPS	California Office of Traffic Safety	Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	High Intensity Drug Trafficking						
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -						
Licenses and permits	100,000	59,613	- 107,684	- 7,047						
Intergovernmental Charges for services	100,000	59,613	107,004	7,047						
Use of money and property	6,280	-	1,258	-						
Fines and forfeitures Contributions	-	-	-	-						
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-						
Total Revenues	106,280	59,613	108,942	7,047						
Expenditures: Current:										
General government Public safety	- 472,868	- 49,685	- 105,522	-						
Community development	-	-	-	-						
Public works Capital outlay	-	-	- 8,700	-						
Debt service:	_	_	0,700	_						
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-						
Interest and fiscal charges										
Total Expenditures	472,868	49,685	114,222							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	(366,588)	9,928	(5,280)	7,047						
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in	-	-	-	-						
Transfers out	<del></del>									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Net Change in Fund Balances	(366,588)	9,928	(5,280)	7,047						
Fund Balances, Beginnig of Year	365,276	(21,851)	8,332	(7,047)						
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (1,312)	\$ (11,923)	\$ 3,052	\$ -						

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Proposition A	Proposition C	Rosencrans/ Aviation Project	Air Quality		
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services	1,271,482 27,148	1,059,407 -	ψ - - -	103,652		
Use of money and property	9,835	17,568	-	5,921		
Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous	- - 	- - -	- - -	- - -		
Total Revenues	1,308,465	1,076,975		109,573		
Expenditures: Current: General government	-	-	-	-		
Public safety	-	-	-	161 692		
Community development Public works	1,604,094	1,437,201	-	161,682		
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	16,344	-		
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	- 	<u>-</u>				
Total Expenditures	1,604,094	1,437,201	16,344	161,682		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(295,629)	(360,226)	(16,344)	(52,109)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Net Change in Fund Balances	(295,629)	(360,226)	(16,344)	(52,109)		
Fund Balances, Beginnig of Year	237,987	651,558	16,344	254,848		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (57,642)	\$ 291,332	\$ -	\$ 202,739		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Community Development Block Grant	American Down Payment Dream Program	HOME Grant	Housing Authority		
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Licenses and permits	φ -	φ - -	φ -	φ -		
Intergovernmental	1,962,034	34,539	2,424,084	9,695,670		
Charges for services	644,324	-	66,734	-		
Use of money and property	-	-	-	1,574		
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-		
Contributions Miscellaneous	-	-	-	- 483,672		
Total Revenues	2,606,358	34,539	2,490,818	10,180,916		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	-	-	=	-		
Public safety Community development	1,908,828	34,539	2,598,858	10,630,004		
Public works	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	1,103	-	-	-		
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	475,000	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	337,930					
Total Expenditures	2,722,861	34,539	2,598,858	10,630,004		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(116,503)		(108,040)	(449,088)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-		
Transfers out						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Net Change in Fund Balances	(116,503)	-	(108,040)	(449,088)		
Fund Balances, Beginnig of Year	325,874		(340,246)	1,722,743		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (30,045)	\$ -	\$ (208,870)	\$ 1,273,655		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Sp	Capital Projects Fund		
	California Used Oil Recycling	2009 Street Improvements	ABC Grant Assistance Program	Development Impact
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	\$ - - -	\$ - 75,376	\$ - 31,465	\$ - 217,303 -
Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions	- - -	19,505 - 200,000	- - -	99,511 - -
Miscellaneous  Total Revenues		294,881	31,465	316,814
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Community development Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	- - - 7,071 - -	- - - 48,698 - - -	47,036 - - 2,413 - -	5,832 - 10,606
Total Expenditures	7,071	48,698	49,449	16,438
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,071)	246,183	(17,984)	300,376
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	(1,000,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(1,000,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,071)	246,183	(17,984)	(699,624)
Fund Balances, Beginnig of Year	(33,592)	1,432,791		3,595,715
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (40,663)	\$ 1,678,974	\$ (17,984)	\$ 2,896,091

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

(Continued)

	Debt Service Funds				
	Public Financing Authority	CIEDB Police Facility Lease Obligation	2005 PERS Obligation Bonds	SBRPCA 2007 Series B Bond	
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Use of money and property Fines and forfeitures Contributions Miscellaneous	\$ - - - 903	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - 2,443,861	\$ - - - 1,326	
Total Revenues	903		2,443,861	1,326	
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Community development Public works Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges  Total Expenditures	9,913 - - - 345,000 371,968 726,881	63,134 - - - - 493,140 731,230 1,287,504	1,205,000 1,400,022 2,605,022	4,746 - - - - 105,000 170,020 279,766	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(725,978)	(1,287,504)	(161,161)	(278,440)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	723,687 	1,280,000	<u>-</u>	275,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	723,687	1,280,000		275,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,291)	(7,504)	(161,161)	(3,440)	
Fund Balances, Beginnig of Year	1,166,500	29,670	(16,945)	376,186	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 1,164,209	\$ 22,166	\$ (178,106)	\$ 372,746	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 539,493
Licenses and permits	217,303
Intergovernmental	19,313,258
Charges for services	948,852
Use of money and property	229,063
Fines and forfeitures	1,007,977
Contributions Miscellaneous	200,000 3,153,329
Total Revenues	25,609,275
Expenditures:	
Current:	
General government	77,793
Public safety	1,295,875
Community development	15,339,743
Public works	6,746,888
Capital outlay Debt service:	386,357
Principal retirement	2,623,140
Interest and fiscal charges	3,011,170
Total Expenditures	29,480,966
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,871,691)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	
Transfers in	3,278,687
Transfers out	(1,000,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,278,687
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,593,004)
Fund Balances, Beginnig of Year	9,676,608
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 8,083,604

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STREET LIGHTING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Budget <i>F</i> Priginal	Amou	ints Final	_	Actual nounts	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
	-							tegative/
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	6,564	\$	6,564	\$	6,564	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):								
Taxes		550,000		550,000		539,493		(10,507)
Use of money and property		11,000		11,000		-		(11,000)
Amounts Available for Appropriation		567,564		567,564		546,057		(21,507)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):								
Public works		627,950		627,950		730,166		(102,216)
Total Charges to Appropriation		627,950		627,950		730,166		(102,216)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	(60,386)	\$	(60,386)	\$ (	<u>(184,109)</u>	\$	(123,723)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GAS TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 642,918	\$ 642,918	\$ 642,918	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	2,449,530	2,449,530	2,179,819	(269,711)
Use of money and property	-	-	31,687	31,687
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	-	(10,000)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	3,102,448	3,102,448	2,854,424	(248,024)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	1,064,213	1,064,213	704,889	359,324
Capital outlay	200,000	200,000	199,907	93
Total Charges to Appropriation	1,264,213	1,264,213	904,796	359,417
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,838,235	\$ 1,838,235	\$ 1,949,628	\$ 111,393

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STREET YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	 Budget A		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original	Final	Amounts	(N	legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (1,812,788)	\$ (1,812,788)	\$ (1,812,788)	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):	,	,	,		
Intergovernmental	200,000	200,000	201,386		1,386
Charges for services	211,000	211,000	210,646		(354)
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	225,796		210,796
Transfers in	-	1,000,000	1,000,000		-
Amounts Available for Appropriation	(1,386,788)	(386,788)	(174,960)		211,828
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
Public works	 2,228,824	2,228,824	2,214,769		14,055
Total Charges to Appropriation	 2,228,824	2,228,824	2,214,769		14,055
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (3,615,612)	\$ (2,615,612)	\$ (2,389,729)	\$	225,883

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ASSET FORFEITURE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,075,771	\$ 1,075,771	\$ 1,075,771	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Use of money and property	15,000	15,000	33,695	18,695
Fines and forfeitures	400,000	400,000	1,007,977	607,977
Amounts Available for Appropriation	1,490,771	1,490,771	2,117,443	626,672
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	425,198	575,198	620,764	(45,566)
Capital outlay	137,957	112,957	147,284	(34,327)
Total Charges to Appropriation	563,155	688,155	768,048	(79,893)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 927,616	\$ 802,616	\$ 1,349,395	\$ 546,779

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COPS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 365,276	\$ 365,276	\$ 365,276	\$ -	
Resources (Inflows):					
Intergovernmental	172,000	100,000	100,000	-	
Use of money and property	5,000	5,000	6,280	1,280	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	542,276	470,276	471,556	1,280	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
Public safety	487,871	487,871	472,868	15,003	
Total Charges to Appropriation	487,871	487,871	472,868	15,003	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 54,405	\$ (17,595)	\$ (1,312)	\$ 16,283	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CALIFORNIA OFFICE OF TRAFFIC SAFETY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (21,851)	\$ (21,851)	\$ (21,851)	\$ -	
Resources (Inflows):					
Intergovernmental	36,007	66,315	59,613	(6,702)	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	14,156	44,464	37,762	(6,702)	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
Public safety	36,007	66,315	49,685	16,630	
Total Charges to Appropriation	36,007	66,315	49,685	16,630	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (21,851)	\$ (21,851)	\$ (11,923)	\$ 9,928	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 8,332	\$ 8,332	\$ 8,332	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	129,984	402,133	107,684	(294,449)
Use of money and property		<u> </u>	1,258	1,258
Amounts Available for Appropriation	138,316	410,465	117,274	(293,191)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public safety	114,218	376,367	105,522	270,845
Capital outlay	8,538	18,538	8,700	9,838
Total Charges to Appropriation	122,756	394,905	114,222	280,683
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 15,560	\$ 15,560	\$ 3,052	\$ (12,508)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION A YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 237,987	\$ 237,987	\$ 237,987	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	1,480,000	1,480,000	1,271,482	(208,518)
Charges for services	25,000	25,000	27,148	2,148
Use of money and property	5,500	5,500	9,835	4,335
Amounts Available for Appropriation	1,748,487	1,748,487	1,546,452	(202,035)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	1,569,954	1,569,954	1,604,094	(34,140)
Total Charges to Appropriation	1,569,954	1,569,954	1,604,094	(34,140)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 178,533	\$ 178,533	\$ (57,642)	\$ (236,175)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PROPOSITION C YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 651,558	\$ 651,558	\$ 651,558	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	1,235,000	1,235,000	1,059,407	(175,593)
Use of money and property	12,000	12,000	17,568	5,568
Amounts Available for Appropriation	1,898,558	1,898,558	1,728,533	(170,025)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	1,424,605	1,424,605	1,437,201	(12,596)
Total Charges to Appropriation	1,424,605	1,424,605	1,437,201	(12,596)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 473,953	\$ 473,953	\$ 291,332	\$ (182,621)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AIR QUALITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget / Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 254,848	\$ 254,848	\$ 254,848	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	110,000	110,000	103,652	(6,348)
Use of money and property	5,000	5,000	5,921	921
Amounts Available for Appropriation	369,848	369,848	364,421	(5,427)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Community development	166,054	166,054	161,682	4,372
Total Charges to Appropriation	166,054	166,054	161,682	4,372
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 203,794	\$ 203,794	\$ 202,739	\$ (1,055)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget <i>i</i>	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1, as restated	\$ 86,458	\$ 86,458	\$ 86,458	\$ -		
Resources (Inflows):						
Intergovernmental	2,257,870	2,257,870	1,962,034	(295,836)		
Charges for services	300,000	300,000	644,324	344,324		
Amounts Available for Appropriation	2,644,328	2,644,328 2,692,816		48,488		
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):						
Community development	1,741,940	1,741,940	1,908,828	(166,888)		
Capital outlay	3,000	3,000	1,103	1,897		
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	475,000	475,000	475,000	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	337,930	337,930	337,930	-		
Total Charges to Appropriation	2,557,870	2,557,870	2,722,861	(164,991)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 86,458	\$ 86,458	\$ (30,045)	\$ (116,503)		

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AMERICAN DOWN PAYMENT DREAM PROGRAM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	E Orig	Budget <i>i</i> jinal	Amoı	unts Final		tual ounts	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):								
Intergovernmental		-		-	;	34,539		34,539
Amounts Available for Appropriation		-		-	;	34,539		34,539
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):								
Community development	13	7,539		137,539	;	34,539		103,000
Total Charges to Appropriation	13	7,539		137,539	;	34,539		103,000
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (13	7,539)	\$	(137,539)	\$		\$	137,539

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOME GRANT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget <i>I</i>		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1, as restated Resources (Inflows):	\$ (100,830)	\$ (100,830)	\$ (100,830)	\$ -
Intergovernmental	2,754,673	2,754,673	2,424,084	(330,589)
Charges for services	<u> </u>		66,734	66,734
Amounts Available for Appropriation	2,653,843	2,653,843	2,389,988	(263,855)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Community development	2,758,073	2,758,073	2,598,858	159,215
Total Charges to Appropriation	2,758,073	2,758,073	2,598,858	159,215
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (104,230)	\$ (104,230)	\$ (208,870)	\$ (104,640)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOUSING AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,722,743	\$ 1,722,743	\$ 1,722,743	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	10,484,000	10,484,000	9,695,670	(788,330)
Use of money and property	2,000	2,000	1,574	(426)
Miscellaneous	435,000	435,000	483,672	48,672
Amounts Available for Appropriation	12,643,743	12,643,743	11,903,659	(740,084)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Community development	11,068,115	11,068,115	10,630,004	438,111
Total Charges to Appropriation	11,068,115	11,068,115	10,630,004	438,111
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,575,628	\$ 1,575,628	\$ 1,273,655	\$ (301,973)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CALIFORNIA USED OIL RECYCLING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget A	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (33,592)	\$ (33,592)	\$ (33,592)	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	40,320	40,320		(40,320)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	6,728	6,728	(33,592)	(40,320)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	40,320	40,320	7,071	33,249
Total Charges to Appropriation	40,320	40,320	7,071	33,249
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (33,592)	\$ (33,592)	\$ (40,663)	\$ (7,071)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 2009 STREET IMPROVEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$1,432,791	\$ 1,432,791	\$ 1,432,791	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental	6,268,830	6,268,830	75,376	(6,193,454)
Use of money and property	-	-	19,505	19,505
Contributions	-	-	200,000	200,000
Amounts Available for Appropriation	7,701,621	7,701,621	1,727,672	(5,973,949)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Public works	6,268,830	6,268,830	48,698	6,220,132
Total Charges to Appropriation	6,268,830	6,268,830	48,698	6,220,132
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$1,432,791	\$ 1,432,791	\$ 1,678,974	\$ 246,183

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ABC GRANT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Budget <i>i</i> ginal	nts Final	_	Actual mounts	Fin:	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):							
Intergovernmental		51,743	51,743		31,465		(20,278)
Amounts Available for Appropriation		51,743	51,743		31,465		(20,278)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):	·		 				
Public safety	4	19,243	49,243		47,036		2,207
Capital outlay		2,500	2,500		2,413		87
Total Charges to Appropriation		51,743	 51,743		49,449		2,294
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$		\$ 	\$	(17,984)	\$	(17,984)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEVELOPMENT IMPACT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	 Budget /	Amou	ınts Final	Actual Amounts	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 3,595,715	\$	3,595,715	\$ 3,595,715	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):						
Licenses and permits	200,000		200,000	217,303		17,303
Use of money and property	 70,000		70,000	99,511		29,511
Amounts Available for Appropriation	 3,865,715		3,865,715	 3,912,529		46,814
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):						
Community development	25,828		25,828	5,832		19,996
Capital outlay	500,000		500,000	10,606		489,394
Transfers out	 		1,000,000	1,000,000		-
<b>Total Charges to Appropriation</b>	525,828		1,525,828	1,016,438		509,390
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 3,339,887	\$	2,339,887	\$ 2,896,091	\$	556,204

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY - CAPITAL PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (51,797,541)	\$ (51,797,541)	\$ (51,797,541)	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,573,087	573,087
Use of money and property	210,000	210,000	418,288	208,288
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	495	(505)
Transfers in	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	-
Notes and loans issued	<u> </u>		1,125,000	1,125,000
Amounts Available for Appropriation	(46,586,541)	(46,586,541)	(44,680,671)	1,905,870
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	2,944,576	2,968,315	4,429,819	(1,461,504)
Capital outlay	-	4,840,000	3,839,322	1,000,678
Debt service:		, ,	, ,	, ,
Principal retirement	149,687	149,687	205,244	(55,557)
Interest and fiscal charges			1,346,561	(1,346,561)
Total Charges to Appropriation	3,094,263	7,958,002	9,820,946	(1,862,944)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ (49,680,804)	\$ (54,544,543)	\$ (54,501,617)	\$ 42,926

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget / Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 1,166,500	\$ 1,166,500	\$ 1,166,500	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):					
Use of money and property	9,000	9,000	903		(8,097)
Transfers in	718,000	718,000	723,687		5,687
Amounts Available for Appropriation	1,893,500	1,893,500	1,891,090		(2,410)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):					
General government	10,183	10,183	9,913		270
Debt service:	,	,	•		
Principal retirement	345,000	345,000	345,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges	371,968	371,968	371,968		-
Total Charges to Appropriation	727,151	727,151	726,881		270
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,166,349	\$ 1,166,349	\$ 1,164,209	\$	(2,140)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CIEDB POLICE FACILITY LEASE OBLIGATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget <i>i</i> Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 29,670	\$ 29,670	\$ 29,670	\$ -
Resources (Inflows): Transfers in	1,280,000	1,280,000	1,280,000	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	1,309,670	1,309,670	1,309,670	
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow): General government Debt service:	63,134	63,134	63,134	-
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	493,140 731,230	493,140 731,230	493,140 731,230	-
Total Charges to Appropriation	1,287,504	1,287,504	1,287,504	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 22,166	\$ 22,166	\$ 22,166	<u>\$</u>

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE 2005 PERS OBLIGATION BONDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget <i>F</i> Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ (16,945)	\$ (16,945)	\$ (16,945)	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Miscellaneous	2,647,000	2,647,000	2,443,861	(203,139)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	2,630,055	2,630,055	2,426,916	(203,139)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,205,000	1,205,000	1,205,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	1,400,022	1,400,022	1,400,022	
Total Charges to Appropriation	2,605,022	2,605,022	2,605,022	
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 25,033	\$ 25,033	\$ (178,106)	\$ (203,139)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SBRPCA 2007 SERIES B BOND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget A	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$ 376,186	\$ 376,186	\$ 376,186	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Use of money and property	5,000	5,000	1,326	(3,674)
Transfers in	275,000	275,000	275,000	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	656,186	656,186	652,512	(3,674)
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	4,200	4,200	4,746	(546)
Debt service:	·	,	•	,
Principal retirement	105,000	105,000	105,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	170,020	170,020	170,020	-
Total Charges to Appropriation	279,220	279,220	279,766	(546)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 376,966	\$ 376,966	\$ 372,746	\$ (4,220)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY - DEBT SERVICE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1	\$3,596,669	\$ 3,596,669	\$ 3,596,669	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes	8,750,000	8,750,000	11,025,664	2,275,664
Use of money and property	30,200	30,200	32,502	2,302
Miscellaneous	-	-	780,000	780,000
Transfers in	2,105,000	2,105,000		(2,105,000)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	14,481,869	14,481,869	15,434,835	952,966
Charges to Appropriation (Outflow):				
General government	3,408,944	3,408,944	3,726,466	(317,522)
Debt service:				, ,
Principal retirement	680,000	680,000	680,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	2,245,826	2,245,826	2,245,826	-
Transfers out	5,105,000	5,105,000	3,000,000	2,105,000
Total Charges to Appropriation	11,439,770	11,439,770	9,652,292	1,787,478
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 3,042,099	\$ 3,042,099	\$ 5,782,543	\$ 2,740,444

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Sewer and Storm Drain	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	
Assets:			
Current:	<b>A</b>		
Cash and investments	\$ 1,267,361	\$ 1,267,361	
Receivables:	05.500	05.500	
Accounts	95,523	95,523	
Total Current Assets	1,362,884	1,362,884	
Noncurrent:			
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	325,392	325,392	
Total Noncurrent Assets	325,392	325,392	
Total Assets	\$ 1,688,276	\$ 1,688,276	
Liabilities and Net Assets: Liabilities: Current:			
	\$ 16.450	\$ 16.450	
Accounts payable	, , , , , ,	, .,	
Accrued liabilities	11,101	11,101	
Total Current Liabilities	27,551	27,551	
Total Liabilities	27,551	27,551	
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	325,392	325,392	
Unrestricted	1,335,333	1,335,333	
Total Net Assets	1,660,725	1,660,725	
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 1,688,276	\$ 1,688,276	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Sewer and Storm Drain	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
Operating Revenues: Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$ 1,147,837 7,840	\$ 1,147,837 7,840
Total Operating Revenues	1,155,677	1,155,677
Operating Expenses: Materials and supplies Cost of sales and services Administration and general Depreciation expense	87,151 392,708 471,042 31,268	87,151 392,708 471,042 31,268
Total Operating Expenses	982,169	982,169
Operating Income (Loss)	173,508	173,508
Changes in Net Assets	173,508	173,508
Net Assets: Beginning of Fiscal Year	1,487,217	1,487,217
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 1,660,725	\$ 1,660,725

#### **COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS** NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Sewer and Storm Drain	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to supplies for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$ 1,163,773 (510,723) (470,986)	\$	1,163,773 (510,723) (470,986)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	182,064		182,064	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	182,064		182,064	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1,085,297		1,085,297	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 1,267,361	\$	1,267,361	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$ 173,508	\$	173,508	
net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	31,268 8,096 (30,864) 56		31,268 8,096 (30,864) 56	
Total Adjustments	8,556		8,556	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 182,064	\$	182,064	

## Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: There were no noncash transactions during the year.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Equipment Replacement	Insurance Reserve	Total Internal Service Funds
Assets:	<u> </u>		
Current:			
Cash and investments	\$ 2,105,435	\$ 18,717	\$ 2,124,152
Receivables:			
Accounts	42,261	16,969	59,230
Notes and loans	310,000	-	310,000
Inventories	14,311		14,311
Total Current Assets	2,472,007	35,686	2,507,693
Noncurrent:			
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	1,189,486		1,189,486
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,189,486		1,189,486
Total Assets	\$ 3,661,493	\$ 35,686	\$ 3,697,179
Liabilities and Net Assets: Liabilities: Current:			
Accounts payable	\$ 141,197	\$ 123,205	\$ 264,402
Accrued liabilities	6,808	8,419	15,227
Compensated absences	1,178	-	1,178
Claims and judgments		1,322,319	1,322,319
Total Current Liabilities	149,183	1,453,943	1,603,126
Noncurrent:			
Compensated absences	3,534	-	3,534
Claims and judgments		4,703,544	4,703,544
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,534	4,703,544	4,707,078
Total Liabilities	152,717	6,157,487	6,310,204
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,189,486	-	1,189,486
Unrestricted	2,319,290	(6,121,801)	(3,802,511)
Total Net Assets	3,508,776	(6,121,801)	(2,613,025)
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 3,661,493	\$ 35,686	\$ 3,697,179

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Equipment Replacement	Insurance Reserve	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues: Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$ 2,029,549 122,940	\$ 2,962,295 83,388	\$ 4,991,844 206,328
Total Operating Revenues	2,152,489	3,045,683	5,198,172
Operating Expenses: Materials and supplies Contractual services Administration and general Depreciation expense	905,879 45,013 458,852 596,124	3,948,463 318,905 	905,879 3,993,476 777,757 596,124
Total Operating Expenses	2,005,868	4,267,368	6,273,236
Operating Income (Loss)	146,621	(1,221,685)	(1,075,064)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	146,621	(1,221,685)	(1,075,064)
Transfers out	(600,000)		(600,000)
Changes in Net Assets	(453,379)	(1,221,685)	(1,675,064)
Net Assets: Beginning of Fiscal Year	3,962,155	(4,900,116)	(937,961)
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 3,508,776	\$ (6,121,801)	\$ (2,613,025)

#### **COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS** YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Equipment Replacement	Insurance Reserve	Total Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to supplies for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$ 2,110,228 (1,001,114) (467,621)	\$ 3,076,417 (2,816,146) (317,923)	\$ 5,186,645 (3,817,260) (785,544)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	641,493	(57,652)	583,841
Cash Flows from Non-Capital			
Financing Activities: Cash transfers out	(600,000)		(600,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	(600,000)		(600,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(566,322)		(566,322)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(566,322)		(566,322)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(524,829)	(57,652)	(582,481)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	2,630,264	76,369	2,706,633
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 2,105,435	\$ 18,717	\$ 2,124,152
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	<b>A</b> 440.004	<b>A</b> (4.004.005)	<b>4.075.00</b> ()
Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)  net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ 146,621	\$ (1,221,685)	\$ (1,075,064)
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	596,124 (42,261)	30,734 16,009	596,124 (11,527)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(50,222) (2,242) - (6,527)	16,908 982 1,115,409	(33,314) (1,260) 1,115,409
Total Adjustments	494,872	1,164,033	(6,527) 1,658,905
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			
Operating Activities	\$ 641,493	\$ (57,652)	\$ 583,841

## Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: There were no noncash transactions during the year.

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	ommunity Facilities District	Cit	y Agency	Total
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,705,201	\$	380,137	\$ 3,085,338
Receivables: Taxes Restricted assets:	10,813		-	10,813
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	7,266,081		-	7,266,081
Total Assets	\$ 9,982,095	\$	380,137	\$ 10,362,232
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	16,269	\$ 16,269
Accrued liabilities	621,000		-	621,000
Deposits payable	-		363,868	363,868
Due to bondholders	 9,361,095			 9,361,095
Total Liabilities	\$ 9,982,095	\$	380,137	\$ 10,362,232

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Balance July 1, 2008	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2009
Community Facilities District				
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 1,900,070	\$ 4,480,988	\$ 3,675,857	\$ 2,705,201
Receivables:	φ 1,900,070	φ 4,460,966	φ 3,073,037	φ 2,703,201
Accounts	195,974	-	195,974	_
Taxes	1,683	10,813	1,683	10,813
Restricted assets:		. ==== =		
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	15,420,481	4,799,849	12,954,249	7,266,081
Total Assets	\$ 17,518,208	\$ 9,291,650	\$ 16,827,763	\$ 9,982,095
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 41,239	\$ 128,157	\$ 169,396	\$ -
Accrued liabilities	621,000	-	<u>-</u>	621,000
Due to bondholders	16,855,969	4,719,967	12,214,841	9,361,095
Total Liabilities	\$ 17,518,208	\$ 4,848,124	\$ 12,384,237	\$ 9,982,095
City Agency				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 257,641	\$ 4,740,653	\$ 4,618,157	\$ 380,137
Receivables:	404.470		404.470	
Accounts	134,476	<u> </u>	134,476	<u> </u>
Total Assets	\$ 392,117	\$ 4,740,653	\$ 4,752,633	\$ 380,137
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 18,129	\$ 773,977	\$ 775,837	\$ 16,269
Deposits payable	373,988	4,662,856	4,672,976	363,868
Total Liabilities	\$ 392,117	\$ 5,436,833	\$ 5,448,813	\$ 380,137
Totals - All Agency Funds				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,157,711	\$ 9,221,641	\$ 8,294,014	\$ 3,085,338
Receivables: Accounts	330,450		330,450	
Taxes	1,683	10,813	1,683	10,813
Restricted assets:	1,000	10,010	1,000	10,010
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	15,420,481	4,799,849	12,954,249	7,266,081
Total Assets	\$ 17,910,325	\$ 14,032,303	\$ 21,580,396	\$ 10,362,232
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 59,368	\$ 902,134	\$ 945,233	\$ 16,269
Accrued liabilities	621,000	-	-	621,000
Deposits payable	373,988	4,662,856	4,672,976	363,868
Due to bondholders	16,855,969	4,719,967	12,214,841	9,361,095
Total Liabilities	\$ 17,910,325	\$ 10,284,957	\$ 17,833,050	\$ 10,362,232